$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ DRIE.

## PENTAGON J OINT EXAMINATIONS - 2013 WARENG DISTRICT <br> The Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above
2. Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided.
3. The paper contains two sections: Section I and II.
4. Answer all questions in section I and strictly five questions from section II.
5. All answers and working must be written on the question paper in the spaces provided below each question.
6. Show all the steps in your calculations, giving your answers at each stage in the spaces below each question.
7. Marks may be given for correct working even if the answer is wrong.
8. Non- programmable silent electronic calculators and KNEC mathematical tables may be used except where stated otherwise.

## FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

## Section I

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section II

| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

GRAND
TOTAL

## SECTION I (50 MARKS): Attempt all the questionss in this section.

1. Use logarithms to evaluate the value of $\frac{0 \cdot(0)}{2}$ figures. (3marks)

Pipes $S$ and $T$ can fill a tank in 2 hours and 3 hours respectively. Pipe $U$ can empty the full tank in 4 hours. How long will it take to fill the tank with all the pipes running?
3. Make d the subject in the given formula. $U=\frac{V d^{2}}{2 w+d^{2}}$
4. Find the area of triangle PQR such that the area ${\text { offits image is } 12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \text { after a transformation given }}^{\circ}$ by the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{ll}2 & 1 \\ 4 & 4\end{array}\right)$

The co-ordinates of points $A$ and $B$ are $(1,-2)$ and $(-2,4)$ respectively. A point $P$ divides $A B$ externally in the ratio $4: 1$. Find the position vector of $P$.
7. Use binomial expansion to expand and simplify $(\sqrt{6} \times 3 \mathrm{x})^{6}$ up to term in $x^{3}$. Hence approximates the value of $(0.97)^{6}$ correct to 4 significant figures.
8. Given the points $P(-6,-3), Q(-2,-1)$ and $R(6,3)$, express $P Q$ and $Q R$ as column vectors. Hence

9. The distance between two places $P\left(\theta^{\circ} S, 35^{\circ} E\right)$ and $\mathrm{Q}\left(\theta^{\circ} S, 145^{\circ} \mathrm{W}\right)$ on the earth via South Pole is 3240 nm . Find
a) the value of $\theta^{0}$.
b) the distance between P and Q along the parallel of latitude in nautical miles.
10. The expression $\mathrm{I}+\frac{x}{2}$ is taken as an approximation for $\sqrt{1+x}$. Find the percentage error in doing so if $\mathrm{x}=0.44$.
11. Point $T$ is the midpoint of a straight line $A B$. Given the position vectors of A and T are $\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{j}+\mathrm{k}$ and $2 \mathrm{i}+11 / 2 \mathrm{k}$ ${ }^{e^{e}}$ respectively, find the position vector of $B$ in terms of $i, j$ and $k$
12. The dimensions of a rectangle are 40 cm and 45 cm . If there is an error of $5 \%$ in the length and $8 \%$ in the width, find the percentage error in calculating the area of the rectangle.
13. A student's results in six mathematics' test were $2428,32+x, 48$ and 50 in that order. If the median is 36 , find the mean mark.
14. Waten the numerator of $\mathrm{x} / \mathrm{y}$ is increased in the ratio $3: 1$ and the denominator decreased in the ratio $2: 3$, the erésulting fraction is 27/28. Find $\mathrm{x}: \mathrm{y}$ in its simplest form.
15. A point $(-5,4)$ is mapped onto $(-1,-1)$ by a translation. Find the image of $(-4,5)$ under the same translation.
16. Given that $\log 2=0.3010$ and $\log 3=0.4771$, evariuate $\log 15$

## SECTION II (50 MARKS): Attempt only FLVE questions from this section

17. Water flows through a cylindrical pipe of diameter 8.4 cm at a speed of $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{minutes}$
a) Calculate the volume of watef delivered by the pipe per minute in litres.
b) A cylindrical storage tank of radius 105 cm is filled by water from this pipe and at the same rate of flow. Water begins flowing into the empty storage tank at 9.30a.m and is full at 2.00 pm . Calculate the height of this tank in metres square.
c) A family consumes the capacity of this tank in one month. The cost of water is sh 50 per thousand litres and fixed basic charge of Ksh 1650. Calculate the cost of this family's water bill for a year.
(3marks)
18. (a) Using a ruler and pair of compasses onk $火$, construct triangle $\mathbf{A B C}$ in which $\mathbf{A B}=9 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathbf{B C}=8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\angle \mathbf{B A C}=60^{\circ}$.
(b) On the same side of $\mathbf{A B}$ as $\mathbf{C}$ :
(i) Determine the locus of a point $\mathbf{P}$ such that $\angle \mathbf{A P B}=60^{\circ}$.
(ii) Construct the locus of $\mathbf{R}$ such that $\mathbf{A R}>4 \mathrm{~cm}$.
(iii) Determine the region $\mathbf{T}$ such that angle $\mathbf{A C T} \geq$ angle BCT.
19. A laptop whose value when new is Kshs 50,00Q depreciates at a constant rate of $\mathrm{R} \%$ p.a such that after 5 years, its value becomes Ksh 20,000.
a) Determine the value of $R$. (5marks)
b) How long does it take to the nearest year; for the laptop to depreciate by Ksh. 35,000 ? (5marks)

> 20. Complete the table below by filling in the blank spaceses
(3marks)

| $\mathrm{X}^{0}$ | $0{ }^{0}$ | $30^{0}$ | $60^{0}$ | $90^{\circ}$ |  | ${ }^{2} 550$ | $180^{0}$ | $210^{0}$ | 240 | $270{ }^{0}$ | $300{ }^{0}$ | $330{ }^{0}$ | 360 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\operatorname{Cos} \mathrm{x}^{0}$ | 1.00 |  | 0.50 |  | $c^{e^{2}}$ | -0.87 |  | -0.87 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2 \cos 1 / 2 x^{0}$ | 2.00 | 1.93 |  | $0^{42^{2}}$ |  | 0.52 |  |  | -1.00 |  |  |  | -2.00 |

Draw, on the grid provided, the graphs of $y=\cos x^{\circ}$ and $y=2 \operatorname{Cos} 1 / 2 x^{0}$ on the same axis. (5marks)

a) Find the period and the amplitude of $y=2 \cos 1 / 2 x^{0}$ on the same axis.
b) Describe the transformation that maps the graph of $y=\cos x^{0}$ on the graph of $y=2 \cos 1 / 2 x^{0}$.
21. An aeroplane flies from point $\mathrm{A}\left(1.25^{\circ} \mathrm{S}, 37^{\circ} \mathrm{E}\right)$ to a point B directly North of A . the arc AB subtends an angle of 450 at the center of the earth. From B, the aeréplane flies due west to a point C on longitude $23^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$.
(Take the value of $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ as and radius of $f_{0}^{2}$ the earth as 6370 km )
(a) (i) Find the latitude of $\mathcal{B}^{\mathrm{C}^{c^{~}}}$
(3marks)

(ii) Find the distance traveled by the aeroplane between B and C in km and in nm .
(4marks)
(b) The aeroplane left B on Wednesday at 1.00 a.m local time. When the aeroplane was leaving B, what was the local time at C ?
22. The figure below (not drawn to scale) represents two circles centres O and C whose radii are 5 cm and 8 cm respectively. If the centres are 16 cm apart and $B Q$ is a transverse common tangent which intersects with line OC at point $M$.


Calculate;
a)
 The length of the transverse (interior) common tangent.
23. The table below shows the marks scored by studerits in a mathematics test.

| Marks | 10-19 | 20-29 | 30-39 | 40)-49 | 50-59 | 60-69 | 70-79 | 80-89 | 90-99 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 3 | 5 |  | 21 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 |

(a) From the above table determine the $20^{\text {th }}$ percentile.
(2marks)

(i) Using the above graph drawn in (b) determine the pass mark if $40 \%$ of the students passed
(ii) If the pass mark was pegged at $65 \%$, how many students passed.
24. The figure below represents a model of a tower $\triangle P Q R$. The horizontal base $P Q R$ is an equilateral triangle of sides 9 cm . The length of the edges are $\mathrm{VP}=\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{VR}=20.5 \mathrm{~cm}$. Point M is the mid- point of PQ and $\mathrm{VM}=20 \mathrm{~cm}$. Point N is on the base andevertically below V


(ad ${ }^{\left(s^{\wedge \prime}\right)}$ The length RM
(b) The height VN of the model.
(c) Projection of lines: VM and VN on the plane PQR
(d) Find the surface area of slant faces.


