

Name Index Number /

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Candidate's Signature

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232/3

Date

PHYSICS.....

PAPER 3 (PRACTICAL)

JULY/AUGUST 2013

TIME: 2½ HOURS

KIKUYU DISTRICT INTERSCHOOLS EVALUATION

KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

232/3

PHYSICS

PAPER 3 (PRACTICAL)

TIME: 2½ HOURS

Instructions to candidates

1. Write your **Name**, **Index Number**, school and date in the spaces provided above.
2. **Sign** and **write** the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
3. Answer **ALL** the questions in the spaces provided.
4. All writing **MUST** be clearly shown in the spaces provided. .

For Examiner's use only

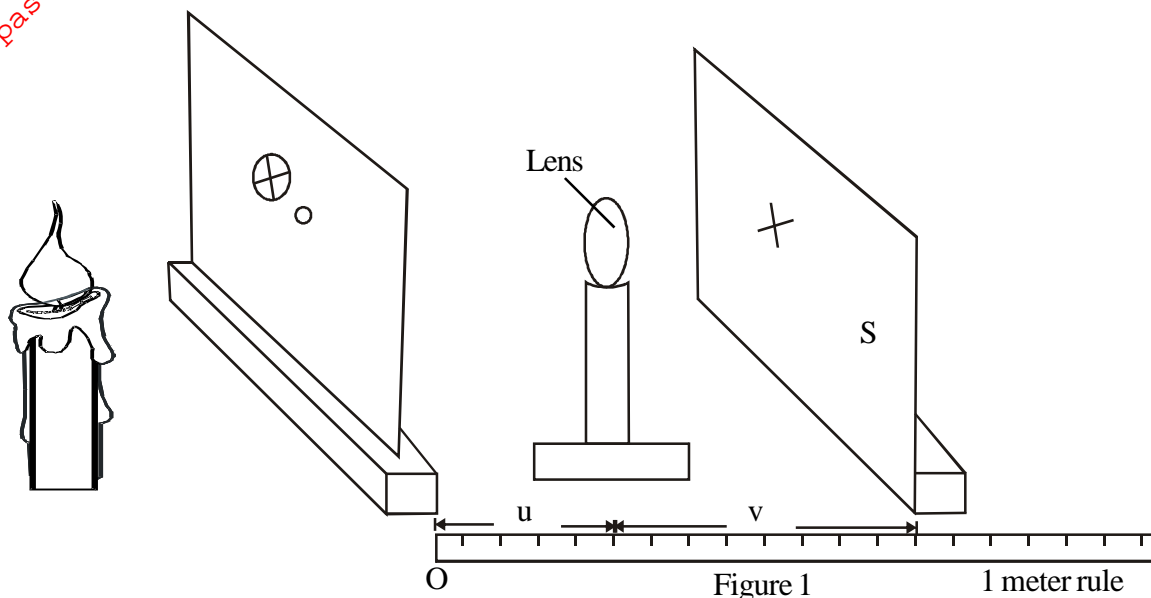
Question	1 (e)	1(f)	1 (g)	1(h)	2(b)	2 (d)	2 (e)	2(f)	2(g)	TOTAL
Maximum score	6	5	3	6	1	7	5	3	4	40
Candidates score										

PART A

You are provided with the following:

- A white screen with cross wires labelled O
- A lens and a lens holder
- A white screen labelled S
- A meter rule
- A candle

Proceed as follows:



- (a) Set up the apparatus as shown in fig. 1
- (b) Position the lens so that the object distance $u = 20\text{cm}$
- (c) Adjust the screen S so that a sharp image of the cross wires is formed on the screen S. Measure the image distance v . Record the value of u and the corresponding value of v in table 1.
- (d) Repeat (b) and (c) above for value of $u = 20\text{cm}, 25\text{cm}, 30\text{cm}, 35\text{cm}, 40\text{cm}$ and 45cm .
- (e) Complete table 1.

$u(\text{cm})$	20	25	30	35	40	45
$v(\text{cm})$						
$u + v (\text{cm})$						
$uv(\text{cm}^2)$						

Table 1.

(6 marks)

- (f) On the grid provided plot a graph of uv (y axis) against $u + v$

(5 marks)

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(g) Determine the slope of the graph.

(3 marks)

PART B

You are provided with the following

- A boiling tube
- Some dry sand
- A liquid in a measuring cylinder labelled L
- Half - meter rule
- A vernier calipers (to be shared)
- A weighing machine (one per room)
- Tissue paper

Proceed as follows:

- (h) (i) Measure the length of the boiling tube

$h =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

- (ii) Put a little amount of sand in the boiling tube and place it in the measuring cylinder which is almost filled with a liquid labelled L. Add sand, little by little until the tube floats upright as shown in figure 2.

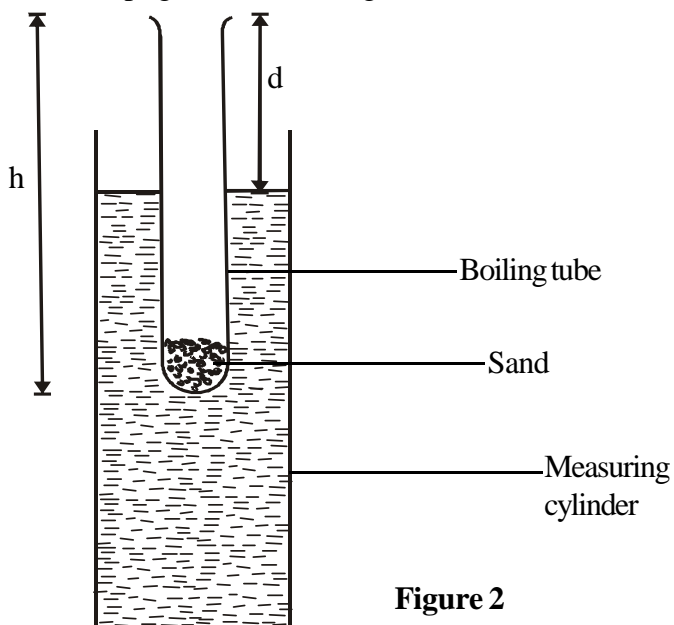


Figure 2

Measure the length, d , of the boiling tube which is above the liquid

$d =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

(iii) Determine the length, t , of the boiling tube which is immersed in the liquid.

$t =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

(iv) Remove the boiling tube from the measuring cylinder, wipe it dry (on the outside) and weigh its mass, m , including the sand inside.

$m =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

(v) Measure the external diameter, D , of the boiling tube.

$D =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

(vi) Determine external radius, R .

$R =$ _____ cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

(vii) Using the formula

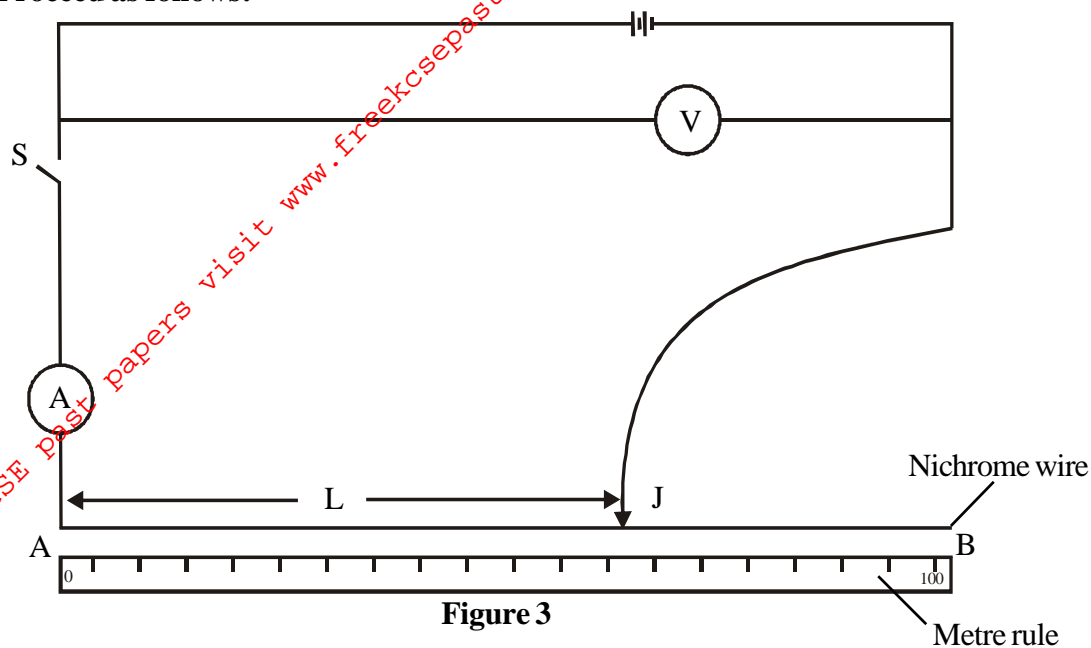
$m = \rho \times (\pi R^2) \times t$, determine ρ for the liquid.

$\rho =$ _____ (3 marks)

2. You are provided with the following:

- 2 dry cells
- A cell holder
- A nichrome wire mounted on a metre rule
- An ammeter, A
- A voltmeter, V
- A jockey J
- A switch S
- 8 connecting wires.

Proceed as follows:



- (a) Set up the apparatus as shown in fig. 3.
- (b) With the switch open, record the reading E of the voltmeter.
 $E =$ _____ (3 marks)
- (c) Place the jockey, J , on the nichrome wire at 100cm mark. Close the switch, read and record the values of I (ammeter reading) and the corresponding values of V (voltmeter reading) in table 2.
- (d) Repeat (c) above for length, $L = 70\text{cm}, 60\text{cm}, 50\text{cm}, 40\text{cm}$ and 20cm .
 Complete table 2.

$L(\text{cm})$	100	70	60	50	40	20
$I(\text{A})$						
$V(\text{V})$						
$E - V(\text{V})$						

Table 2 (7 marks)

- (e) Plot a graph of $((E - V))$ (y axis) against I . (5 marks)

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- (f) Determine the slope of the graph. (3 marks)

- (g) Given that $E = V + Ir$, from the graph determine

- (i) The internal resistance, r , of the battery. (2 marks)

- (ii) V when I is $0.3A$. (2 marks)
