# 311/2 HISTORY & GOVERNMENT Paper 2 July/August 2014 2 ½ Hours . NME. Wind with the work of the set papers the transferred to the set papers the set papers the set of the se

# NAKURU DISTRICT SEC. SCHOOLS K.C.S.E TRIAL **EXAMINATIONS-2014**

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)

# **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- This paper consists of **THREE** Sections **A**, **B**, & **C**.
- Answers all questions in section **A**, **THREE** questions in section **B** and **TWO** Questions in section **C**.
- Answers to all questions must be written in the answer sheets Provided
- Candidates should check the question papers to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

**SECTION A**. ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION (25 MARKS)

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For More Free 4	1.	Identify two sources of information on history and government	(2 marks)
	2.	State <b>two uses</b> of tools by early man	(2 marks)
	3.	State <b>two disadvantages</b> of using steam as a source of industrial energy	(2 marks)
	4.	Give two limitation of Barter trade during the trans-Saharan trade	(2 marks)
	5.	State two advantages of motorcycle as a means of transport	(2 marks)
		Give <b>two ways</b> in which Islam spread to Africa in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	(2 marks)
	C.	Give one political function of the Odiwira festival among the Asante	(1 mark)
	8.	Identify the name of the treaty signed between Samori Toure and the French. (1 mark)	
	9.	Mention two factors that led to the growth of Johannesburg as an early urba	an centre
			(2 marks)
	10.	State one term of the Industrial Conciliation Act of 1934 in Zimbabwe	(1mark)
	11.	Give two methods used by the apartheid Government to discourage African	S
		nationalism from 1960	(2 marks)
	12.	Identify two methods that the United Nations Security Council may use to	maintain
		peace and security in the world.	(2 marks)
	13.	Identify the <b>main</b> incident that brought the end of the Second World War.	
	14.	State the main characteristic of Common wealth member states	(1mark)
	15.	Identify one country in Africa where cold war was witnessed	(1 mark)
	16.	State one way of becoming a member of the house of Lords in Britain	(1 mark)
	17.	State One function of the supreme Court in India	(1 mark)

## <u>SECTION B : (45 MARKS)</u> ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

- 18. (a) In what ways did overseas colonies contribute to the expansion of industries in Europe (3 marks)
  - (b) Discuss the **social problems** faced by the European society as a result of industrialization (12 marks)
- 19. (a) Identify **three ways** of sending messages during the early times (3 marks)
  - (b) What has been the **result of the development** of Telecommunication technology in the modern world (12 marks)

20. (a) State five causes of the Chemurenga Uprising (5 marks)

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- (b) Describe the social *organization* of the Shona during the 19<sup>th</sup> Century (10 marks)
- 21. (a) State three objectives of the economic community of West African States (3 marks)
  - (b) Explain six factors that led to the collapse of the East African Community in 1977 (12 marks)

### SECTION C: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION (30 MARKS)

- FOR NOTE Free KCSE Past Pape 22 (a) Give three reasons why the British used Direct rule in Zimbabwe (3 marks) (b) Explain six reasons why indirect rule failed in Southern Nigeria (12 marks)
  - 23 (a) State three aims of the Arusha Declaration in Tanzania (3 marks)
    - (b) Explain six political challenges Tanzania has faced since independence (12marks)
  - 24. (a) State five objectives of the non-aligned movement. (5 marks)
    - (b) Explain five factors that undermined the non aligned movement (10 marks)