NAME	. INDEX NUMBER
	SIGNATURE
	DATE

231/2 BIOLOGY PAPER 2 TIME: 2 HRS

JULY/AUGUST 2016

WESTLANDS SUB-COUNTY JOINT EXAMINATION

KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (K.C.S.E)

BIOLOGY

Paper 2 (Theory) July/Augst 2016 **Time: 2 hours**

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- b) Sign and write the date of the examinations in the spaces provided above.
- c) There are 10 printed pages. Ensure all pages are printed.
- d) Answer all questions in section A in the spaces provided and question 6 (Compulsory), in section B and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
	1	8	
	2	8	
A	3	8	
	4	8	
	5	8	
	6	20	
В	7	20	
	8	20	
TOTAL SCORE		80	

SECTION A (40 MARKS) Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

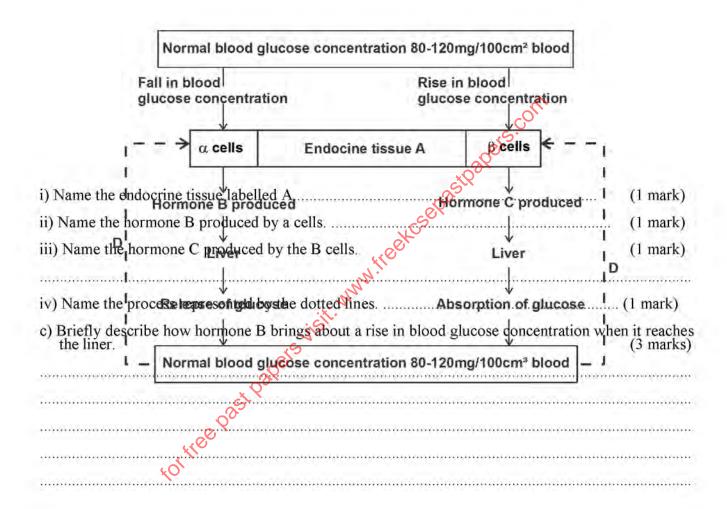
1. The graph shows the effect of substrate concentrate on the rate of enzyme reaction.

Rate of Reaction	<u>в</u> <u>с</u>	
 a) Account for the shape of the graph i) A and B 	1 SATURATE Concentration	(3 marks)
	£10 ² 10 ² 15.00	
ii) B and C	, egycse par	(2 marks)
	MAN	
b) How can the rate of reaction be in	creased after point B?	(1 mark)
c) State two properties of enzyme that	at make them be said to be efficient.	(2 marks)
a) State the causative agents of the fo	ollowing diseases;	
i) Amoebic dysentery		(1 mark)
ii) Typhoid		(1 mark)
b) Name the cells in the human body	that are infected by <u>plasmodium</u> .	(1 mark)
c) State three adaptations of <u>Ascaris</u>	lumbricoides to its parasitic life.	(3 marks)

2.

	d) State two control measures for cholera.	(2 marks)
3.	a) Define sex-linkage.	(2 marks)
	b) Name two traits in humans that are linked to Y chromosome.	(2 marks)
	c) In a family, a man who is haemophiliac has two sons. One of the sons is haemophiliac wother son is normal. What is the probability of one of his daughter being haemophiliac? (Use punnet square to show your working) a) Define the following terms. i) Comparative anatomy	rhile the (4 marks)
4.	a) Define the following terms. i) Comparative anatomy	(1 mark)
	ii) Vestigial structures	(1 mark)
	iii) Adaptive radiation	(2 marks)
	b) Explain; Charles Darwin's idea of "survival of the fittest".	(2 marks)
	c) Lamarck's idea of "use and disuse".	(2 marks)
5.	a) What is endocrine gland?	(1 mark)

 Study the flow diagram showing the role of the pancreas in controlling blood glucose concentration;



SECTION B (40 MARKS) Answer question 6 (compulsory) and either 7 or 8.

In an experiment to determine the effect of ringing on the concentration of sugar in the phloem. A ring of bark from the stem of a tree was cut and removed. The amount of sugar in grammes per 16cm³ piece of bark above the ring was measured over a 24hr period. Sugar was measured over a 24hr period. Sugar was also measured in the back of a similar stem of the same species which was not ringed. The results are shown in the table below.

a) Using the	Time of th	ie day	ot grap	ons o	moun	t of su	igar in	gram	mes pe	er 1cm	s biec	oth s	oark		(0	mark	(S)
					N	ormal	stem	14		Ring	ed ste	m					
	6	.45am				0.78	3			Ü	0.78						
	9	.45am				0.80)			-/	0.91						
	12	2.45pm	1			1.81	1			- 5	1.01						
611	3	.45pm	ČC.			1.80)				1.04						
b) At what-	time was	.45pm	nount	offer	ioar h	1.77	in th	e.		- 3:	1.10	0					
i) Ringed s		.45pm			-5	0.73		,		V	0.95				(1	mark	:)
	12	2.45am	1		unione)	065					088	,,,,,,					
ii) Normal	stem								000	1694					(1	mark	:)
		ШН	HH	TH		Ш	THI	1112		HIII	11111	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	HHH	Ï
c) How mu	ch sugar	would	be in	the r	inged	stem	if it v	vasim	easure	d at 3	:45an				-(1	mark	1
																	=
							72,										Ē,
d) Give a re	eason wh	y there	was	sugai	in th	e sten	of b	oth tr	ees at	6:45ai	n .	Ш	1111		112	mark	\$
				1111				###			HH	\Box	+++	111		###	1
										$\Pi\Pi\Pi$			HH			++++	1
					49									Ш			E
																	1
e) Account	for the sl	ape o	f the	graph	for t	ne tre	with	the r	nged :	stem l	etwee	n;		##			
				X		###		###		\Box	HH	+	###	#		+++	1
				+						\mathbf{H}	$\Pi\Pi$	H	\overline{H}		+		-
			\mathbf{X}										\blacksquare				1
		140															E
													###	##			1
				1111									1111	##		###	1
						\mathbf{H}							+++			\mathbb{H}	1
																	1
														Ш			1
		шш				###						Ш		##		ш	1
											###	\Box		##	111		4
		11111		1111						\Box	###	\Box	##	##		+++	1
						\mathbf{H}				HHH	HHH	\mathbb{H}	HH	\mathbf{H}			7
																	E
														+++			1
														Ш			
													1111	ш			=
										11111	1111	Ш	###	##	Ш	1111	1
												###	###				1
				1111							###		###				7
						11111							1111				7
				1111		1111					HH		1111		+		7
													HH	\mathbf{H}			7
					11111	11111	11111	1111		11111	11111	1111	1111			11111	-1

f) Name the structures in the phloem that are involved in the translocations of sugars. (2 marks) g) Name two elements required for the formation of chlorophyllin plants. (2 marks) 7. a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion ii) Secretion iii) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: ii) Thermoregulation iii) Protection (10 marks) iii) Protection (8 marks) 3. a) Explain why water, oxygen optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (5 marks)		i) 6:45 and 3;45pm	(3 marks)
f) Name the structures in the phloem that are involved in the translocations of sugars. (2 marks) g) Name two elements required for the formation of chlorophyllim plants. (2 marks) 7. a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion (1 mark) ii) Secretion (1 mark) b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection (10 marks) (8 marks) 3. a) Explain why water, oxygen, optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (10 marks) b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. i) Gibberellins (5 marks)			
f) Name the structures in the phloem that are involved in the translocations of sugars. (2 marks) g) Name two elements required for the formation of chlorophyllim plants. (2 marks) 7. a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion (1 mark) ii) Secretion (1 mark) b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection (10 marks) (8 marks) 3. a) Explain why water, oxygen, optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (10 marks) b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. i) Gibberellins (5 marks)			
g) Name two elements required for the formation of chlorophyll in plants. 7. a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion ii) Secretion (1 mark) b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection (10 marks) ii) Protection (8 marks) 8. a) Explain why water, oxygen optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (10 marks)		ii) 3:45pm and 12:45am	(2 marks)
7. a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion ii) Secretion (1 mark) b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection (10 marks) (8 marks) 8. a) Explain why water, oxygen, optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (10 marks)		f) Name the structures in the phloem that are involved in the translocations of sugars.	(2 marks)
 b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: Thermoregulation Protection a) Explain why water, oxygen optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. Gibberellins (5 marks) 		g) Name two elements required for the formation of chlorophyll in plants.	(2 marks)
 b) Explain how mammalian skin is adapted to perform the following functions: Thermoregulation Protection a) Explain why water, oxygen optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. Gibberellins (5 marks) 		i seko	
i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection (10 marks) (8 marks) 3. a) Explain why water, oxygen, optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during germination of seed in plants. (10 marks) (10 marks) (10 marks) (10 marks) (10 marks) (10 marks)	7.	a) Define the following biological terms: i) Excretion ii) Secretion	
b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. i) Gibberellins (5 marks)		i) Thermoregulation ii) Protection	(8 marks)
b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. i) Gibberellins (5 marks)		a) Explain why water, oxygen, optimum temperature and enzymes are necessary during of seed in plants.	g germination (10 marks)
		b) Explain the role of the following plant hormones in growth and development. i) Gibberellins	(5 marks) (5 marks)

Sapers con.
. GS
The state of the s
is the
No.
kol Kes Oszt osz

g
"Oglers: Our
~0°0
······
and the second of the second o
N.
16
hotties ber
of the second
i de la companya de
······································

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
age ¹⁵
as to a factor of the factor o
Akce e la superior de
www.treekcsepastpapers*
isit. www.treekcsepastpapers.
- Apars visit. www.freakcsepast.papers
Dast Papars visit. www.freekcsepastpapers.
Korthee Dast Dagets visit, www.treakcsepasthapets com

FOR Free Past Papers visit. www.free Rose Papers v