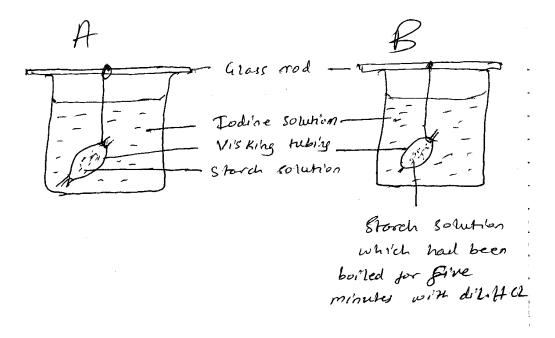
GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY

FORM FOUR 2016 EVALUATION EXAMINATION

231/1
BIOLOGY
PAPER 1
(Theory)
JULY/AUGUST 2016

SECTION A:

1.	A scientific space craft brought some material to earth from the outer space. Explain how one would establish if the material is living or non-living. 2mks				
2.	State two functions of golgi apparatus. 2mks				
3.	A student observed a row of 16 epidermal cells in a microscopic field that was 8mm in diameter. Calculate the average length of each cell in micrometers. 1mk				
1.	A group of students set up an experiment as shown below. The experimental set up were left for 20 minutes				



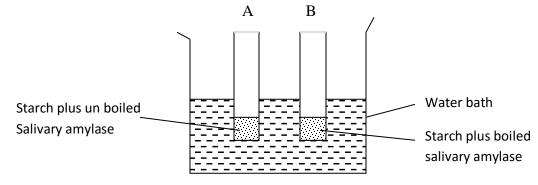
The observation after 20 minutes were as shown in thetable below.

Set up		Observations
	Inside tubing	Outside tubing
A	Blue black colour	Colour of liodine.
В	Colour of iodine	Colour of iodine

a)	State the process being demonstrated in this experiment. 1mks
b)	Explain the results in set up A. 3mks

In a	tabulated form, distinguish between class gymnospermae and angiospermae. 2mks
(a)	Explain what happens when two species occupy the same habitat. 1mk
(b)	State an adaptation of submerged aquatic plants to gaseous exchange. 1mk
	Explain why the number of predators in any ecosystem is less than the number of their y. 2mks
(b)	Define the term trophic level as used in ecology. (1 Mk)

8. In an experiment to investigate an aspect of digestion, two test tubes A and B were set up as shown in the diagram below.



		The test tubes were left in the water bath maintained at 37oC for 30 minutes. The content of seach test tube was then tested for starch. a) What was the aim of the experiment? 1mk			
	(a)	What was the aim of the experiment? 1mk			
	(b)	Why was the set up left at 37°C? 1mk			
9.	(a)	State the function of co-factors in cell metabolism. 1mk			
	(b)	Give an example of a metallic co-factor. 1mk			
	(c)	State one function of incisors in herbivores. 1mk			
10.		Explain how the following factors affect the rate of photosynthesis:- 2mks (i) temperature.			
	(ii)	Concentration of carbon (iv) oxide.			

11. (a)	What is metamorphosis? 1mk				
(b)	State o	ne advantage of metamorphosis to the life of insects. 1mk			
12. (a)	Give a	ny two characteristics of meristematic cells. 2mks			
	(b)Exp	plain the function of epicotyl during seed germination. 1mk			
13. (a)	Explai (i)	n how the following prevent self-pollination:- 2mks Dioecism			
	(ii)	Self-sterility.			
	(b)Wh:	at is the role of pollen tube in plant fertilization? 1mk			
		at 15 the 15th of potten tube in paint fortification. This			

14		(a) The diploid number of chromosomes in a guinea fowl is 60. How many chromatids does it have at the end of mitosis? 1mk					
((b)	Suggest the advantages of internal fertilization and development. 2mks				
	(c)	State t	three characteristics of fungi. 2mks				
	(d)	Name	the phylum whose members possess a notochord. 1mk				
15.		(a)	State two causes of variation. 2mks				
		(b)	Describe one difference between telophase II and (i) Telophase I of meiosis. 1mk				

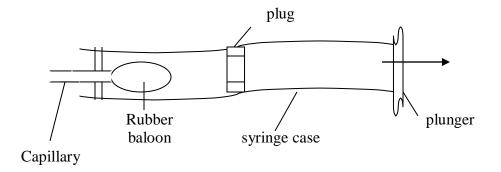
	(ii)	Telophase of mitosis. 1mk
The c	hemical	equation below represents a reaction that occurs in cells.
2C ₅₇ F	H ₉₈ O ₆ +	$145O_2 \longrightarrow 102CO_2 + 98H_2O.$
(i) C	alculate	the respiratory quotient (RQ). 2mks
_		
(ii) Id	lentify th	he substrate used in respiration. 1mk
_		
_		
- - -		
(iii)N	ame the	compound that stores energy released during oxidation of glucose. 1nd
	ame the	
(iii)N	ame the	compound that stores energy released during oxidation of glucose. 1n
(iii)N	ame the	compound that stores energy released during oxidation of glucose. 1nd
(iii)N	ame the	compound that stores energy released during oxidation of glucose. 1n
(iii)N	Distin	compound that stores energy released during oxidation of glucose. 1n

	<u>Intend</u>	ed message.	Actual message				
	(i)	Eat the meat	Heat the meat				
	(ii)	This is my team	This is my tea.				
(a)			nutation illustrated in I and II above.	1mk			
	(ii)			1mk			
	(11)			THIK			
(b)		two examples of chrure. 2mks	romosomal mutation that lead to char	nge in chromosomal			
19.	Give o	Give one factor that influences:-					
	(a)	Capillarity. 1mk					
	(b)	Root pressure. 1ml	k				
	(c)	State the role of con	mpanion cells during transport in phl	oem tissue. 1mk			
20.	Explai	in the meaning of the	e following terms:-				
	(a)	Reception. 1mk	<u> </u>				
	(u)	reception. This					
	(b)	Co-ordination. 1m	k				

- 21. Give the name of the following responses.
 - (i) curvature of plant shoot towards light. 1mk

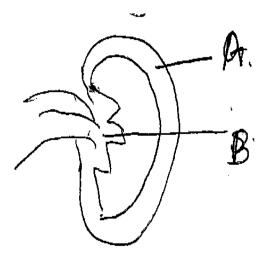
(ii) coiling of a plant shoot round a supporting structure. 1mk

22. The apparatus below illustrate breathing in a mammal.



- (a) Describe what happens if the rubber plug is pulled in the direction shown by the arrow. 1mk
- _____
- (b) Give the parts of mammal represented by:-
 - (i) Capillarity tube. 1mk
 - (ii) Rubber plug. 1mk
- 23. (a) Name two bones that form the pectoral girdle. 2mks

- (b) Name the cavity formed by the scapula that form a joint with the humerous. 1mk
- 24. Study the following diagram showing longitudinal section of a kidney.



Name the parts labeled A and B. 2mks

A:		

B:

- 25. Name the blood vessel that supplies blood to:-
 - (i) Heart muscles. 1mk

Explain why it is not advisable to sleep in a room with burning charcoal stove. 2mks

- 26. Name the part of the ear involved in:
 - (a) Balance.

	(b)	Amplification of sound waves.
	(c)	Reception of sound stimulus. 3mks
27.	What	is Homeostasis? 1mk
	Explai	n what happens to excess amino acids in the liver of humans. 3mks
28.	State (i)	one use of each of the following excretory products of plants. Tannin. 1mk
	(ii)	Latex. 1mk