

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

MARCH/APRIL 2016

TIME: 2½ hours

MOKASA JOINT EVALUATION EXAMINATION

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 2

Section A (25 marks)

1. Give the name of the tools made by early man during the New Stone Age period (1 mark)
2. State *two* distinct characteristics of Homo Erectus. (2 marks)
3. Identify *one* form of writing during the early civilizations resulting from early agriculture. (1 mark)
4. State *two* factors that promoted large-scale farming in Britain during the Agrarian Revolution. (2 marks)
5. State *two* ways in which poor transport system has contributed to food shortages in Africa. (2 marks)
6. Identify *two* political benefits of Trans-Saharan-trade to the people of Western Sudan. (2 marks)
7. State *two* characteristics of Macadam roads. (2 marks)
8. Give one early source of energy. (1 mark)
9. State *two* political results of industrial Revolution in Europe. (2 marks)
10. State *one* contribution of Joseph Lister in the field of medicine in the nineteenth century. (1 mark)
11. Identify *two* factors that facilitated colonization of Africa in the nineteenth century. (2 marks)
12. Give *one* reason why the Shona supported the British forces against the Ndebele during the Anglo-Ndebele war of 1893. (1 mark)
13. State *one* reason why Kabaka Mwanga of Buganda collaborated with the British. (1 mark)
14. Give *two* political developments in South Africa which facilitated establishment of a multi-racial government. (2 marks)
15. Give the name given to Germany and her supporters during the First World War. (1 mark)
16. Give the **main** reason why the League of Nations was established in 1919. (1 mark)

Section B (45 marks)

18. (a) State *five* reasons why man turned from hunting and gathering to agriculture. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain *five* effects of Agrarian revolution in United States of America (USA). (10 marks)
19. (a) Identify *five* ways in which iron working spread in Africa. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain *five* factors that led to emergence of Japan as an industrial power. (10 marks)
20. (a) Give *five* causes of the Maji Maji rebellion of 1905 to 1907 in Tanganyika. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain *five* reasons why Samori Toure resisted the French for so long. (10 marks)
21. (a) Give *five* qualifications for one to be assimilated in Senegal. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe *five* effects of direct rule in Zimbabwe. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

22. (a) State *three* economic activities of the Baganda during the pre-colonial period. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the social organization of Asante Kingdom in the eighteenth Century. (12 marks)
23. (a) Identify *three* roles of the church in promoting African Nationalism in South Africa. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain *six* problems encountered by African Nationalists in South Africa. (12 marks)
24. (a) State *three* functions of the Assembly of the League of Nations. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe *six* achievements of the League of Nations. (12 marks)