

Name: Index No:

Candidate's signature.....

Date.....

Muungano KCSE Trial Exam

233/3

CHEMISTRY**PAPER 3 (Practical)****July 2017****2¼ Hours****INSTRUCTIONS:**

Write your name and index Number in the spaces provided.

Answer *All* questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.You are *NOT* allowed to start working with the apparatus for the first **15 minutes of the 2¼ hours** allowed for this paper. This time is to enable you to read the question paper and make sure you have all the chemicals and apparatus that you may need.All working *MUST* be clearly shown where necessary.

Mathematical tables and electronic calculators may be used.

FORM EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

| Question | Max. Score | Score |
|--------------------|------------|-------|
| 1 | 22 | |
| 2 | 10 | |
| 3 | 8 | |
| Total Score | 40 | |

*This paper consists of 6 printed Pages**Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing*

- You are provided with:
 - Solid P**
 - 2.0M hydrochloric acid, **solution Q**
 - 0.1M sodium hydroxide, **solution R**

You are required to determine the enthalpy change ΔH , for the reaction between solid P and one mole of hydrochloric acid.

Procedure I

Transfer 20.0cm³ of 2.0M hydrochloric acid, **solution Q** in a 100ml.beaker using a burette. Measure the temperature of the solution after every half-minute and record the values in Table 1. At exactly **2½ minutes**, add all of **solid P** to the acid carefully. Stir the mixture gently with the thermometer. Measure the temperature of the mixture after every half-minute and record the values in Table 1. (*Retain the mixture for use in procedure II*)

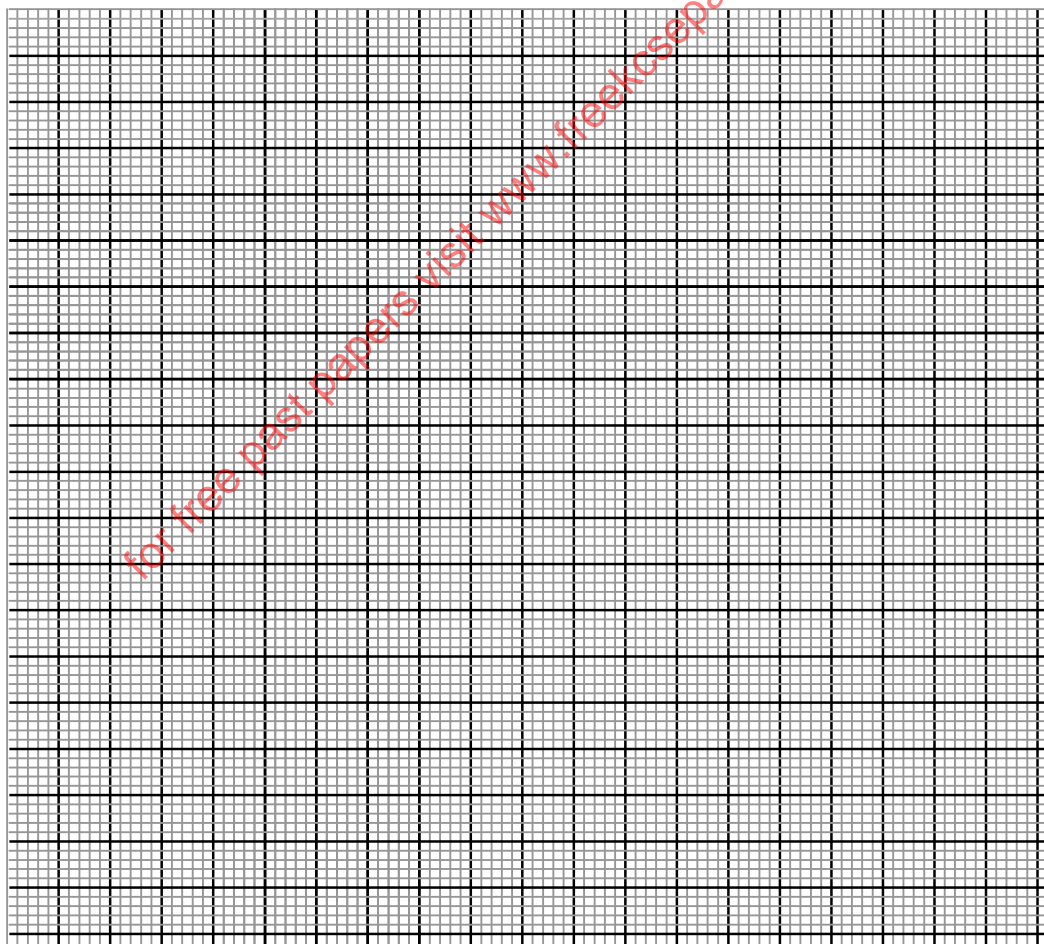
Table 1

(3mks)

| Time (min) | 0 | ½ | 1 | 1½ | 2 | 2½ | 3 | 3½ | 4 | 4½ | 5 |
|------------------|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| Temperature (°C) | | | | | | X | | | | | |

- Plot a graph of temperature (y-axis) against time.

(3mks)



(ii) Using the graph, determine the change in temperature ΔT . (1mk)

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(iii) Calculate the heat change for the reaction (*Assume that the specific heat capacity of the mixture is $4.2 \text{ Jg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ and the density of the mixture is 1g/cm^3*). (1mk)

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Procedure II

Rinse the burette thoroughly and **fill** it with sodium hydroxide. **Transfer all** the contents of the 100ml beaker in procedure **I** into a 250ml volumetric flask. **Add** distilled water to make up to the mark; **label** this as solution **N**. Using a pipette **filler**, **place** 25.0cm³ of solution **N** into a 250ml conical flask. **Add two** or **three** drops of phenolphthalein indicator and **titrate** against solution **R** from the burette. Record your results in **table 2**. **Repeat** titration two more times and **complete** Table 2.

| Table 2 | I | II | III |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|
| Final burette reading(cm ³) | | | |
| Initial burette reading(cm ³) | | | |
| Volume of solution R used (cm ³) | | | |

(4mks)

Calculate the:

- (i) Average volume of sodium hydroxide solution **R**. (1mk)

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- (ii) The number of moles of:
I Sodium hydroxide solution **R**. (1mk)

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.....

- II Hydrochloric acid in 25cm³ of solution **N**. (1mk)

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- III Hydrochloric acid in 250cm³ the of solution **N** (1mk)

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.....

- IV Hydrochloric acid in 20.0cm³ of solution **Q** (1mk)

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.....

- V Hydrochloric acid that reacted with solid **P** (1mk)

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.....

- (iii) Calculate the enthalpy of reaction between **solid P** and one mole of hydrochloric acid.
(Show the sign of ΔH) (2mks)

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2. You are provided with substance *M* for this question. **Transfer** the substance into a clean boiling tube. **Add** about 10cm³ of distilled water and **stir**. **Pour** the mixture into **four** clean test tubes of about 2cm³ each.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

- a) To the **first** portion of the solutions, **add** sodium hydroxide solution dropwise **until** in excess.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

- b) **Dip** a clean stirring rod/glass rod/nichrome wire into the second portion and then **place** into the side of a blue bunsen flame.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

- c) To the **third** portion, **add** 2-3 drops of barium nitrate solution **followed by excess** hydrochloric acid.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

- d) To the **fourth** portion, **add** 2-3 drops of acidified potassium manganate (VII)

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

3. You are provided with substance **W** for tests in this question.

a) **Place** 3 drops of substance **W** on a clean dry watch glass **then ignite** it.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

b) **Place** about 2cm³ of substance **W** in a clean dry test tube, **then add** all the sodium hydrogen carbonate provided.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

c) **Place** about 2cm³ of substance **W** in a test tube then **add** about 1cm³ of acidified potassium manganate (VII) and warm the mixture.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |

d) **Place** about 2cm³ of substance **W** in a test tube then add 2-3 drops of bromine water.

| <i>Observations</i> | <i>Inferences</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1mk | 1mk |