C 200.

MARANDA HIGH SCHOOL

MOCK EXAMINATION

In tructions to candidates

- Answer all the questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.
- Mathematical tables and electronic calculators may be used
- All working must be clearly shown.

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

| QUESTION | MAXIMUM SCORE | CANDIDATE'S SCORE |
|----------|---------------|-------------------|
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| | 40 | |

note É

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1) You are provided with

- A mono basic acid A
- 0.2M sodium hydroxide solution B.
- 0.5g of crushed egg shell C
- Methyl orange indicator.

You are required to

- Dilute solution A with distilled water
- Standardize solution A with solution B
- Determine the ontent of calcium carbonate in the egg shell provided.

Procedure LC

Measure 20.0 cm³ of solution A into a 250ml beaker and add 80 cm cm³ of distilled water using a 100ml measuring cylinder.

Stake well and label the solution as solution D.

Pipette25.0 cm³ of solution B into a conical flask and titrate with solution **D**, form the burette using 3 drops of methyl orange indicator.

Record your results on the table below.

Repeat to obtain accurate results.

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|---------------------------------|-------------------|------|-----|
| Final burette reading (cm³) | 7 7 | | |
| Initial burette reading (cm³) | * | | |
| Volume of solution D used (cm³) | | | |

(4 MARKS)

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Procedure II

Calcium carbonate is insoluble in water and cannot be titrated directly. Excess acid of known concentration is added to calcium carbonate material to bring about the reaction.

The excess acides determined by titration.

Place all of Substance C provide into a 250ml volumetric flask.

Add 250 cm³ of solution A shake well and add 225 cm³ of distilled water. Label this solution E.

CSE

Pipette 25.0 cm³ of solution E into a conical flask titrate with solution B from the burette using 3 drops of methyl orange indicator.

Record your results in table II.

Repeat to obtain accurate values.

TABLE II

| | 1 | II | III sse |
|---------------------------------|---|----|---------|
| Final burette reading (cm³) | | | |
| Initial burette reading (cm³) | | | |
| Volume of solution B used (cm³) | | | |

14 MARKS

| c) | Determine the average volume of solution B used (show clearly the values being averaged) | (1 M | (4 MARKS |
|-------|--|--------|------------------|
| | | | |
| d) | Calculate; | | |
| (i) | The number of moles of sodium hydroxide solution B used. | (1 M | ARK) |
| | | | |
| = == | | | |
| | | | |
| (11) | The concentration of excess acid in moles per litre. | (1 M | ARK) |
| | | 2 | |
| | 8 | | **************** |
| (iii) | The number of moles of acid that reacted with the calcium carbonated in the sample provided | l (1 M | ARK) |
| | The Mary 1982 Area of the Committee of t | | ••••• |
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| (iv) | The mass of calcium carbonate present in the sample provided | (1 MARK) |
|--------|--|--------------|
| | The mass of calcium carbonate present in the sample provided (Ca =40.0, C= 12.0, O =16.0) | |
| | | |
| | To the second se | •••••••••••• |
| (v) | From the vesults in (iv) above, calculate the percentage of calcium carbonate in the sample. | |
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3) You are provided with;

Sodium hydroxide solution labeled solution P

Alkanoic acid solution labeled solution Q

Procedure

Using a clean burette, place 16cm³ of solution **Q** into a boiling tube. Take the initial temperature of the solution in the boiling tube and record it in the table shown below. Using a clean measuring cylinder, measure 4 cm³ of solution **P** into 100 cm³ beaker and add it to solution **Q** in the boiling tube. Stir the mixture immediately with the thermometer and record in the table II the maximum (final) temperature reached. Repeat the experiment with the other sets of volumes of **Q** and **P** in table II and complete it.

(Rinse the thermometer and the boiling tube with distilled water after each experiment)

Table II

| Volume of solution Q (cm³) | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Volume of solution P (cm ³) | 4 | 8 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
| Final temperature (°C) | - | | | | | |
| Initial temperature(°C) | | | | | | |
| Change in temperature, ΔT (°C) | | - | | | | |

(6 MARKS)

a) On the grid provided, plot a graph of ΔT (vertical axis) against the volume of sodium hydroxide, solution A. (3 MARKS) For Note Free tos

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| alculate | the volume of alkanoic acid, | | ralization. | (1 MARK) |
| alculate | the Off | | | |
| | tation of the volumes of | f solution A and C | | (1 MARK) |
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| 105% | | S | | |
| z _{ii.} c | oncentration in moles per lit | * | | |
| (/ | Assume that the volume ratio | is the same as the mo | le ratio) | (2 MARKS) |
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