NAME	. Index No
Candidate's Signature:	Date:

231/1 BIOLOGY PAPER 1 (THEORY) TIME: 2 hours

Keya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE)4MCK Joint exam

BIOLOGY
PAPER1
(THEORY)
TIME: 2 hours

Instructions to candidates

- Write your name and Index number in the spaces provided above
- Sign and write the date of the examination in the spaces provided
- Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

For Examiner's Use Only

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QUESTIONS	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE			
1 - 30	80				

1.	As air is pumped into a balloon, the balloon increases in size. What is the between this increase in size and that, which is observed in organisms?	
2.	Explain why is it necessary to stain specimens for observation under a mid	croscope. (2 marks)
3.	What kind of skeleton is found in the following animals:- a) Earth worm	(1 mark)
	b) Tse tse fly	(1 mark)
	b) Tse tse fly c) Weaver bird	(1 mark)
	d) Sea anemone	(1 mark)
4.	The diagram below represents the nitrogen cycle. Nitrogen in the air Nitrogen in plan Nitrogen in p	nts
	Nitrification Nitrogen in animal	ls
Name:-a)	The compound N	(1 mark)
b)	The process P	(1 mark)

c)	The organism involved in process S.	(1 mark)
5.	Name the structure in mammalian ear that is responsible for the following a) Equalizing pressure between the outer and middle are.	g functions. (1 mark)
	b) Body balance	(1 mark)
6.	a) What is lymph?	(1 mark)
	com	
	What is the major difference between lymph and tissue fluid.	(2 marks)
		•••••••••
	akes of the same o	
7.	Differentiate between i) Cisternae and cristae	(2 marks)
	15	
	ii) Organelles and organs	(2 marks)
	T. MOIL	•••••
8.	In what way is vestigial structures evidence of evolution?	(2 marks)
		•••••
		•••••••
9.	State one antagonistic effect of auxins and gibberellins in plant growth.	(1 mark)

	stinguish between haploid and diploid cells.	(2 marks
•••		
 11. Ex	xplain how osmosis is a type of diffusion.	(2 marks
		(2 marks
•••		
12. Di	ifferentiate between poikilotherms and homoiotherms	(2 mark)
•••	45.	
	etogo.	
13. Na	ame a waterborne disease and state a control measure for it.	(1 mark)
•••	<i>,,</i> %	
14. a)	The diagram below represents a structure observed from a green f	flowering plant.
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
i)	Name structures labeled S, T, and U on the diagram.	(3 marks
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15	. Name two conditions required for ultra filtration to take place.	(2 marks)
16	. Explain the following observations	
	a) Increase in oxygen concentration in the roots of a plant will lead to i	ncrease in
	mineral ions intake.	(2 marks)
	çofi	•
	b) Mineral ions uptake decreases once the root hair cells are treated wit	h metabolic
	poison.	(2 marks)
	N delos,	
17	. Describe two functions of a cuticle of a leaf.	(2 marks)
	Sec. 1	
	4. Q2Q	
18	. Blood pressure in the arteries is greater than in the veins of mammals be	
	pumped to the arteries by the heart at high pressure. Give another reason	
19	. State two functions of colon in man.	(2 marks)

20.	a) Nar	ne the reagents one would need to test the presence of the following	g food
	substa	nces:-	
	i)	Vitamin C	(1 mark)
	ii)	Non reducing sugar	(1 mark)
	iii)	Proteins	(1 mark)
b)	Why a	are monosaccharides described as reducing sugars?	(1 mark)
	c) Na	nme a disaccharide that is a reducing sugar.	(1 mark)
21.		s it important that active transport is employed in the absorption of	
,	monos	saccharide, dipeptides and amino acids?	(2 marks)
		of States	
22.	Turgo	r pressure is very important in plants. Give three ways plants make	
	υ	reties,	(3 marks)
	•••••	, 100.	•••••
	• • • • • • •	<i>kol</i>	•••••
23.	Irritab	ility is the ability of organisms to respond to stimuli.	
	i)	What are stimuli?	(1 mark)
	•••••		••••••
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

	ii)	Name two stimuli that plants respond to.	(2 marks)
24.	a) Whe	en are two organisms considered to belong to the same species?	(2 marks)
	•••••		•••••
	b) Witl	n reasons, name the kingdom in which paramecium and plasmodium	n belongs. (2 marks)
	•••••		
	•••••	-0 ^{25tV}	
		espiratory quotient (RQ) is the ratio of respiratory gases.	•••••
	a) Writ	te down the formula for calculating RQ	(1 mark)
		jėt. N	
	b) Writ	te down a balanced chemical equation for aerobic respiration on a g	lucose
	molecu	ile.	(1 mark)
	•••••	······································	
	c. Fron	n your chemical equation, calculate the RQ. (Show your working)	(2 marks)
	•••••		••••••
	•••••		•••••
	26. Na	me any three types of gene mutation.	(2 marks)

28. a) State the processes that take place during anaphase of mitosis. (2 marks) b) What is the significance of having the testis outside the body of human male? (2 marks) 29. The following table shows regions of the gut, their pH and enzymes present.	27. A student failed to	o see the field of view th	nrough the eye piece of the	e microscope.
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	Mouth	e Q	Amylase	
31. Name two plant metabolic wastes. (1 mark)				
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