

311/1  
HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT  
PAPER 1  
MAY/JUNE 2014  
2½ hours

**CROSS COUNTRY EXAM 2014**  
**Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education**  
**HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT**  
**Paper 1**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This paper consist of **three** sections; **A, B** and **C**
2. Answer **All** the questions in section **A**, **three** questions from section B and **two** questions from section C
3. This paper has **twenty three** questions the candidate should ascertain that all the questions are provided.
4. All questions must be answered in the answer booklet provided.

**SECTION A (25 MARKS)**

**Answer ALL the Questions from this Section**

1. Identify **two** aspects of history. (2 marks)
2. Name the supreme council among the Ameru in the pre colonial period. (1 mark)
3. State **two** solutions the Kenya government has put in place to remedy food shortage. (2 marks)
4. Give the **main** factor that led to the growth of towns along the Kenyan coast before 19<sup>th</sup> century. (1 mark)
5. State **two** conditions that may qualify one to be registered as a Kenya citizen. (2 marks)
6. State **one** advantage of using arbitration as a method of solving conflicts. (1 marks)
7. Give **one** provision of the national accord of 2008. (1 mark)
8. What was the main reason for the signing of Heligoland treaty of 1890? (1 mark)
9. Give **two** reasons why Africans were reluctant to provide labour during the colonial period. (2 marks)
10. State **two** positive results of the Mau Mau uprising. (2 marks)
11. Mention **one** main strategy introduced by Jomo Kenyatta to try and eliminate the social problems that faced Kenya at independence. (1 mark)
12. Give **two** qualifications for one to vie as a member of the county assembly in Kenya. (2 marks)
13. Identify **one** pillar of Nyayoism. (1 marks)
14. State **two** external factors that led to growth of multiparty system in Kenya in the early 1990's. (2 marks)
15. Identify **one** member of the executive arm of government in Kenya (1 marks)
16. Give the composition of the county assemblies in Kenya. (2 marks)
17. Identify **one** major way in which the national government raises public revenue internally. (1 marks)

## SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Attempt any **THREE** questions from this section in the answer booklets provided.

18. (a) Outline **five** reasons for the migration of the Luo from their original homeland. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period. (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **three** roles of Mekatilili wa Menza in the Agirama resistance. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** results of the Agikuyu mixed reaction towards the establishment of the British rule in Kenya. (12 marks)
20. (a) Name **three** members of the 'Kapenguria six'. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the role of Jaramogi Oginga Odinga in the struggle for independence in Kenya. (12 marks)
21. (a) Identify **three** types of landholding in Kenya. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** political challenges that have faced post-independent Kenya. (12 marks)

## SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Attempt any **TWO** questions from this section

22. (a) State **three** stages in the electoral process in Kenya (3 marks)
- (b) Explain the election flaws as per the Kriegler and Waki Report that necessitated electoral reforms (12 marks)
23. (a) Give **three** characteristics of human rights ? (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** rights of arrested persons in Kenya (12 marks)
24. (a) Give **five** principles of public finance in Kenya (5 marks)
- (b) Explain how the County governments spend their money in Kenya (10 marks)