

311/2  
HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT  
FORM FOUR  
PAPER 2  
MARCH/APRIL- 2013  
2½ Hours

**PENTAGON JOINT EXAMINATION - 2013**  
**WARENG DISTRICT**

**KENYACERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

**311/2**

**HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT**

**FORM 4**

**MARCH / APRIL - 2013**

**INSTRUCTIONS.**

- (a) This paper consists of **THREE** sections: A, B and C.
- (b) Answer **ALL** questions in section A, **THREE** questions in section B and **TWO** questions in section C.
- (c) Answers to all questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.

## SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1. Identify **two** ancestors of man associated with the making of oldowan tools. (2marks)
2. State the most important cultural development that took place during the second phase of the middle Palaeolithic period. (1 mark)
3. Mention **two** ways in which rock art was important to early man (1 mark)
4. State any **one** change that marked Agrarian revolution in Britain. (1 mark)
5. Mention **two** characteristics of modern roads. (2 marks)
6. State **two** advantages of the use of electricity in industries during the industrial revolution. (2 marks)
7. Identify the factors that led to the growth of Athens as an urban centre. (2 marks)
8. Mention any **two** types of trade. (2 marks)
9. State **one** characteristic of developing counties. (1 mark)
10. Name **two** officials who assisted the ruler of the Shona to administer the kingdom. (2 marks)
11. Give the main aim of the Berlin conference between 1884 and 1885. (1 mark)
12. Name **one** treaty signed between Lobengula and British during the process of colonization of Africa during the 19<sup>th</sup> century. (1 mark)
13. State **two** methods used by the British to administer their colonies in Africa. (2 marks)
14. What was the main ideological difference between Joseph Kasavubu and Patrice Lumumba of Congo?. (1 mark)
15. State **two** objectives of the African National Congress. (2 marks)
16. Give **one** function of the industrial court of justice of the United Nations Organisation. (1 mark)
17. Identify **one** superpower that was involved in the cold war. (1 mark)

## SECTION B (45 Marks)

Answer ant **THREE** questions from this section.

18. (a) Give **three** uses of steel during the industrial revolution in Europe. (3 marks)  
(b) Explain **six** factors which facilitated industrialization in Britain. (12 marks)
19. (a) Give **three** functions of Kabaka of Buganda kingdom during the pre-colonial period. (3 marks)  
(b) Describe the political organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial periods. (12 marks)
20. (a) State **five** ways in which Kwame Nkrumah contributed to the struggle for independence in Africa. (5 marks)  
(b) Discuss **six** causes of Africa nationalism in Ghana. (10 marks)
21. (a) State **three** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the first world war. (3 marks)  
(b) Describe **six** results of the second world war. (12 marks)

## SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer any **TWO** questions from this section.

22. (a) Give **five** factors which enabled Samori Toure to resist French colonization in West Africa between 1882 and 1898. (5 marks)  
(b) Explain **five** results of the defeat of the Mandinka by the French in the nineteenth century. (10 marks)
23. (a) Give **five** reasons why the British applied indirect rule in Northern Nigeria. (5 marks)  
(b) Explain **five** results of indirect rule in Northern Nigeria. (10 marks)
24. (a) State **three** reasons for formation of the East African community (1967-1977) (3 marks)  
(b) Discuss **six** challenges that led to collapse of the East African Community in 1977. (12 marks)