

**CENTRAL KENYA NATIONAL SCHOOLS JOINT MOCK - 2016****311/2****HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT****PAPER 2****JULY/AUGUST 2016****TIME: 2½ HOURS****SECTION A: (25 MARKS)**Answer **ALL** questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. Identify **two** unwritten sources of information in history and government. (2 marks)
2. Give **one** reason why the period of early man is referred to as Stone Age. (1 mark)
3. State **one** way through which the invention of writing favoured the development of early agriculture in Egypt. (1 mark)
4. State **one** use of the wheel in ancient Mesopotamia. (1 mark)
5. Name **two** metals that were used as currency in pre-colonial period. (2 marks)
6. State **two** reasons why trade movements were formed in Europe in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. (2 marks)
7. State the **main** function of chiefs among the Shona in pre-colonial period. (1 mark)
8. Identify **two** symbols of royal authority in Buganda Kingdom. (2 marks)
9. Give **one** strategic factor that led to the European invasion of Africa. (1 mark)
10. Name the European country that colonized Mozambique. (1 mark)
11. Give **two** reasons why African chiefs were unpopular among their fellow Africans during the colonial period. (2 marks)
12. Identify **two** war weapons that were used in the First World War. (2 marks)
13. State the **two** regions that signed an act of union in 1964 in Tanzania. (2 marks)
14. State **two** benefits of international relations. (2 marks)
15. Identify **one** characteristic of the common wealth countries. (1 mark)
16. Give **one** requirement for one to be allowed to contest as a presidential candidate in the USA. (1 mark)
17. Who forms the executive of the British Government?

**SECTION B: (45 MARKS)**Answer any **three** questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

18. (a) Identify the stages of development of tools by early man. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** effects of the development of agrarian revolution in the U.S.A. (12 marks)
19. (a) State **five** reasons why man began to trade. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain the factors that contributed to industrialization in India. (10 marks)
20. (a) Give **five** methods used by nationalists in Mozambique in the struggle for independence. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** reasons why South Africa took long to achieve majority rule. (10 marks)
21. (a) State **three** principles of the Arusha Declaration of (1967). (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the major political developments that Julius Nyerere will be remembered for in Tanzania. (12 marks)

**SECTION C: (30 MARKS)**Answer any **two** questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

22. (a) Give **three** duties of the Katikiro. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** factors that led to the rise and growth of the Asante empire. (12 marks)
23. (a) State **three** privileges which were enjoyed by assimilated Africans in the four communes of Senegal. (3 marks)
- (b) Why did the French system of Assimilation fail in areas outside the communes? (12 marks)
24. (a) State **three** functions of the supreme court in India. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** functions of the Prime Minister in India. (12 marks)