**Name:……….......................................................Index Number ……………………Date ......................**

 **Candidate’s Signature:……........................**

**HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT**

**311/1**

**PAPER 1**

**July - 2015**

**2 ½Hours**

**STAREHE GIRLS’ CENTRE**

**FORM 4 MOCK EXAMS, JULY - 2015**

 **HISTORY AND GOVERNMNENT PAPER 1**

**2 ½ Hours**

**Instructions to candidates:**

1. *This paper has three sections A, B and C.*
2. *Answer* ***ALL*** *questions in section A.*
3. *Answer any* ***three***  *questions from B*
4. *Answer any* ***two***  *questions from C.*

**This paper consists of 3 printed pages. Students should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are Printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

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**SECTION A – (25 MARKS)**

***Answer all the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.***

1. Name one national philosophy in Kenya? (1 mark)

2. State two characteristics of the Kenyan Constitution (2 marks)

3. List one Kenyan community that dispersed from Mt. Elgon. (1 m ark)

4. Why did the Luo of Ugenya resist the British. (2 marks)

5. Identify two classes of human rights. (2 marks)

6. State one principal of the concept of natural justice. (1 mark)

7. State two ways in which the establishment of plantations along the coast led to the expansion of the slave trade. (2 marks)

8. Name the missionary who was appointed to represent African interests in the legislative

 council in 1923. (1 mark)

9. Give the main role of opposition parties in Kenya. (1 mark)

10. Mention one constitutional amendment of 1991. (1 mark)

11. Why was the nomination of Eliud Mathu to the legislative council important. (1 mark) 12. Identify the main role of the speaker of the National Assembly. (1 mark) 13. State two main political developments which happened in Kenya in 1990. (2 marks)

14. Give two problems encountered by trade unions during the colonial period in Kenya.

 (2 marks)

15. What role do observers play during elections in Kenya. (1 mark)

16. Identify two political changes that occurred in Kenya in 1966. (2 marks)

17. State two factors that led to the decline of the Maasai in the 19th century. (2 marks)

**SECTION B – (45 MARKS)**

***Answer Any Three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.***

18.a) State five reasons for migration of the Bantu to Kenya (5mks)

 b) Describe the migration and settlement of Eastern Bantu speaking community in Kenya

 up to 1800 (10mks)

19.a) State five reasons why Britain was interested in establishing control over Kenya during

 the scramble for East Africa. (5mks)

 b) Describe five reasons of collaboration between Mumia of the Wanga and the British

 (10mks)

20.a) State five constitutional changes which took place in Kenya between 1954 and 1963

 (5mks)

 b) Explain five ways which Oginga Odinga contributed too the struggle for independence

 in Kenya (10mks)

21.a) identify five roles of cultural Heritage in Kenya (5mks)

 b) Explain five challenges facing cultural Heritage in Kenya today (10mks)

 **SECTION C – (30 MARKS)**

***Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.***

22 a) Identify five constitutional changes in the executive in 2010 (5 mks)

 (b) Explain five principles of democracy (10 mks)

23 (a) Give three functions of the clerk of the National Assembly (3 mks)

 (b Describe the stages through which a bill passes before becoming a law (12 mks)

24 (a) State five features of the independence constitution (5 mks)

 (b)Explain five ways how multipartyism has promoted democracy in Kenya (10 mks)