

**K.C.S.E BIOLOGY PAPER 231/2 2004**

1. You are provided with specimens labelled J<sub>1</sub>, J<sub>2</sub>, K<sub>1</sub>, and K<sub>2</sub>. Examine them
- (a) With a reason, name the order to which specimens J<sub>1</sub> and J<sub>2</sub>, and K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>, belong. (4 marks)
- J<sub>1</sub> and J<sub>2</sub> .....  
Reason .....  
K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub> .....  
Reason .....
- (b) (i) Name the curved part of specimen J<sub>1</sub>. (1 mark)
- (ii) What is the importance of the curvature? (1 mark)
- (c) Explain how the curved part in J<sub>1</sub> will straighten so that the stem will look like that of J<sub>2</sub> (4 marks)
- (d) Name the part that protects the plumule in specimens K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>. (1 mark)
- (e) (i) Which of the two types of seedlings may form swellings on the roots later in its life? (1 mark)
- (ii) What is the name of the swellings? (1 mark)
- (iii) Name the organisms that would be found in the swellings. (1 mark)
- (iv) Explain the relationship that exists between the named organisms and the plant. (1 mark)
- (f) (i) Name the structures found on the stem just below the leaves of specimen J<sub>1</sub>. (1 mark)
- (ii) State two functions of the structures named in (f) (i) above. (2 marks)
- (g) (i) State the type of germination exhibited by specimens K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>. (1 mark)
- (ii) Give a reason for your answer in (g) (i) above (1 mark)
- (h) Name the root system found in specimens J<sub>1</sub> and J<sub>2</sub>. (1 mark)
- K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub> ..... (1 mark)
2. You are provided with specimen labelled M and N. Examine them.
- (a) Identify the specimens and in each case give two reasons for your answer. (6 marks)
- (i) Specimen M  
Reasons 1. ....  
2. ....
- (ii) Specimen N  
Reasons 1. ....  
2. ....
- (b) State four ways in which specimen N is adapted to its functions. (4 marks)

- (c) State four differences between specimens M and N. (4 marks)

M N

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- (d) Draw and label the anterior view of specimen N. (6marks)

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3. You are provided with a specimen labelled Q and hydrogen peroxide.

- (a) (i) What part of a plant is specimen Q? (1 mark)

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- (ii) Give a reason for your answer. (1 mark)







- (b) State two roles played by specimen Q in the life cycle of the plant from which it was obtained. (2 marks)

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To each boiling tube add 4 ml of hydrogen peroxide. (2 marks)

- (i) Record your observations

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- (ii) Account for the results in (c) (i) above. (2 marks)

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- (iii) Write an equation for the breakdown of hydrogen peroxide. (1 mark)

- (d) Peel half of specimen Q and crush in a mortar. Use the reagents provided to test for the various food substances in the extract obtained from the crushed material.

Record the procedures, observations and conclusions in the table below. (9 marks)

Food substance	Procedure	Observations	Conclusion
1			
2			
3			