

NameAdm NoClass.....

Index Number..... Student's signature.....

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

December

BUNAMFAN CLUSTER EXAMINATION 2021

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- i. This paper consist of three sections; A, B and C.
- ii. Answer all the questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C.
- iii. All questions must be answered in the space provided

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

SECTION	QUESTION	Candidates score
A	1-17	
B	18	
	19	
	20	
	21	
C	22	
	23	
	24	
	TOTAL	

SECTION A (25 marks)**Answer ALL the questions in this section.**

1. Give **two** limitations of using anthropology as a source of information on History and Government. (2 marks)
2. Name one any one place where the remains of homo sapiens were found in Kenya. (1 mark)
3. Name the dispersal area of the Eastern Bantu. (1 mark)
4. Name the section of the maasai that practiced mixed economy. (1 mark)
5. Give the **main** factor that enabled the early visitors to come to the Kenyan coast by 1500. (1 mark)
6. Outline **two** importance of being a good citizen. (2 marks)
6. Give **two** ways in which education has promoted national unity in Kenya. (2 marks)
7. Identify **two** key changes contained in the New 2010 Constitution. (2 marks)
8. Name any **two** groups that monitor human rights in Kenya. (2 marks)
9. State **one** method that the British used to administer the Kenyan colony. (1 mark)
10. What was the **main** contribution of Thomas Joseph Mboya to the history of Kenya? (1 mark)
11. What was the **main** reason for the formation of Kenya African Democratic Union in 1960? (1 mark)
12. State **two** demands made by the African Elected Members organization (AEMO) in 1957. (2 marks)
13. Why was the independent constitution of 1963 known as a Majimbo constitution? (1 mark)
14. State the **main** function of the correctional services in Kenya. (1 mark)
15. Name the chief administrator and accounting officer of the Judiciary. (1 mark)
16. Identify **two** principles of devolution of government in Kenya. (2 marks)
17. Identify the political event which threatened the stability of Kenya in 1978. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 marks)**Answer any THREE questions from this section.**

18. a) Name five communities that comprise the eastern Cushites. (5 marks)
b) Explain **five** results of the interactions between the Bantu and the Cushites in Kenya during the pre- colonial period. (10 marks)
19. a) Give **three** causes of the Somali resistance to the British rule in Kenya during the 19th century. (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** effects of the Maasai collaboration with the British in the early 20th Century. (12 marks)
20. a) Give **five** grievances of Kikuyu Central Association which were presented by Jomo Kenyatta to the Colonial Secretary in 1929. (5 marks)
b) Explain **five** factors that promoted the rise of African nationalism in Kenya after 1945. (10 marks)
21. a) State **five** features that characterized African socialism in Kenya. (5marks)
b) Explain five ways in which the Harambee philosophy has promoted the development of education in Kenya. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer ANY TWO questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

22. a) Outline **five** rights enjoyed by Children in Kenya. (5 marks)
- b) Discuss **five** ways the Kenyan government have promoted national integration since independence. (10 marks)
23. a) Outline **three** sources of the Kenyan law. (3 marks)
- b) Describe the stages in the constitution making process in Kenya since independence. (12 marks)
24. a) Give **five** functions of the police service in Kenya. (5 marks)
- b) Explain **five** challenges facing the National Intelligence Service in Kenya. (10 marks)

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