NAME		INDEX NO
	a2 ⁶	
SCHOOL	<u>X</u> X	CANDIDATE'S SIGNATURE
	2000 C	
	Co.	DATE
	et	
231/2	freekraega.	
BIOLOGY	with.	
	, A	
PAPER 2 (THEORY)	×	
JULY/AUGUST 2014		
TIME: 2 HOURS		

de

TRANS-NZOIA COUNTY JOINT EXAMINATIONS-2014

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

PAPER 2
(THEORY)

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, school and index number in the spaces provided above.
- This paper consist of **TWO** sections; **A** and **B**.
- Answer **all** the questions in the section **A** in the spaces provided.
- In section **B** answer Question **6** (compulsory) and either question **7** or **8** in the space provided after question **8**.
- Check to ascertain that all pages are printed and that no questions are missing.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

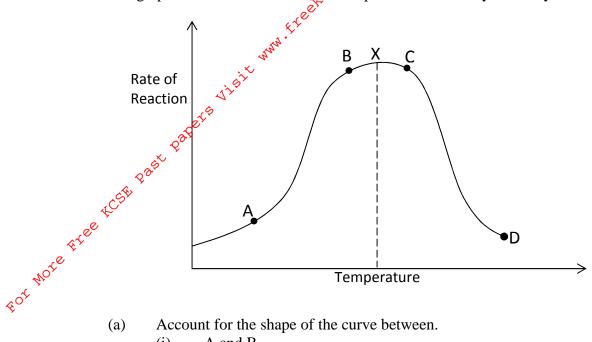
Section	Question	Maximum	Candidates
		Score	Score
	1	8	
	2	8	
A	3	8	
	4	8	
	5	8	
В	6	20	
	7	20	
	8	20	
Total	Score	80	

Biology Paper 2 Turnover

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

The graph **below** show the effect of temperature on an enzyme catalysed reaction. 1.



Account for the shape of the curve between.

(i) A and B.	(3 marks)
--------------	-----------

(ii)	C and D.	(2 marks)

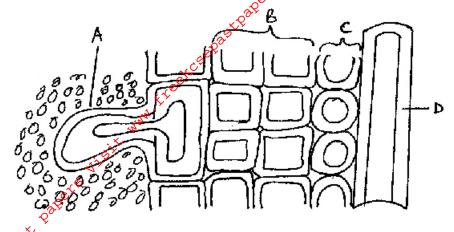
(b) What does the point marked X represent? (1 mark)

	com	
(c)	Apart from temperature, state two other factors that affect the rate of enzyme reaction.	controlled (2 marks)
	e ^{kc} ésége	
	mr. Ete	
Colou	or blindess is a sex linked trait caused by a recessive gene on the X chromosome of X^{C} to represent the gene for normal colour vision and X^{C} to represent the gene	. Using the e for colour
blindn (a)	ness work out the following. The phenotype of children born to a normal man and carrier woman.	(5 marks)
4CSW		
(b)	What is the genotypic ratio of their children?	(1 mark)
(c)	Define the term: (i) Allelle.	(1 mark)

2.

	(ii)	Genetic engineering.	(1 mark)
		getati	
		4, te exte	
(a)	State th	he functions of the following parts of the ear.	(1 mark)
,	agi ^X pagi ^X		
4CSE Q	(ii)	Eustachian tube.	(1 mark)
	(iii)	Vestibular apparatus.	(1 mark)
(b)	(i)	Define tropic response.	(1 mark)
	(ii)	What is the importance of tropic response?	(1 mark)
(c)	State o	one role of meninges.	(1 mark)
	(b)	(a) State to (i) (b) (ii) (iii)	(a) State the functions of the following parts of the ear. (i) Typiphanic membrane. (ii) Eustachian tube. (iii) Vestibular apparatus. (b) (i) Define tropic response.

The diagram below shows part of a longitudinal section of a young root. 4.



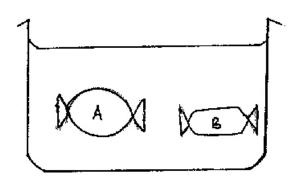
For note free to Name the parts labelled A, B, C and D.

(4 marks)

State the function of the part labeled **A**. (b) (1 mark)

How is the tissue labelled \mathbf{D} adapted to it function. (3 marks) (c)

The experiment **below** was set up to demonstrate a physiological process. Two tubes **A** and **B** made 5. of sheep's bladder were filled with different liquids and placed in a basin containing a liquid.



COLL

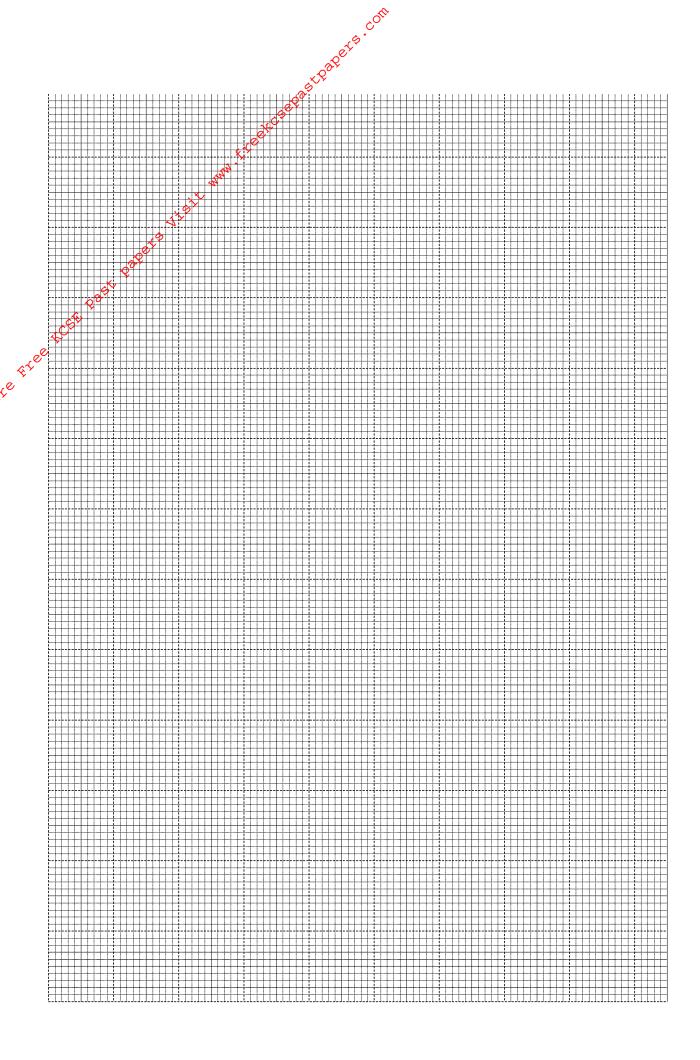
		20 minutes it was found that tube A felt hard and the liquid in it had increased.	
	Tube (a)	B was soft and contained less liquid. Explain what took place in tube A.	(2 marks)
		<u> </u>	
		Nath.	
		J'isi'	
		Tuke B.	(2 marks)
	ACSE S		
& Lee	/		
more			
	(b)	Identify the liquid hypertonic to the liquid in the basin.	(1 mark)
	(c)	What does the sheep's bladder correspond to in a living organism.	(1 mark)
	(d)	What physiological process was being investigated in the above experiment?	(1 mark)
	(e)	What is the meaning of the term haemolysis.	(1 mark)

Answer question **6** (**compulsory**) and either question **7** or **8** in the spaces provided after question **8**.

6. You have been provided with the data below on the growth of mice population. The population starts with two sexually mature mice, a male and a female. Every time they reproduce they reproduce in litter of six (3 males and 3 females) at 7 weeks intervals. Assume that they take 14 weeks to sexually mature and produce. They only die of old age when they are 3 years old. The following table shows population growth and litter production.

Time interval in weeks	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49
Mice population	2	8	14	28	62	104	146	260
Litter population	0	6	6	24	24	42	42	114

(a) Using the same axis draw graphs of population of mice and litter against time. (8 marks)



	(b)	(i)	How many times has the first litter of mice reproduced.	(1 mark)
		(ii)	How many times has the third litter of mice reproduced?	(1 mark)
	(c)		our factors that may have affected the population growth of mice.	(4 marks)
			5 ⁵	
	(SE) 2°	,6°		
te fitee	(d)	Explai	in the shape of the litter curve.	(4 marks)
	(e)	How m (i)	many pairs of mice reproduced between 14 - 21 st weeks and 42 - 49 weeks? Between 14 – 21 st weeks.	(2 marks)
		(ii)	Between 42 – 49 weeks.	
7.	Descri	be how	the structure of mammalian skin is adapted to its function.	(20 marks)
8.	Descri	be the r	role of hormones in human female menstrual cycle.	(20 marks)

response to the contract of th
- The state of the
Reference of the state of the s
£'tee'to
Why .
vitati v
apers

Tests
rite t
de <u>, </u>

response to the contract of th
- The state of the
Reference of the state of the s
L'reet
Why .
vitati v
apers

Tests
rite t
de <u>, </u>