

Name

Index Number /

Candidate's Signature

Date

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

JULY / AUGUST 2013

TIME: 2½ HRS

LENOCET EVALUATION TEST
KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

TIME: 2½ HRS

Instructions to candidates

- (a) This paper consists of **THREE** sections; **A, B** and **C**.
- (b) Answer **ALL** the questions in **section A**, **THREE** questions from **section B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.
- (c) Answers to **ALL** the questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.
- (d) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that **no** questions are missing.

SECTION A:- 25 MARKS

Answer ALL the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. State **two** limitations of using electronic as a source of information on history and government. (2 mks)
2. State **two** characteristics of Homo Erectus. (2 mks)
3. Which country pioneered Agrarian Revolution. (1 mk)
4. State **two** advantages of motorcycle as a means of transport. (2 mks)
5. Identify **one** form of message that could be relayed by the use of drumbeats in Ancient times. (1 mk)
6. State the **main** advantage of using air transport. (1 mk)
7. List **two** symbols of unity in Shona Kingdom in the 19th century. (2 mks)
8. Identify **two** ways how Agriculture and industry contributed to the growth of towns. (2 mks)
9. State **two** economic factors that led to the European scramble and partition of Africa. (2 mks)
10. Name the peace treaty between Samori Toure and the French in 1886 A.D. (1 mk)
11. State **two** reasons why Kabaka Mutesa had to welcome Christian Missionaries to Buganda. (2 mks)
12. Identify the **main** factor that led to the failure of the French policy of Assimilation in Senegal. (1 mk)
13. Which policy was adopted by the Allied powers in order to avoid another world war. (1 mk)
14. State the military pact formed by the soviet union and her satellite states during the cold war. (1 mk)
15. State the **main** feature of common wealth member states. (1 mk)
16. Identify **one** autonomous institution of the revived East African Community (E.A.C.) (1 mk)
17. State **two** roles of the civil service in the government of Britain. (2 mks)

SECTION B:- 45 MARKS

Answer any THREE questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

18. (a) Mention **three** factors which influenced the evolution of man. (3 mks)
(b) Explain **six** reasons why it is important for students to study History and Government. (12 mks)
19. (a) Identify **three** trade routes during the Trans-saharan Trade. (3 mks)
(b) Explain **six** factors that facilitated the growth and development of the Trans-Saharan Trade. (12 mks)
20. (a) State **three** functions of ancient city of Cairo. (3 mks)
(b) Explain **six** factors which contributed to emergence of urban centres in pre-colonial Africa. (12 mks)
21. (a) State **three** reasons why Lewanika of the Lozi collaborated with the British. (3 mks)
(b) Explain **six** results of the Chimurenga war. (12 mks)

SECTION C:- 30 MARKS

Answer any TWO questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

22. (a) State **five** aims of the Pan-African Movement. (5 mks)
(b) Explain **five** factors which reactivated Pan-Africanism after 1945 in Africa. (10 mks)
23. (a) State **three** provisions of the Arusha declaration of 1965 in Tanzania. (3 mks)
(b) Describe **six** economic reforms introduced in Tanzania since 1985. (12 mks)
24. (a) Outline the stages of election of the Prime Minister in India. (5 mks)
(b) Explain how the government of India is organised. (10 mks)