$\qquad$
$\qquad$

121/1
MATHEMATICS ALT. A
PAPER 1
JUNE 2016
TIME: $2 ½$ hours

## THE 4MCK JOINT EXAMINATION

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE)
MATHEMATICS ALT. A

## Paper 1

$21 / 2$ hours

## Instructions to Candidates

(a) Write your name and admission number in the spaces provided above.
(b) This Paper consists of Two sections. Section I and section II.
(c) Answer ALL the questions in section I and only five questions from section II.
(d) Show all the steps in your calculations, giving your answers at each stage in the spaces provided below each question.
(e) Marks may be given for correct working even if the answer is wrong.
(f) Non-programmable silent electronic calculators and KNEC Mathematical table may be used, except where stated otherwise.
(g) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed ad indicated, and that no questions are missing.

## FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

## Section I

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section II

| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Grand
Total


## SECTION I (50 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. If $1 \cdot 2=\frac{a}{b}$, find the value of $2 \mathrm{a}-\sqrt{ } \mathrm{b}$ (3 marks)
2. a) Using squares, square roots and reciprocal tables only, find the value of
i) $\sqrt{0.0596}$
(1 mark)
ii) $\quad\left(\frac{1}{4 \cdot 327}\right)^{2}$
b) Hence, find the value of
$(0.0596)^{1 / 2}+\left(\frac{1}{4.327}\right)^{2}$ (2 marks)
3. Find the value of $k$, if

$$
\frac{729 \times 81^{k}}{1 \div 243^{k-1}}
$$

4. In the figure below, ABCD is a kite in which BC is produced to $\mathrm{E} . \angle \mathrm{DCE}=140^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{BAD}=60^{\circ}$.


B
Calculate the size of
a) $<\mathrm{ABC}$
(2 marks)
b) $\angle \mathrm{BCA}$
(1 mark)
5. Simplify the expression

$$
\frac{\left(w^{2}-w y-w z+y z\right)(w+z)}{z^{2}-w^{2}}
$$

6. The figure below is a solid pyramid. The base is an equilateral triangle of side 14 cm . Point $V$ is vertically above O and M is the midpoint of BC . VM is 17 cm .


If the solid weights 0.293 kg , calculate its density in $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
7. Mutua sold a car to Kyalo at a loss of $20 \%$. Kyalo sold the car to Muema at a profit of $50 \%$. Muema sold the car to Musyoka at a l,oss of $25 \%$. Calculate the percentage profit Kyalo would have made, had he sold the car directly to Musyoka.
8. Find the image of point $\mathrm{A}(6,-2)$ under the transformation defined by

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathrm{X}^{\prime}=\mathrm{x}-3 \mathrm{y} \\
& \mathrm{Y}^{\prime}=2 \mathrm{x} \tag{2marks}
\end{align*}
$$

9. An inverted cone has a height of 72 cm and a base radius of 49 cm contains water to a depth of 28 cm . Calculate the volume of water in liters, refined to fill up the cone.
(3 marks)
10. A rectangular prism ABCDEFGH has a tought string tied from H to B to D and back to it as shown below

a) Draw the net of the prism and label.
b) On the net, show the string, and measure its length.
11. A bus can carry a maximum of 61 passengers when full. The bus has a total of 24 seats, some of which can accommodate 2 passengers and other 3 passengers. Determine the number of seats in the bus.
12. Two pipes fill a swimming bath in 18 hours. The samller pipe takes $101 / 2$ hours longer than the larger pipe to fill the bath. How long does the longer pipe take to fill the bath? (4 marks)
13. The perimeter of a quadrant of a circle is $137 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~cm}$. Find its area.
14. The length of certain plants in cm, were recorded as follows

| Length (cm) | $11-20$ | $21-30$ | $31-40$ | $41-50$ | $51-60$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency(f) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cumulative frequency | 4 | 12 | 28 | 48 | 58 |

a) Complete the table.
b) Draw a frequency polygon to represent the above data.
(3 marks)

15. Simplify
(2 marks)

1
$-\quad-\operatorname{Tan}^{2} x$
$\operatorname{Cos}^{2} \mathrm{x}$
16. The figure below is a map of a forest drawn on a grid of 1 cm squares.

a) Estimate the area of the map in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(1 mark)
b) If the scale of the map is $1: 50,000$ estimate the area of the forest in hectares. (2 marks)

## SECTION II

## Answer only five question in this section in the spaces provided.

17. a) Form three inequalities that satisfy the region in the figure below.

b)Solve the following inequalities and represent your answer on a number line

$$
7 x-4 \leq 9 x+2<3 x+14
$$

c) Find the distance of the point $(4,3)$ from the point of intersection of the lines $2 x-3 y=7$ and $4 x+3 y=5$, leaving your answer in simplified surd form.
18. Musyoka left town A at 8:00am and travelled towards town $B$ at an average speed of $64 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At 8:30am, John from town B and travelled towards town A at the same speed. The two towns are 384 km apart.
a) At what time of the day did they meet?
(5 marks)
b) How far from $B$ was their meeting point?
(2 marks)
c) How far apart were they at 10:30am?
(3 marks
19. The diagram below represents a metallic frame for marking a children's shelter in a refugee camp. The ends are triangular such that $\mathrm{AB}=\mathrm{DE}=4.37 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{BC}=\mathrm{AC}=3.4 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{CF}$ $=\mathrm{AB}=\mathrm{BE}=20 \mathrm{~m} . \angle \mathrm{ACB}=80^{\circ}$

a) Calculate to 1 decimal place the vertical height of the tent.
(2 marks)
b) Find the area to 1 decimal place of the canvas material needed to cover the tent completely excluding the floor area.
(3 marks)
c) If the cost of 1 m of the metal used is Kshs 300 , and the cost per square meter of the canvas is Kshs 180 . Calculate the cost of materials used to make three such tents.
(5 marks)
20. Jane is standing 10 km from a point P , which is due North of her. She walks on a straight path on a bearing of $030^{\circ}$.
a) How far will she have walked when she is equidistant from the starting point and the point $P$.
b) find the bearing of $P$ from this equidistant point, to the nearest degree
c) How far will Jane have walked when she is at the shortest distance from the point P?
(2 marks)
d) How far will the point $P$ be, from Jane when she has walked 20km on the same straight path, to 2 decimal placeS.
21. a) Complete the table below for the function $y=2 x^{2}+4 x-3$
(2 marks)

| $x$ | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ |  |  | -3 |  | -3 |  |  |

b)Using the values in the completed table draw the graph of $y=2 x^{2}+4 x-3$ (3 marks)

Scale: 2cm $\equiv 1$ unit (x); 2cm $\equiv 1$ unit (y)

c) Using your graph, estimate the roots of the equation
$\mathrm{X}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}-1.5=0$ to 1 decimal place
(2 marks)
d) By drawing a suitable straight line on the same axes, solve the equation. (3 marks)

$$
x^{2}+x-5=0 \text {, to } 1 \text { d.p }
$$

22. The pail shown below is open at the top and is in the shape of a frustram of a cone. The pail is filled with water to the brim, and the total surface area of the surface in contact with water is $380 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. The slant height of the pail is 20 cm . The radius of the top circular part is 14 cm , and the circular bottom is r cm .


Calculate the
a) Base radius r , in cm
(4 marks)
b) Height, h , of the pail in cm
(2 marks)
c) Volume of water in the pail, in liters, in terms of $\pi$
23. Points A, B, and C have the co-ordinates $(3,1),(8,2)$ and $(2,6)$ respectively.
a) Find the midpoints of
(2 marks)
i) $\quad \mathrm{AB}$
ii) AC
b) Determine the equations of the perpendicular bisectors of
i) AB
ii) AC
c) Hence determine the area of the circle which passes through the points $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, and C , leaving your answer in terms of $\pi$.
(4 marks)
24. The displacement, $h$ meters, of a particle moving along a straight line after $t$ seconds is given by $h=-2 t^{3}+3 / 2 t^{2}+3 t$
a) Find it is initial acceleration
(3 marks)
b) Calculate
i) The time when the particle is momentarily at rest
ii) Its displacement by the time it comes to rest momentarily.
(2 marks)
c) Calculate the maximum speed attained.
(2 marks)

