INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:
(a) Section A: Answer all questions.
(b) Section B: Answer three questions.
(c) Section C: Answer two questions.
(d) Answers to all the questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.
SECTION A: (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. Give the meaning of government. (1 mark)

2. Identify the site where Kenyapithecus remains were found in Kenya. (1 mark)

3. Name one group of people who belong to the Southern Cushites. (1 mark)

4. Give two types of evidence which show that the Chinese traders reached the Kenyan Coast before 1500AD. (2 marks)

5. Identify two functions of the Kambi of the Mijikenda. (2 marks)

6. Give two reasons why the Oman rulers were interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan Coast. (2 marks)

7. State two ways through which mission stations promoted the spread of Christianity in Kenya. (2 marks)

8. Identify two groups that monitor human rights in Kenya. (2 marks)

9. Identify two types of treaties used by Europeans to acquire colonies in East Africa. (2 marks)

10. Identify the paper Jomo Kenyatta edited which was launched in 1928. (1 mark)

11. Give the main reason why African communities collaborated during the colonial period. (1 mark)

12. State two ways of response to the British invasion and occupation in Kenya. (2 marks)

13. Identify one land policy which was adopted in Kenya at independence. (1 mark)

14. Identify the chief executive of the county government. (1 mark)

15. Apart from Harambee, give two national philosophies adopted in Kenya since independence. (2 marks)

16. Name the highest court in Kenya. (1 mark)

17. Give one organ of traditional security in Kenya. (1 mark)
SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

18. (a) Name three communities in Kenya who belong to the Coastal Bantu. (3 marks)

(b) Explain six results of the migration and settlement of the Agikuyu in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. (12 marks)

19. (a) State three reasons why Seyyid Said transferred his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar. (3 marks)

(b) Describe six effects of missionary activities in Kenya. (12 marks)

20. (a) Outline five grievances by Africans in 1923 leading to the documentation of the Devonshire White Paper. (5 marks)

(b) Discuss the factors which enabled the Mau Mau Freedom Fighters to sustain the fight against the British. (10 marks)

21. (a) Give five contributions of African elected members to the legco in 1957 to the struggle for independence in Kenya. (5 marks)

(b) Explain factors which undermined African nationalists activities in Kenya during the struggle for independence. (10 marks)

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

22. (a) State five features of the independence constitution. (5 marks)

(b) Explain how multipartyism has promoted democracy in Kenya. (10 marks)

23. (a) Give the composition of the cabinet in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b) Explain six functions of the public service commission. (12 marks)

24. (a) Give three circumstance under which a governor may be removed from office in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b) Explain the problems which might be experienced by a county government. (12 marks)