## SECTION I ( 50 marks)

## (Answer all questions in this section)

1. Evaluate withouf ${ }^{2}$.

3mks*TRZ*

$$
\frac{0.38 \times 0.23 \times 2.7}{0.114 \times 0.0575}
$$

2. Use reciproeal tables only to find the value of


Solve for x in $\frac{6 \mathrm{x}-4}{3}-\frac{2 \mathrm{x}-1}{2}=\frac{6-5 \mathrm{x}}{6}$
4. A business woman bought 288 bananas at sh. 10 for every 12 . She sold all of them at sh. 20 for every 18 . What was her percentage profit.

4mks*TRZ*
5. Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the line AB where the co-ordinates of A and $B$ are $(-2,4)$ and $(4,-2)$ respectively.
6. If $2 / 3$ is added to the numerator of a certain fraction, the fraction will be increased by $1 / 21$ and if $1 / 2$ is taken from its denominator the fraction becomes $2 / 9$. Find the reciprocal of the fraction. $4 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
7. A solid sphere radius 10 cm weighs 3 kg . Calculate the weight in kg of a solid sphere, radius 30 cm if they are made of the same material.
8. Give the integral values of x which satisfy the following inequalities.

$$
4<3 x-2
$$

$$
15-2 x>4
$$

3mks*TRZ*
9. Find the mean of $0.002,0.004,0.005,0.006,0.008$ given that the mean of $20,40,50,60$ and 80 is 50 .
10. One litre of melted metal is cast into 15 equal cubes. The volume of the metal is reduced by $4 \%$ on cooling. Calculate the dimensions of the cube in cm .
11. Solve the simultaneous equation below

$$
\log _{3} 2 x+y=2
$$

$$
\log _{2} 5 \mathrm{x}+2 \mathrm{y}=4 \quad 4 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}
$$

12


In the figure above, AB is parallel to $\mathrm{DE} ; \angle \mathrm{ABC}=80^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{CDE}=28^{\circ}$. Find $\angle \mathrm{DCB}$. $2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
13. The GCD and LCM of three number are 3 and 1008 respectively. If two of the numbers are 48 and 72 , find the least possible value of the third number.
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
14. Simplify the following expression and them factorise completely.

$$
6 q^{2}-11 q-6-(2 q-3)^{2}
$$

15. A bus leaves a town $Q$ a $06.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and travels towards $\mathrm{R}, 400 \mathrm{~km}$ away at an average speed of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At 8.00a.m $\widehat{9}$ truck left R for Q at an average speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At what time will the two vehicles me't and how far from Q is the meeting point.

4 mks *TRZ*
16. Measurement of maize field using a base line $X Y=240 \mathrm{~m}$ were recorded as shown below. (Measurement in metres).

| TO R | $60 \left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\mathrm{Y} \\ 190\end{gathered}\right.$ |  | 50 to p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 150 |  |
| To Q | 60 | 120 |  |
| To T | 30 | 50 | 20 to M |
|  |  | X |  |

a) Use a suitable scale to draw the map of the maize field.
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
b) Find the area of the field in hectares.
$3 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$

## SECTION II ( 50 MARKS)

## Answer any FIVE questions from this section

17. In the diagram below, OACB is a parallelogram. D is on AC such that $\mathrm{AD}: \mathrm{DC}=2: 1$ and that $1 / 2 B C=C E$.

a) Given that $\mathbf{O A}=\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{O B}=\mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{O C}=\mathbf{c}$ express in term of $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{c}$ only.
(i) OD
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
(ii) OE
$1 \mathrm{mk} * T R Z^{*}$
b) Given that $\angle \mathrm{BOE}=26^{\circ}, \mathrm{OE}=5$ units and $\mathrm{OB}=3$ units, calculate the length BE .

2mks*TRZ*
c) Given further that $\mathbf{a}=\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 2\end{array}\right], \mathbf{b}=\left[\begin{array}{l}4 \\ 6\end{array}\right]$ and $\mathbf{c}=\left[\begin{array}{l}-2 \\ -3\end{array}\right]$, find $|2 \mathbf{a}+1 / 2 \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{c}|$
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
d) Find the image of the point $\mathrm{B}(2,-17)$ under a translocation $\mathrm{T}=\binom{-10}{5} \quad 2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
18. a) Using a ruler and compasses only, construct triangle ABC such that $\mathrm{AB}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BC}$ $=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\angle \mathrm{ABC}=120^{\circ}$. Measure AC. $3 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
b) On the same diagram, construct a circle which passes through the vertices of the triangle ABC . Measure the radius of the circle.

4mks*TRZ*
c) Measure the shortest distance from the centre of the circle to the line BC. 1 mk 2 mks
d) With BC as the base, calculate the area of the triangle ABC .

2mks*TRZ*
19. A printer wishes to impgit a printing machine into Kenya, direct from the manufacturer in East Germany. The ex-factory price of the machine is 32075DM. Shipping and insurance charges amount to 1,450 DAS. On arrival in Kenya, the machine is subjected to customs duty at the rate of $30 \%$ of the me mine plus shipping and the insurance cost. The price is further increased by a sales tax charged at the rate of $15 \%$ of the price including customs duty.
a) reafeulate the customs duty.

3mks*TRZ*
b) Caicarate the sales tax.

3mks*TRZ*
c) Calculate the total cost of the machine in Kenya shillings given that $1 \mathrm{DM}=$ Ksh 10.4 giving R Yowr answer to the nearest hundred shillings.

4mks*TRZ*
$20 \leqslant 今$, Four towns R,T,K and $G$ are such that $T$ is 84 km directly to the north of R and K is on a
. bearing of $295^{\circ}$ from R at a distance of 60 km . G is on a bearing of $340^{\circ}$ from K and at a distance of 30 km . Using a scale of 1 cm to represent 10 km , make an accurate scale drawing to show the relative positions of the towns.
$4 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
Find
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (a) The distance and the bearing of } \mathrm{T} \text { from } \mathrm{K} . & 2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z * \\ \text { (b) The distance and the bearing of } \mathrm{G} \text { from } \mathrm{T} . & 2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z * \\ \text { ( c ) The bearing of } \mathrm{R} \text { from } \mathrm{G} \text { and the distance between them. } & 2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *\end{array}$
21. The figure below shows a circle centre O and a cyclic quadrilateral $\mathrm{ABCD} . \mathrm{AC}=\mathrm{CB}$. Angle $\mathrm{ACB}=70^{\circ}$ and BOD is straight line. Giving reasons for your answer, find the size of the angles below.

a) angle ACD
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
b) angle AOB
2mks*TRZ*
c) angle CAD 2mks*TRZ*
d) angle ADC $2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
e) angle AOD
22. a) On the grid provided, plot the triangle whose co-ordinates are $\mathrm{A}(1,2), \mathrm{B}(5,4) \mathrm{C}(2,6)$. $1 \mathrm{mk} * T R Z *$
On the same grid,
b) (i) Draw the image $A^{1} B^{1} C^{1}$ of $A B C$ under a rotation of $90^{0}$ clockwise about the origin.
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
(ii) Draw the image of $\mathrm{A}^{1} \mathrm{~B}^{1} \mathrm{C}^{1}$ under a reflection in line $\mathrm{y}=-\mathrm{x}$. State the co-ordinates of A ${ }^{11} B^{11} C^{11}$.
$3 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
c) $\mathrm{A}^{111} \mathrm{~B}^{111} \mathrm{C}^{111}$ is the image of $\mathrm{A}^{11} \mathrm{~B}^{11} \mathrm{C}^{11}$ under the reflection in the line $\mathrm{x}=0$. Draw the image $A^{111} \mathrm{~B}^{111} \mathrm{C}^{111}$ and state its co-ordinates.
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
d) Describe a single transformation that maps $\mathrm{A}^{111} \mathrm{~B}^{111} \mathrm{C}^{111}$ onto ABCD .
$2 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z^{*}$
23. The number of visitors per day to a game park was recorded over a period of 60 days. The figures are shown in the table below.

| No. of <br> visitors | $0-19$ | $20-39$ | $40-59$ | $60-69$ | $70-79$ | $80-99$ | $100-119$ | $120-139$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No of <br> days | 2 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 10 | Y | 12 | 6 |

a) Find the value of $y$.

2mks*TRZ*
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b) State the modal class.

1mk*TRZ*
c) State the midpoints of each ciass.

2mks*TRZ*
d) Draw a histogram hence a frequency polygon for these figures on the same axes.
$5 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$
24. A solid is made up 9 a conical frustrum and a hemispherical top as shown in the figure below. The dimensionszare as indicated in the figure below.

a) Find the area of
(i) The circular base

2mks*TRZ*
(ii) The curved surface of the frustum

3mks*TRZ*
(iii) The hemispherical surface

2mks*TRZ*
b) A similar solid has a total surface area of $81.51 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Determine the radius of its base.
$3 \mathrm{mks} * T R Z *$

