

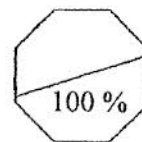
ALLIANCE HIGH SCHOOL

TERM II ELECTRICITY 448/1

TRIALS PAPER 1

TIME:2½hrs

Date of CAT;.....
Date of returning scripts;.....
Date of revising scripts;.....



NAME;.....CLASS;.....ADMNO;.....

INSTRUCTIONS :

Answer all questions in section A and any FOUR in section B.
Candidates should have the following for this examination:

- Drawing instruments,
 - Calculator / mathematical table.
- Drawing paper size A4

All dimensions in millimeters.
Do not write on this table

SECTION A	MARKS 48
SECTION B	MARKS 52
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	

This paper consists of -17- printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

SECTION A (48 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section

1.(a) I – State the most immediate action to be taken when rescuing a worker found unconscious and still in contact with a live wire.

II – List two safety precautions taken while drilling through two metal pieces. [2marks]

(b) Explain the danger posed in each of the following;

[4marks]

(i) Two hazards an improperly dressed welder is exposed to when arc welding,

(ii) Two precautions to be taken in the event of rain accompanied by a thunderstorm,

(iii) Two safety precautions to be taken when handling ultraviolet radiation,

(iv) Two safety precautions to be observed when replacing lamps and lampholders.

2.(a) Define the following with reference to magnetic materials;

[2marks]

- (i) Hard,
- (ii) soft,
- (iii) Reluctance,
- (iv) Screening.

(b) List three differences between synchronous motors and induction motors.

[1½marks]

3. (a) List three applications of shaded pole motor.

[1½marks]

(b) With the aid of a labeled sketch, explain the charge^{car} behavior at the P-N junction of a rectifier diode in reverse bias.

[3marks]



4. (a) Draw a ring circuit diagram consisting of three socket outlets and a spur. [3marks]

(b) In a parallel RLC circuit, a 40Ω resistor is connected across a 20mH inductor and a $80\mu\text{F}$ capacitor. If the supply voltage is $v = 120 \sin 848t$, calculate; [4marks]

- (i) The impedance,
- (ii) Circuit current,
- (iii) Power factor,
- (iv) Resonance frequency,
- (v) Draw a labeled phasor diagram.

5. (a) A network of capacitors are connected as shown in figure 1. Calculate; [3marks]

- (i) The total charge,

(ii) Energy stored in capacitor C_1 and C_3 .

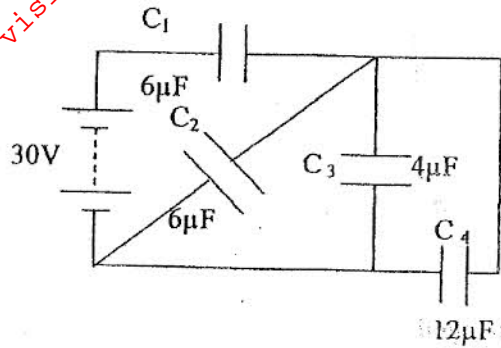


Figure 1

(b) Figure 2 shows a distribution system of a large industrial premises. Name the parts labeled;

[2marks]

- (i) A.
- (ii) B
- (iii) C
- (iv) D

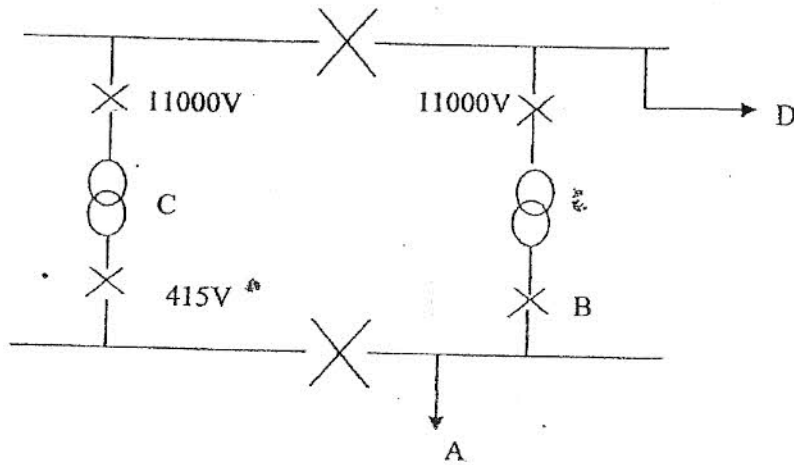


Figure 2

6. (a) State the difference between field windings of series connected and shunt connected d.c generator.

[1marks]

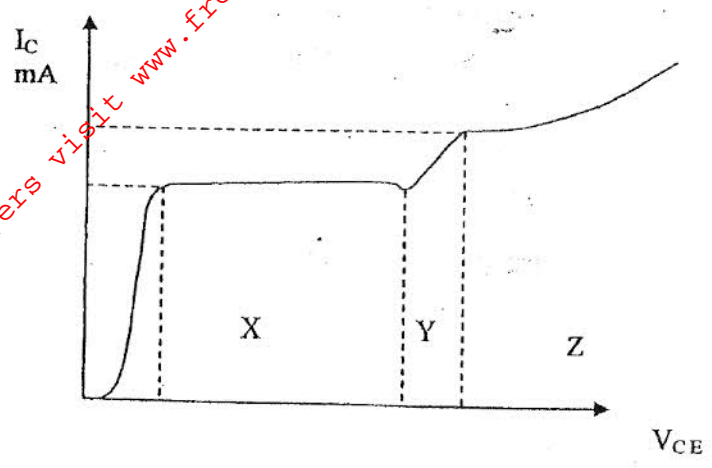


Figure 3

(b) State two traits and two characteristics of an entrepreneur. [2marks]

(c) State the reason for rating a.c machines in KVA instead of kilowatts. [½marks]

9 (a) Draw the truth table for each of the following gates; [2marks]
(i) NOR,

(ii) NOT.

(b) Convert ;

(i) 78_{10} to binary,

[2marks]

(ii) 10110011 to decimal,

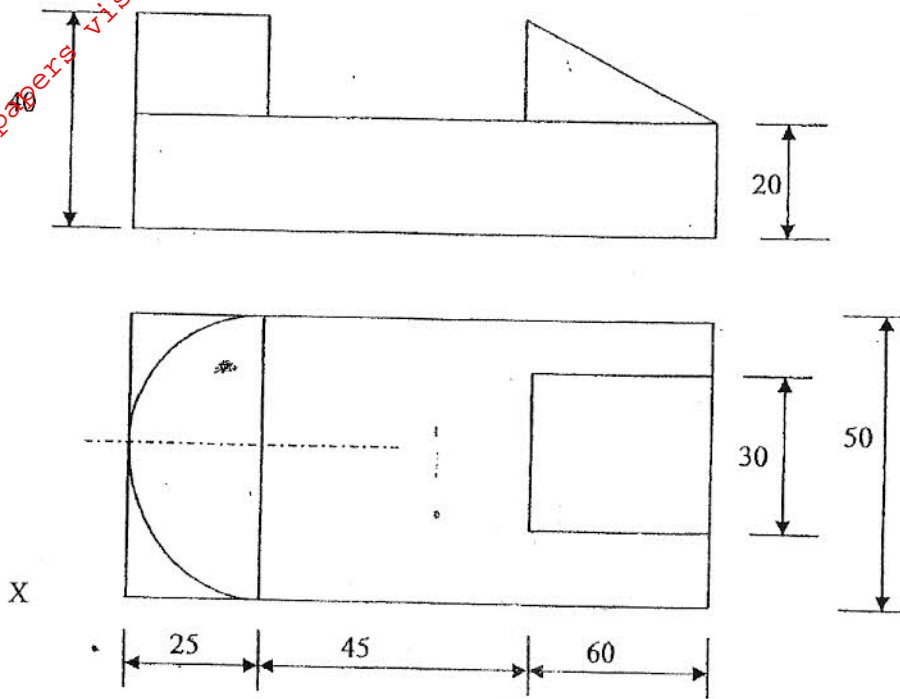
(iii) 115 to hexadecimal,

(iv) 8D7 to decimal.

10 (a) Explain **three** causes of transformer losses. State **three** methods to minimize each of the losses.

[3marks]

(b) Figure 4 below shows two views of a bracket drawn in 1st angle orthographic projection. Sketch in good proportion the isometric view of the object. Make corner X the lowest point. [3marks]



SECTION B (52 MARKS)

Answer any **FOUR** questions from this section.

11 (a) Figure 5 shows a two – transistor shift oscillator. Explain the fault if the voltage at test points [3marks]

- (i) P is 12Volts,
- (ii) T is 12 volts,
- (iii) K is zero volts.

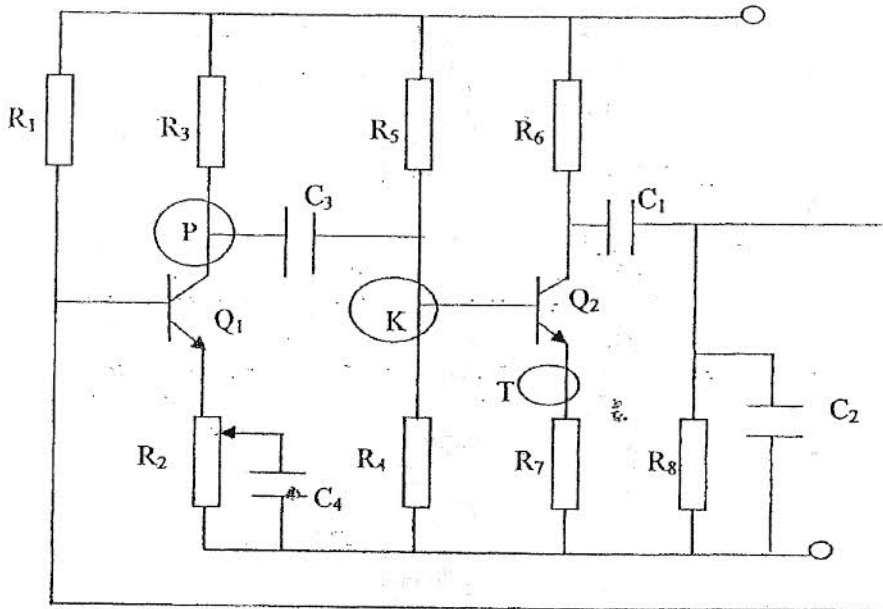


Figure 5

(b) The following devices are connected to the power supply of a domestic consumer; [6marks]

- 6 lamps of 14W used for 3hrs a day,
- 80W computer used for 4hrs daily,

- 1500W microwave used for 1hr daily,
- 4500 instant water heater used for 2hrs daily,
- 80W tv set used for 6hrs daily,
- 1200W iron box used for 45 minutes daily.

Calculate;

(i) The total energy in Kwh,

(ii) The total months charge if;

Fixed charge = ksh 120

Consumption charge @ ksh 9.50 /Kwh =

Forex adj @ 76cns / Kwh =

Fuel cost @ 539cts / Kwh =

Inflation adj. @ 29cns /Kwh =

REP levy @ 5% of consumption =

ERC levy @ 3cns / Kwh =

VAT @ 12% f fixed charge =

TOTAL

(c) With the aid of a labeled diagram, explain the construction and operation of a NPN transistor. [4marks]



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12.(a) Explain the following terms with reference to transistors.

[2marks]

- (i) Saturation,
- (ii) Thermo runaway,
- (iv) Coupling,
- (v) Load line

(b) In the voltage regulator circuit of figure 6 the h_{FE} for transistor Q1 is 150. The zener voltage is 6.V and forward breakdown voltage is 0.6V. Calculate; [3marks]

- (i) Load current I_L ,
- (ii) Collector – emitter voltage,
- (iii) Base current I_B .

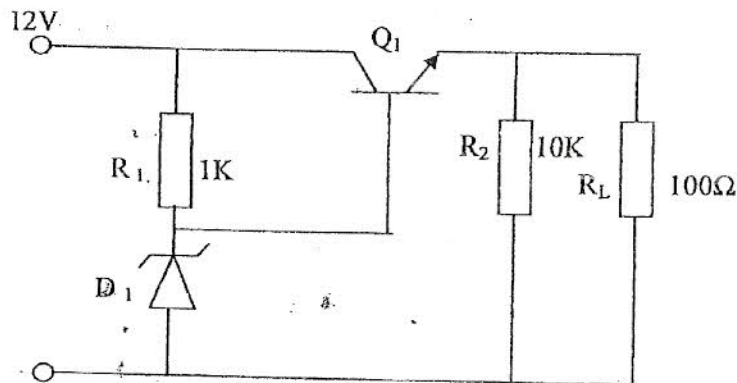


Figure 6

(c) A current of 8A flows through a coil connected to a dc source of 180V. When the same coil is connected to 180V 60Hz ac source a current of 3A flows. Calculate; [4marks]

(i) Inductive reactance,

(ii) Inductance of the coil,

(iii) Energy of coil in dc and ac circuit connection,

(iv) Current drawn from the 180V 60Hz source if a $50\mu\text{F}$ capacitor is connected in series with the coil.

(d) Sketch a circuit diagram for each of the following meter movements; [4marks]

(i) Three range ac voltmeter,

(ii) Three range dc ammeter,

13 (a) An oscilloscope screen displays a sinusoidal waveform which occupies 7 divisions when the volt selector is set at 500mV/cm and 5 divisions when time selector is set at 0.5mS/cm. Calculate; [4marks]

- (i) Amplitude,
- (ii) Frequency,
- (iii) RMS value,
- (iv) Instantaneous voltage at 55° .

(b) A 15 V peak ac source is connected to the input of a circuit shown in figure 7. If the diode is 6.8V and its forward voltage is 0.6V; [3marks]

- (i) Sketch the waveform across R_L and indicate the maximum value and minimum value,
- (ii) Calculate the forward current across R_L .

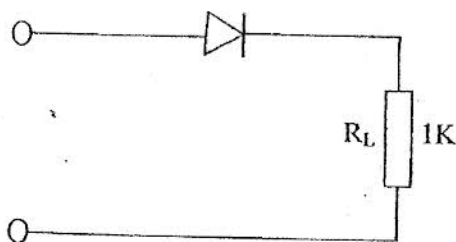


Figure 7

(c) Explain the meaning of the term stroboscopic effect. Outline **three** methods used to minimize the effect. [4marks]

(d) State **two** advantages of single phase over three phase system. [2marks]

14 (a) Explain the following terms as used in motors; [2marks]

(i) Slip,

(ii) Transformer emf;

(iii) Speed emf.

(iv) Frequency.

(b) List **five** parts of an ac motor. Explain the function of each part; [5marks]

(c) Explain the term armature reaction as used in dc motors. Outline three methods of minimizing armature reaction [4marks]

(d) State two advantages two disadvantages of dc over ac. [2marks]



15 (a) Explain the four methods of cooling a transformer. [4marks]

(b) Draw and the three types of transformer cores. [3marks]

(c) List the four connections of the three phase transformer.

[2marks]

(d) With the aid of a labeled diagram, explain how a tungsten halogen lamp operates.

[4marks]

end