

SECTION A (50 Marks)

M1

1.

$$\frac{\sqrt{306 \times 0.36 \times 10^4}}{\sqrt{1.36 \times 0.64 \times 10^4}}$$

$$\frac{306 \times 36 \times 100}{136 \times 64} = \sqrt{\frac{306}{136} \times \frac{\sqrt{36} \times \sqrt{100}}{\sqrt{64}}}$$

$$\left(\frac{306}{136}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{36} \times \sqrt{100}}{\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{64}} = \frac{3 \times 6 \times 10}{2 \times 8}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 3 \times 5}{4} = \frac{45}{4}$$

$$= 11 \frac{1}{4}$$

M1

A1

3 marks

2.

Num. $6ab(4b - 3a)$

$- 6ab(3a - 4b)$

$- 2(3a - 4b)(2a - 3b)$

DEN. $- 2(6a^2 - 17ab + 12b^2)$

$= - 2(3a - 4b)(2a - 3b)$

Prod 72 } -9

Sum -17 } -8

$$= \frac{3ab}{2a - 3b}$$

$- 2[6a^2 - 9ab - 8ab + 12b^2]$

$- 2[3a(2a - 3b) - 4b(2a - 3b)]$

or

$- 2[6a^2 - 8ab - 9ab + 12b^2]$

$- 2[2a(3a - 4b) - 3b(3a - 4b)]$

$- 3ab$

$$\frac{3ab}{3b - 2a}$$

M1

M1

A1

3 marks

3. a) Let children be x

$$\therefore \frac{170 + x}{530 + x} \times 360^0 = 216^0 = \frac{61200 + 360x}{530 + x} = 216$$

$$\therefore 61200 + 360x = 114480 + 216x$$

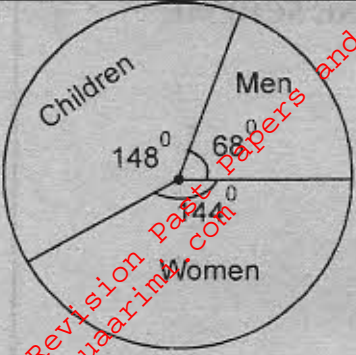
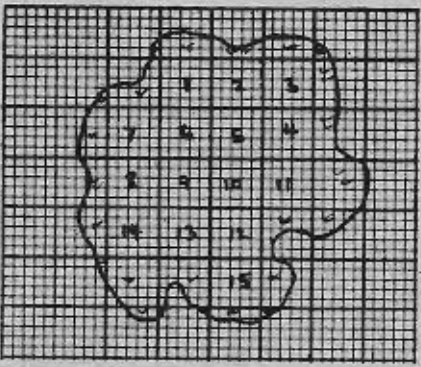
$$\therefore 144x = 53280$$

$$x = 370$$

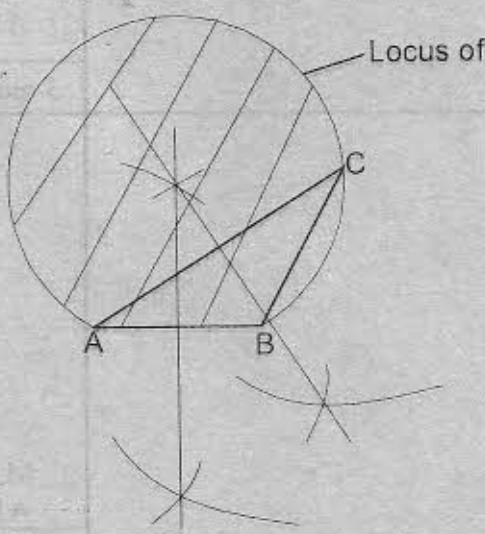
M1

A1

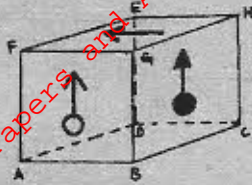
2 marks

<p>b)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">B1</p>	$\text{Angle rep children} = \frac{370}{900} \times 360$ $= 148^\circ$ $\text{Men} = 216 - 148^\circ = 68^\circ$ $\text{Women} = 144^\circ$
2 marks	
<p>4.</p> $\left. \begin{aligned} x + y &= 58 \dots\dots(i) \\ y &= y + 4 \dots\dots(ii) \end{aligned} \right\} \text{M1}$ <p>Let x be greater no. y smaller no.</p> $\left. \begin{aligned} x &= 40 \\ y &= 18 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{A1}$ $\therefore x + y = 58$ $\underline{x - 2y = 4} \quad \text{M1}$ $3y = 54$ $\therefore y = 18$ $x = 58 - 18$ $x = 40$	<p style="text-align: right;">3 marks</p>
<p>5.</p> $5^2 \cdot 5^1 + 6(5^x) = 275$ $5^x(5 + 6) = 275$ $5^x(11) = 275$ $5^x = \frac{275}{11} = 25 = 5^2$ $\Rightarrow x = 2$	<p style="text-align: center;">M1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">M1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">A1</p> <p style="text-align: right;">3 marks</p>
<p>6.</p> $(1 + 0.8)\text{km} \div \left(\frac{10}{60} + \frac{2}{60} \right) \text{hr}$ $= \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{5}{1} = 9 \text{km/hr}$	<p style="text-align: center;">M1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">A1</p> <p style="text-align: right;">2 marks</p>
<p>7. a)</p> 	$\text{Area} = 15 + \left(\frac{23}{2} \right) = 26.5 \text{cm}^2$ $= 15 + \left(\frac{24}{2} \right)$ $= 27 \text{cm}^2$ <p style="text-align: center;">M1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">A1</p> <p style="text-align: right;">2 marks</p>

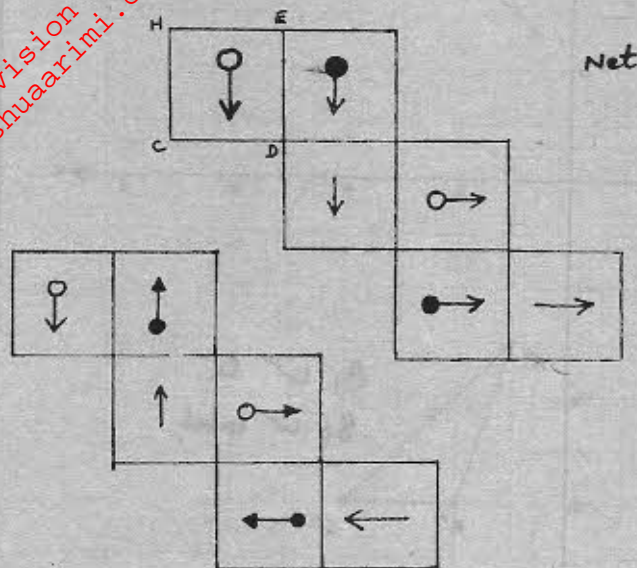
<p>b). 1cm rep. 4000m $\therefore 1\text{cm}^2 \text{ rep. } 16\,000\,000\text{m}^2$ Area in ha = $\frac{260 \times 16000\,000}{10000}$ Area in ha = 43200ha = 42400ha</p>	<p>M1 A1 2 marks</p>	
<p>8. $\log_2 y = \log_2 16 + \log_2 (y + 5)$ $\log_2 y = \log_2 (16y + 80)$ $y^2 = 16y + 80$ $y^2 - 16y - 80 = 0$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{prod. } -80 \\ \text{sum } -16 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} -20 \\ 4 \end{array}$ $y^2 + 4y - 20y - 80 = 0$ $y(y + 4) - 20(y + 4) = 0$ $(y - 20)(y + 4) = 0$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} y_1 = 20 \\ y_2 = -4 \end{array} \right\}$</p>	<p>M1 M1 A1 3 marks</p>	
<p>9. Mass of alloy = 102 + 45 = 147g $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Vol. of A} = \frac{102}{17} = 6\text{cm}^3 \\ \text{Vol. of B} = \frac{45}{3} = 15\text{cm}^3 \end{array} \right\} B1$ Total vol. A + B = 21cm³ density of Alloy = $\frac{147\text{g}}{21\text{cm}^3}$ = 7g/cm³</p>	<p>M1 A1 2 marks</p>	
<p>10. $125^\circ + 140^\circ + 160^\circ + (n-3)145^\circ = (2n-4)90^\circ$ M1 $425^\circ + 145n - 435 = 180n - 360^\circ$ $350^\circ = 35n$ $n = \frac{350^\circ}{35} = 10$ sides A1 $S_n = (2(10) - 4)90^\circ = 16 \times 90 = 1440^\circ$ B1</p>	<p>Exterior angles = 360° $55 + 40 + 20 = 115^\circ$ $\therefore 360 - 115 = 245^\circ$ $\frac{245^\circ}{180 - 145^\circ} = \frac{245^\circ}{35^\circ} = 7$ $\therefore n = 10$</p>	<p>3 marks</p>
<p>11. A/m of \$ exchange for € 650 $= 650 \times \frac{29050}{280} \times \frac{300}{21975}$ = 920.65\$</p>	<p>M1A1M1 A1 4 marks</p>	

<p>12. Centre $\left(\frac{-13+1}{2}, \frac{-11+3}{2}\right)$ $= (-6, -4) = (a, b) r = 7$ $(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = r^2$ $x^2 - 2ax + y^2 - 2by = r^2 - (a^2 + b^2)$ $x^2 + 12x + y^2 + 8y = 49 - (36 + 16)$ $x^2 + 12x + y^2 + 8y + 3 = 0$ $x^2 + y^2 + 12x + 8y + 3 = 0$</p>	<p>B1 M1 A1 2 marks</p>
<p>13. Hire purchase price = $1.5 \times 17600 = 26400$ deposit = $\frac{25}{100} \times 17600 = \frac{4400}{20000}$ \therefore No. of months = $\frac{22000}{2200} = 10 \text{ months}$</p>	<p>B1 M1A1 3 marks</p>
<p>14. </p> <p>Locus of P</p> <p>B1 ✓ bisecting any 2 sides B1 ✓ major arc ACB B1 ✓ region shaded and labelled P</p>	<p>3 marks</p>
<p>15. Mid pt = $\left(\frac{-5+3}{2}, \frac{-2+4}{2}\right) = (-1, 1)$ $M_1 = \frac{4+2}{3+5} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$ $M_2 = \frac{-4}{3} B1(-1, 1)(x, y)$ $-\frac{4}{3} = \frac{y-1}{x+1} \Rightarrow 3y-3 = -4x-4$</p> <p>$3y = -4x - 1$ $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$ Accept $4x + 3y = -1$ $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = \frac{-1}{12}$</p>	<p>B1 3 marks</p>

16.



cube

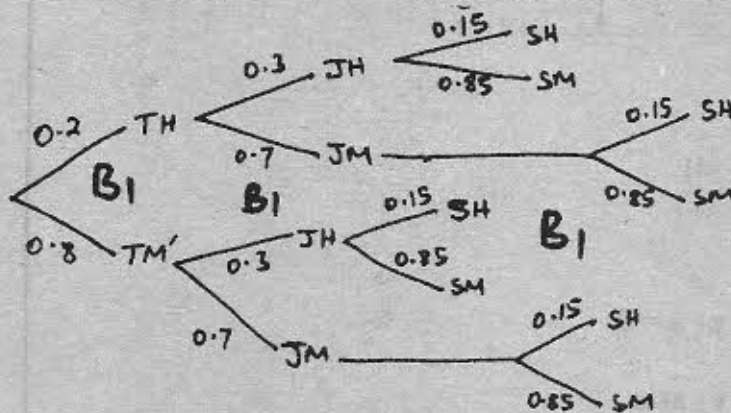


net

$B_1 \checkmark$ pair \uparrow
 $B_1 \checkmark$ pair \uparrow
 $B \checkmark$ pair \uparrow

3 marks

17. a)



3 marks

b) (i) $P(\text{all Hit})$

$$= 0.2 \times 0.3 \times 0.15$$

$$= 0.009$$

M1
A1
2 marks

$$(ii) (0.2 \times 0.7 \times 0.85) + (0.8 \times 0.3 \times 0.85) + (0.8 \times 0.7 \times 0.15)$$

$$0.119 + 0.204 + 0.084$$

$$= 0.407$$

M1 all
M1
A1
2 marks

$$(iii) (0.2 \times 0.3 \times 0.85) + (0.8 \times 0.3 \times 0.15) + (0.2 \times 0.7 \times 0.15)$$

$$+ (0.2 \times 0.3 \times 0.15)$$

$$= 0.051 + 0.036 + 0.021 + 0.009$$

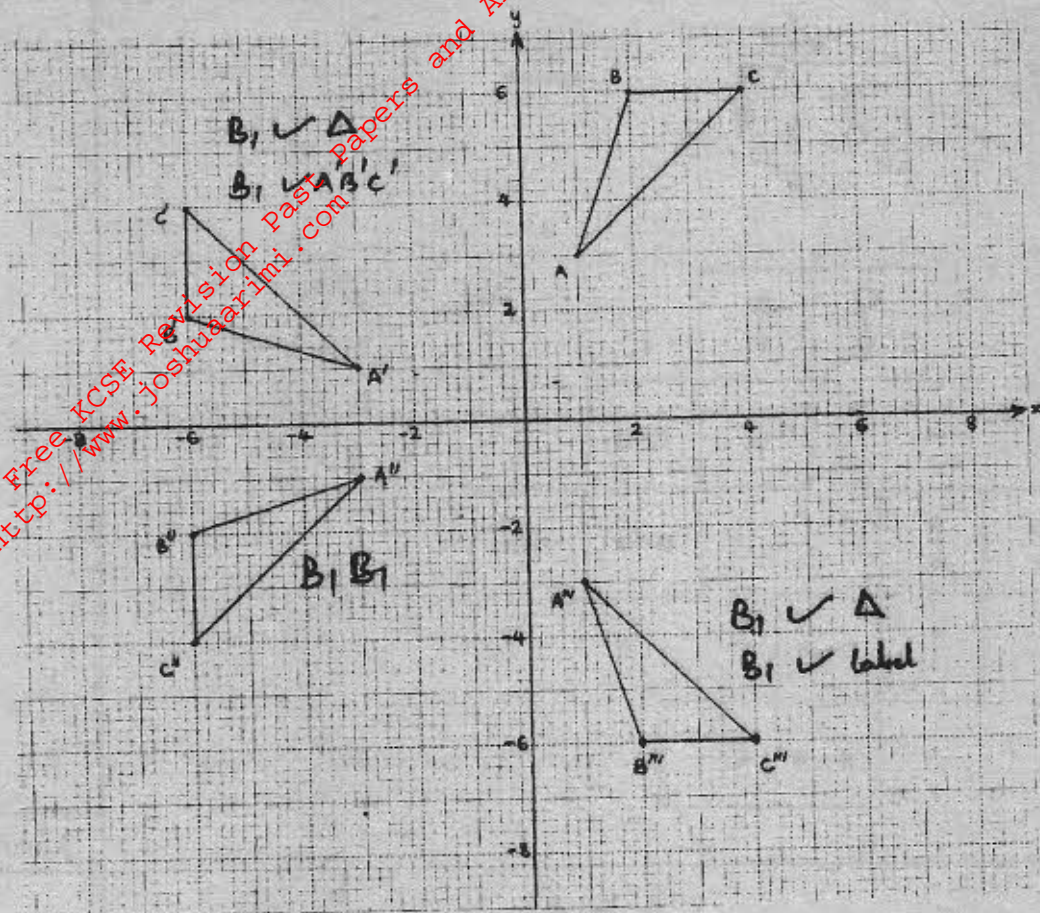
$$= 0.117$$

M1

A1

10 marks

18.



a) $A'(-3, 1)$ $B'(-6, 2)$ $C'(-6, 4)$

b) $A''(-3, -1)$ $B''(-6, -2)$ $C''(-6, -4)$

c) on the graph

d) (i) Reflection along $y = -x$ or $y + x = 0$ (ii) Reflection along $y = 0$ or x - axis

B1

B1

B1

B1

10 marks

19. Spacing = $\frac{36}{6} = 6\text{m}$

Area = $\frac{1}{2}(6)[(5+6) + 2(5.4+7.0+8.0+5.5+5.8)]$

= 3×74.4

= 223.2m^3

B1

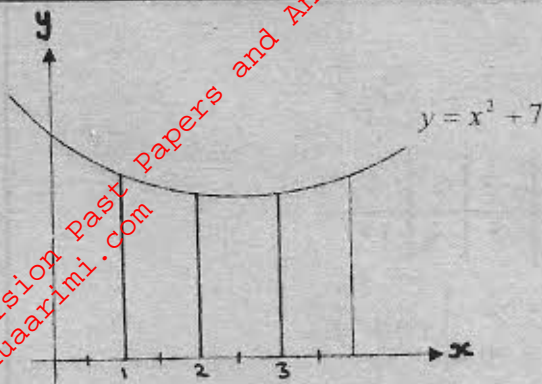
M1

M1

A1

4 marks

b.)



x	0.25	0.75	1.25	1.75	2.25	2.75	3.25	3.75
y	7.0625	7.5625	8.5625	10.0625	12.0625	14.5625	17.5625	21.0625

B1
B1 4d.p

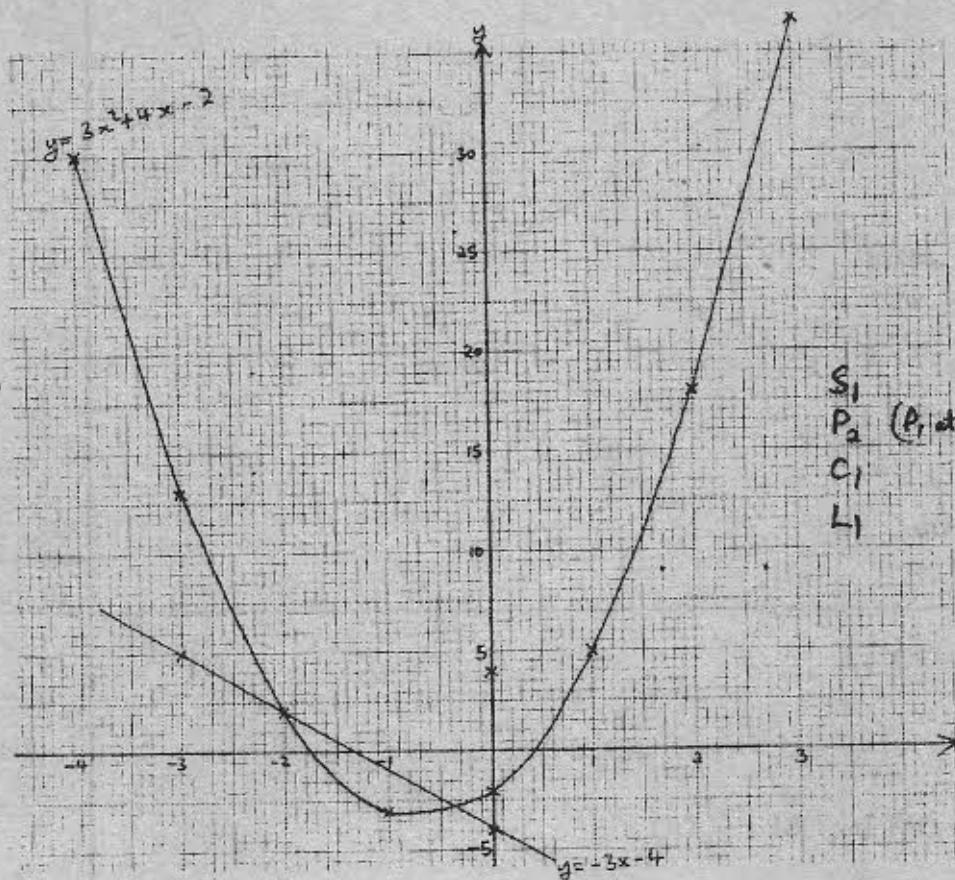
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= 0.5 \times (7.0625 + 7.5625 + 8.5625 + 10.0625 + 12.0625 + 14.5625 + 17.5625 + 21.0625) \\ &= 0.5 \times 98.5 \\ &= 49.25 \end{aligned}$$

M1
M1
A1
6 marks
10 marks

20. a)

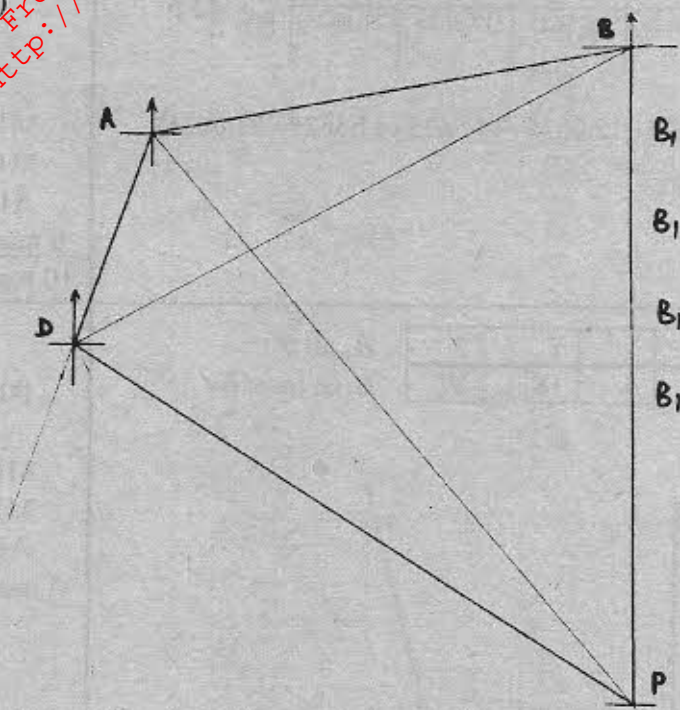
x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	30	13	2	-3	-2	5	18	37

B₂ all ✓
B₁ at least 6 ✓



S₁
P₂ (P₁ at least 6 ✓)
C₁
L₁

B1
M1
M1
A1
4 marks

<p>c) (i) $\left. \begin{matrix} x_1 = +0.4 \\ x_2 = -1.7 \end{matrix} \right\} B_1 \pm 0.1$</p> <p>(ii) $\left. \begin{matrix} y = 3x^2 + 4x - 2 \\ 0 = 3x^2 + 7x + 2 \end{matrix} \right\} B_1$</p> $\frac{y = -3x - 4}{y = -3x - 4} \quad B_1$ $\begin{array}{c c c} x & -3 & 0 & 3 \\ \hline y & 5 & -4 & -13 \end{array}$ $\left. \begin{matrix} x_1 = -2 \\ x_2 = -0.4 \end{matrix} \right\} \pm 0.1 \quad B_1$	<p>M1</p> <p>3 marks</p> <p>10 marks</p>
<p>21. a)</p>  <p> B_1 $AB = 9.5 \text{ km}$ $\text{and } 080^\circ \text{ from } A$ </p> <p> B_1 $BD = 12.4 \text{ km}$ $200^\circ \text{ bearing from } B$ </p> <p> B_1 P 180° from B $\text{and } DP \text{ drawn}$ </p> <p> B_1 \checkmark complete diag $ABPD$ </p> <p>b(i) $AD = 4.4 \times 1 = 44 \text{ km}$ M1 A1</p> <p>(ii) $242^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ B1</p> <p>(iii) $122^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ B1</p> <p>(iv) $13 \times 10 = 130 \text{ km}$ M1 A1</p>	<p>10 marks</p>
<p>22.a) (i) $\vec{PQ} = \vec{PO} + \vec{OQ}$ $= -p + q$</p> <p>(ii) $\vec{PM} = \vec{PO} + \vec{OM}$ but $\vec{OM} = \frac{2}{3} \vec{OQ}$ $\vec{PM} = -p + \frac{2}{3} q$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p>

(iii) $\vec{ON} = \vec{OP} + \vec{PN}$ but $\vec{PN} = \frac{1}{4}\vec{PQ} = \frac{1}{4}(-p+q)$

$\vec{ON} = p - \frac{1}{4}p + \frac{1}{4}q = \frac{3}{4}p + \frac{1}{4}q$

M1

A1

b) (i) $\vec{OX} = k\left(\frac{3}{4}p + \frac{1}{4}q\right) = \frac{3}{4}kp + \frac{k}{4}q \dots\dots (i) B1$

if QX used

$\vec{QX} = \frac{3}{4}kp + \left(\frac{k}{4}-1\right)q$

$\vec{OX} = \vec{OP} + h\vec{PM}$

$= p + h\left(-p + \frac{2}{3}q\right) = (1-h)p + \frac{2}{3}hq \dots\dots (ii) B1$

$\vec{QX} = (1-h)p + \left(\frac{2}{3}h-1\right)q$

ii) $B1 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3}{4}k = 1-h \\ \frac{k}{4} = \frac{2}{3}h \Rightarrow k = \frac{8}{3}h \end{array} \right. \quad \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{3}h = 1-h \quad M1$

sub. $2h = 1-h$

$3h = 1 \therefore h = \frac{1}{3}$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} k = \frac{8}{9} \\ h = \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right\} A1$

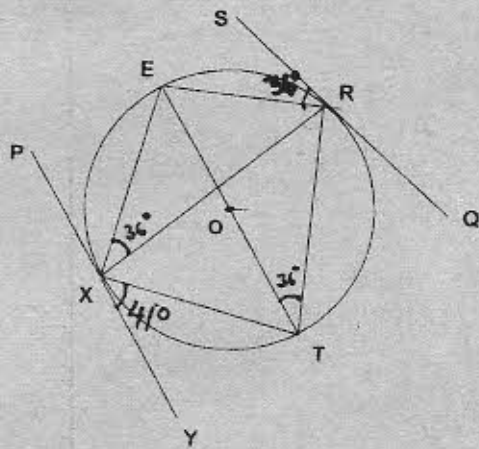
$k = \frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{8}{9}$

iii) $\therefore PX = \frac{1}{3}PM$

$\therefore PX : XM$

$1 : 2 \quad B1$

23.



a) $\widehat{XRT} = 41^\circ = \widehat{YXT}$ angle on alt. segments $B1$

$\widehat{ERT} = 90^\circ$ angle sub. by diameter to C = $90^\circ \quad B1$

$\therefore \widehat{XRE} = 90^\circ - 41^\circ = 49^\circ \quad B1$

10 marks

<p>b) $\hat{ERS} = \hat{ETR} = \hat{EXR} = 36^\circ$ angles on alt. segments B1</p> <p>$\hat{XET} = \hat{YXT} = 41^\circ = \hat{YRT}$ angles on alt. segments</p> <p>$\hat{RET} = 180^\circ - (90^\circ + 36^\circ) = 54^\circ$ Σ angles in a $\Delta = 180^\circ$</p> <p>$\therefore \hat{XER} = 41^\circ + 54^\circ = 95^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{XTR} = 180^\circ - 95^\circ = 85^\circ$</p> <p>opp angle in cyclic B1</p> <p>B1 upto 180°</p> <p>c) $\hat{TXR} = \hat{TER} = 54^\circ$ angles sub. by same chord</p> <p>B1 B1</p> <p>d) $\hat{XOT} = 2\hat{XRT}$ angle sub a centre is twice angle sub. at C</p> <p>$\therefore \hat{XOT} = 2 \times 41^\circ = 82^\circ$ B1</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>
<p>24. a) $v = \frac{ds}{dt} = 3t^2 - 4t$ M1</p> <p>When $t = 2$</p> <p>$v = 3(2)^2 - 4(2)$</p> <p>$v = 4 \text{ m/s}$ A1</p> <p>b)(i) at rest $v = 0$</p> <p>$\therefore 3t^2 - 4t = 0$ M1</p> <p>$t(3t - 4) = 0$</p> <p>$\therefore t = 0$ but $t > 0$</p> <p>$t = \frac{4}{3}$ A1</p> <p>(ii) $t = \frac{4}{3}$ at $v = 0$</p> <p>$\therefore s = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^3 - 2\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2 + 6$ M1</p> <p>$= \frac{64}{27} - \frac{32}{9} + 6$</p> <p>$= 4\frac{22}{27}$ A1</p> <p>$= 4.815$ A1</p>	<p>10 marks</p>

(iii) $t = 4 \quad s = 4^3 - 2(4)^2 + 6 = 38m$
 $t = 3 \quad s = 3^3 - 2(3)^2 + 6 = 15$ } B1
 displacement during 4th sec. = $38 - 15 = 23m$

(iv) At maximum velocity $a = 0$
 $a = \frac{dv}{dt} = 6t - 4 = 0$ M1
 $6t = 4 \quad t = \frac{2}{3}$ A1

10 marks