Name:			Index No.
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233/1 CHEMISTRY	at on.		
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CHEMISTRY PARER 1			
JULY AUGUST 2	011		
TIME: 2 HOURS			

## NDHIWA DISTRICT JOINT EVALUATION TEST

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E.)

Chemistry Paper 1

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES:-**

- Write you name and index number in the spaces provided.
- Answer *all* the questions in the spaces provided.
- Mathematical tables and electronic calculators may be used
- All working **MUST** be clearly shown where necessary.

Question	Maximum score	Candidate's score
1-30	80	

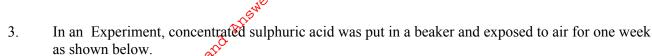
This paper consists of 12 printed pages. Candidates should check to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing

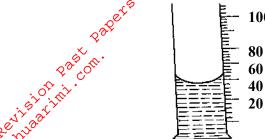
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The diagram b	elow shows a set-up of ap	A  B	sible liquids.
(a) Name the	parts labelled A and B		(1mk)
В			
(b) State the fu	unction of the part labeled	A.	(1mk)
(c) State the prabove.	operty of the mixture that	makes it suitable to be separa	ted by the method (1mk)
	ormation in the table below ctual symbols of the elem	v and answer the questions that ents.	t follow. The letters do no
Element	Atomic Number	Melting point <sup>(o</sup> C)	
L	11	97.8	
M	13	660	
R	19	63.7	
(i) Write the fo	ormulae of carbonate R an	d M	(1mk)

(ii) Describe how the carbonate of M can be obtained from a mixture of	carbonate R and M.(2mks)
(iii) R is more reactive than L. Explain	(1mk)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

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est restituatini.	80 60 40 20
What observation was made	e after one week . Explain

4.

(i) What observation was made after one week . Explain.	
(ii)What property of sulphuric acid was being investigated in the experiment.	(1mk)
a) Define the term solubility.	(1mk)

b) A form four student wanted to determine the solubility of potassium nitrate. He obtained the following results.

Mass of evaporating dish = 15.13gMass of evaporating dish and solution. = 36.51gMass of evaporating dish and salt = 19.41g

Use the information above to calculate the solubility of potassium nitrate. (3mks)

5. The table below shows the standard electrode potentials of two elements P and Q.

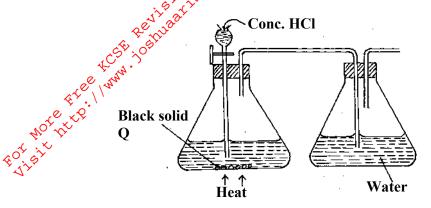
Half reactions	Εθ (v)
$P^{2+}_{(aq)} + 2 e^{-} \longrightarrow P_{(s)}$	-2.37
$Q^{2+}_{(aq)} + 2 e^{-} \longrightarrow Q_{(s)}$	-0.402

(i) Draw a well labelled diagram of a cell that could be constructed from the pair of elements.(2mks)

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Rate

6. The diagram shows an incomplete set-up for the laboratory preparation and collection of chlorine gas. Study it and answer the questions that follow.



(a) Complete the set-up to show how dry chlorine gas is collected.

(2mks)

(b) Name substance Q.

(1mk)

- 7. If aqueous lead (II) nitrate is added to aqueous solution potassium iodide, abright yellow precipitate is formed.
- (i) Write down the formula of the precipitate formed.

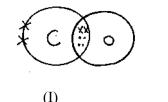
(1mk)

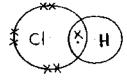
(ii) Write an ionic equation for the reaction above.

(1mk)

- 8. Zinc carbonate decomposes on heating producing a gaseous product and a residue. What volume of the gaseous product at s.t.p is produced from 2.5 g of the carbonate? (Zn = 65, C=12,O=16 M.G.V at s.t.p = 22400cm<sup>3</sup>) (3mks)
- 9. Identify the type of bond formed in (i) and (ii).

(2mks)

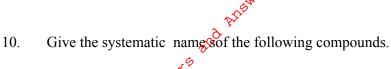




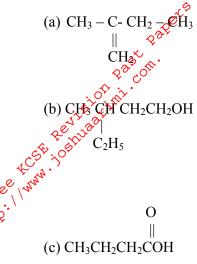
(II)

(I)..... (II)....

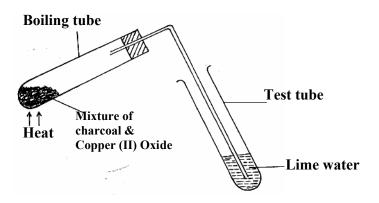
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11. The set up below was used to investigate a chemical property of carbon. Study it and answer the questions that follow.



(1) What observations were made on heating the mixture.	(2mks
(ii) What is the industrial application of carbon in terms of property investigated above.	(1mk)
In an experiment, a few drops of concentrated nitric (IV)acid were added to aqueous Iron sulphate in a test tube. excess sodium hydroxide solution was then added to the mixture (a) State the observations that were made when:	` /
(i)Concentrated nitric (V) acid was added to aqueous Iron (II) sulphate	(1mk)
(ii) Excess sodium hydroxide was added to the mixture.	(1mk)

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13. Consider the reaction represented by the equation:

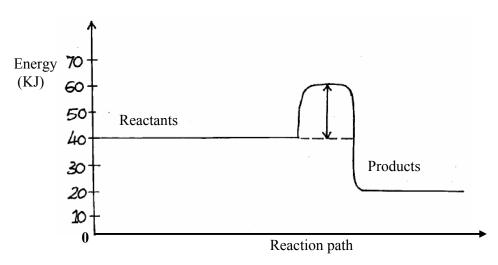
$$N_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} = 2NO_{(g)} \Delta H = + 1259 \text{ KJ}$$

Explain the effect of the following on the reaction;

(1mk)

(2mk)

4. Study the energy level below and answer the questions that follow.



 $(i) \ State \ and \ explain \ whether \ the \ reaction \ represented \ in \ the \ diagram \ is \ end othermic \ or \ exothermic.$ 

(TIIIK)

(ii) From the diagram, determine;

I the activation energy (1mk)

II enthalpy of reaction (1mk)

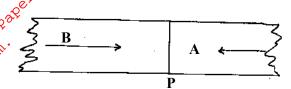
Explain why when heating substances with non-luminous flame, tubes should not be placed very close to the top of the chimmey. (2mks)

16. State Graham's law of diffusion. (1mk)

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(b) Two gases A and B diffuses from two opposite ends of the glass tube as shown. After 12 seconds gas B was detected at point P and A was detected 4 seconds later



Calculate the relative molecular mass of A given that the relative molecular mass of B is 2.

(2mks)

(3mks)

Starting with copper metal, describe how a sample of crystals of copper	(II) chloride may be
prepared in the laboratory.	(3mks)

Th undergoes two consecutive alpha decays followed by two consecutive beta decays 18. Thorium

<b>Ra.</b> Identify the values of x and y	(3mks	
у		
	•••••	
	<b>Ra.</b> Identify the values of x and y	

19. Explain why the reaction between 1g of calcium carbonate and 1M hydrochloric acid is faster than the reaction between 1 g of calcium carbonate and 1M butanoic acid.

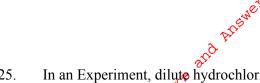
20. A hydrocarbon gas Y in which the percentage of hydrogen by mass is 14.3% occupies a volume of 2.24dm<sup>3</sup> at s.t.p and weighs 7g

(i) Determine the empirical formula of y. (C=12,H=10)  $(1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ mks})$ 

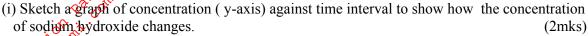
(ii) Give the structural molecular formula of Y.  $(1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ mks})$ 

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	So Cour					
22. An	an experiment to prepare	are nitrogen (I) oxide, a				eated in a
ce winda	) State and explain how	v the gas collected.			. 3	
(b	as experiment to preparation of the gas we made?	vas tested with damp bl	ue and red litmu	us papers.	 . What	observa
23. Co	omplete the table below	V.				
	Element	Latin Name Plumbum	Symbol			
		Fidillouili	-			
	Copper		_ Cu			
	Potassium		K			
		the periodic table. Use		question	s that	follow. (
do	not represent the actua	al symbols of elements.	)			
				R	S	
	N O				T	U
	N Q					
	P				1	
	_					
(a)	P	position of an element	represented by	letter V. v	whose	atomic n
	P	position of an element	represented by	letter V, v	whose	atomic n
	Indicate in the grid the s 14.	position of an element				



25. In an Experiment, dilute hydrochloric acid was added to sodium hydroxide solution drop – wise. The concentration of sodium hydroxide was noted at regular time intervals.





(ii)Explain the shape of the curve sketched above. (1mk)

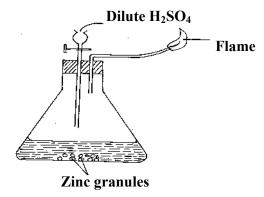
26. A compound whose general formula is M(OH)<sub>3</sub> reacts as shown by the equations below.

(i) what name is given to the compounds which behave like M  $(OH)_3$  in the two reactions above? (1mk)

(ii) name two elements whose hydroxides behave like that of M. (1mk)

1) hame two elements whose hydroxides behave like that of M. (Thik)

27. Below is a set-up of apparatus used to prepare hydrogen gas in the laboratory study it and answer the questions that follow.



(a) Write the chemical equation for the two reactions taking place in the above set up. (2 mks)

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	(b) State the chemical test for hydrogen gas.	(1mk)
28.	<sup>5</sup> φ	
**************************************	Draw a well labelled diagram to illustrate how copper metal is purified.  **Registrate Line**: Description of the company of t	(1mk)
	(b) Explain why potassium atom is larger that n Sodium atom.	(1mk)

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