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Paper 2	175			
July / August 2012				
Time 2Hours				
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W. Y	Kenya Certifica	ate of Secondary	School (K.C.S.E)	

231/2 BLOLOGY Paper2 July / August 2012 Time 2Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- 2.. Sign and write the date of the examination in the spaces provided .
- 3. Answer all the question in the spaces provided above.
- 4. This paper consist of two sections A and B.
- 5. In section B,answer question 6 (compulsory) and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8.
- 6. This paper consist of 12 printed pages.
- 7. Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

FOR EXAMINER USE ONLY.

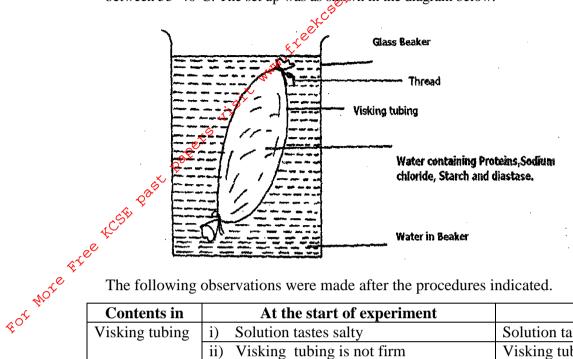
SECTION	QUESTIONS	MAXIMUM	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
		SCORE	
A	1	08	
	2	08	
	3	08	
	4	08	
	5	08	
В	6	20	
	7	20	
	8	20	
TOTAL SCORE		80	

This paper consists of

12 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing

In a physiological experiment, starch, protein, diastase and sodium chloride were added to water and put 2. inside a visking tubing. The visking tubing was then placed in a water bath maintained at a temperature between 35 40°C. The set up was as shown in the diagram below.



The following observations were made after the procedures indicated.

Contents in	At the start of experiment	After 1 hour
Visking tubing	i) Solution tastes salty	Solution tastes salty
	ii) Visking tubing is not firm	Visking tubing is firm
	iii) After boiling with Benedicts	After boiling with Benedicts
	solution, solution remains blue	solution the solution turns brown
	iv) On addition of solution	On addition of sodium hydroxide
	hydroxide followed by copper	followed by coppers sulphate to the
	sulphate solution to the solution,	solution, the colour changes to
	the colour changes to purple	purple
Beaker	i) Water is tasteless	Solution tastes sweet/salty
	ii) After boiling solution with	After boiling solution with
	Benedicts solution, Blue colour	Benedicts solution, colour turns to
	remains	brown
	iii) On addition to sodium hydroxide	On addition of sodium hydroxide
	followed by copper sulphate solution,	followed by copper sulphate
	colour remains blue	solution, colour remains blue

a)	Name the process by which salt moved into the water in the beaker from the visking to						
b)	i)	Name the food substance responsible for the brown colour observed after 1 hour the beaker and visking tubing when solutions are boiled with benedicts solution.	(l mark)				
	ii)	Account for the observation in (b i) above. (3 mark	,				

	d)	What is tissue fluid?	(2 marks)
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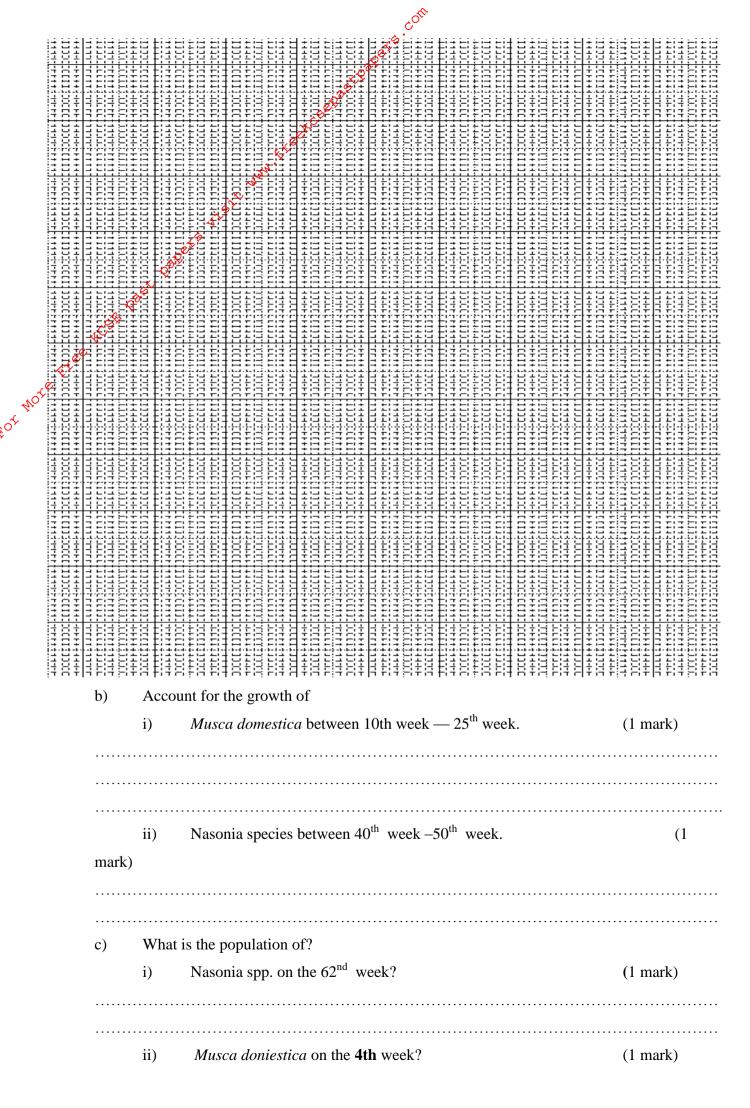
SECTION B(40 MARKS)

Answer question 6(Compulsory) in the spaces provided and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8.

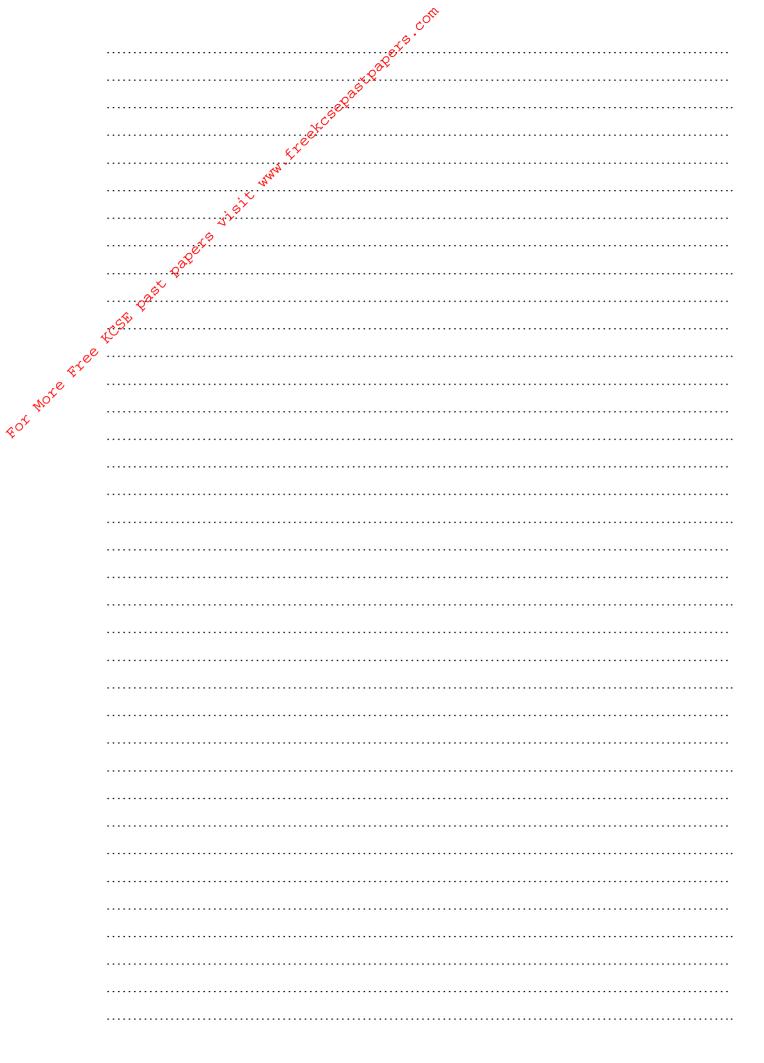
6. The table below shows the population of a housefly *musca domestica* which is parasitized by wasps of species Nasonia spp. The investigation of their population growth pattern was carried out for 70 weeks. In these experimental space and physical factors were assumed to be limiting.

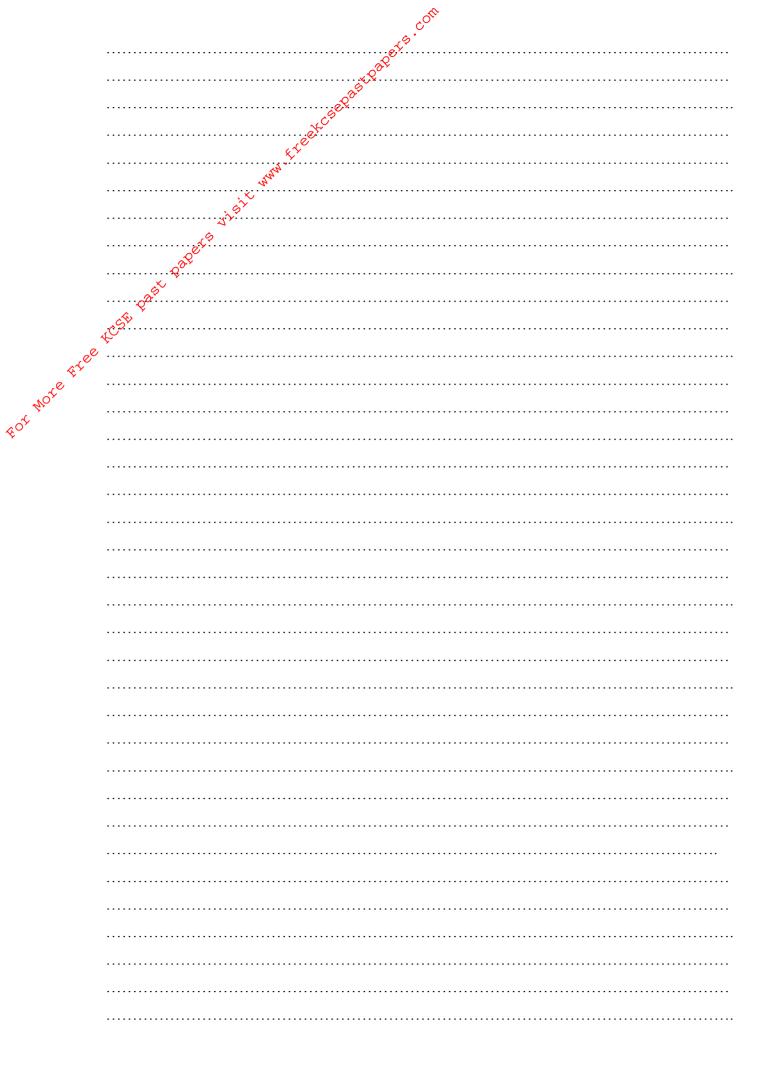
Time in weeks	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
Musca domestica	40	70	110	260	350	480	400	395	350	40	60	140	250	240	230
Nasonia Spp.	10	20	30	45	100.	200	300	380	410	250	60	20	40	200	280

a) Using the readings in the table, plot graphs on the same axis of population growth of organisms against time. (8 marks)



		* Baderto.									
	d)	Bemex, another parasite of housefly was introduced into the ecosystem what will be the effect of the population of	em. Giving a reason;								
		i) Housefly Musica domestica.	(2 marks)								
		i o i X									
		ii) 🕫 Nasonia Spp.	(2 marks)								
	 L	Ş.									
for more	e)	In estimating the population of <i>Musca domestica</i> in the experiment ab release recapture method was used. Describe the procedure which was									
\$OT			(4 marks)								
7.	. a)	What is natural selection?	(2 marks)								
	b)	Describe how natural selection brings about adaptations of a species of to its environment	of a living organism (18 marks)								
8.	. a)	Describe how urea is formed	(5 marks)								
	b) 	Describe the path followed until it is eliminated from the body	(15 marks)								





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