

NAME..... ADMNO.....

CLASS.....

DATE.....

232/2
PHYSICS
PAPER 2
(THEORY)
KCSE MOCKS 2017
2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Write your name, index number and school in the spaces provided above.
2. Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
3. This paper consist of **TWO** sections; **A** and **B**.
4. Answer **ALL** the questions in section **A** and **B** in the spaces provided.
5. **ALL** working **MUST** be clearly shown.
6. Non-programmable silent electronic calculators and KNEC Mathematical tables may be used.

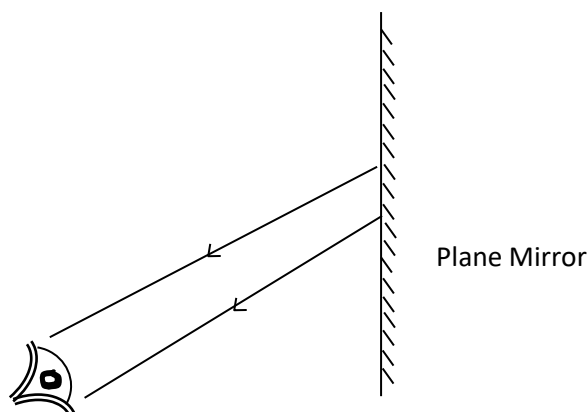
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Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
A	1-11	25	
B	12	8	
	13	8	
	14	11	
	15	12	
	16	9	
	17	7	
Total Score		80	

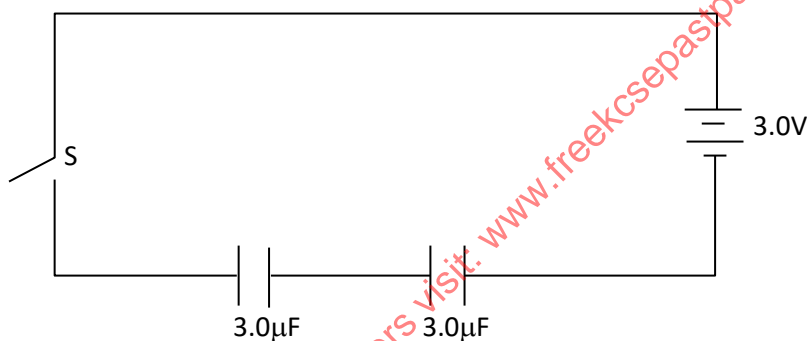
SECTION A: (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions this section in the spaces provided below each question.

1. The figure **below** shows emergent rays as seen by the eye after reflection from a plane mirror. Complete the ray diagram on the figure **below** to show the actual position of the object. (2 marks)



2. The figure **below** shows a battery of e.m.f. 3.0V connected in series with two capacitors.



Determine the charge stored in the combined capacitors when the switch is closed. (3 marks)

3. Give a reason why repulsion in magnetism is the surest way of testing polarity. (1 mark)

4. State **two** defects of a simple cell and how each can be corrected. (2 marks)

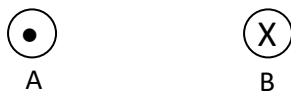
5. (a) Distinguish between a real and a virtual image. (1 mark)

- (b) State **one** application of each of the following: (2 marks)
- (i) Convex mirrors.

- (ii) Parabolic mirrors.

6. State **two** ways through which the electrical conductivity of a semi-conductor can be increased. (2 marks)

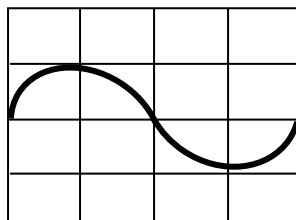
7. The figure **below** shows two parallel current carrying conductors A and B placed close to one another. Current flows in the opposite directions.



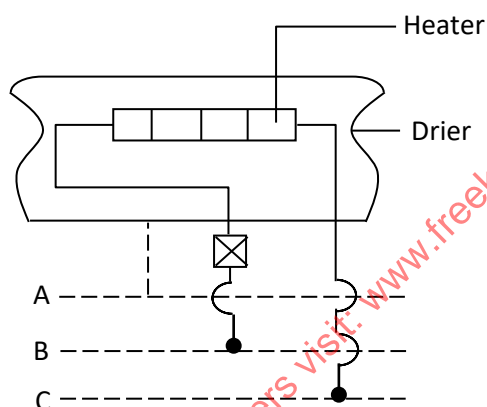
Sketch on the figure the magnetic field pattern formed by the two conductors. (1 mark)

8. (a) State **one** reason why the CRO is a more accurate voltmeter than a moving coil voltmeter. (1 mark)

- (b) The figure **below** shows the trace on the screen of C.R.O when an a.c. signal connected to the y –plates with time base on. Given that the time base control is 100ms/div and the y-gain is at 120V/div, determine the frequency of the a.c. signal. (2 marks)



9. The figure **below** shows part of a ring main circuit connected to the hair drier in a salon.



Identify the wires. (3 marks)

A _____

B _____

C _____

10. The refractive indices of water and glass are $\frac{4}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$ respectively. Determine the refractive index of a ray of light moving from water to glass. (3 marks)

11. The table **below** shows part of the electromagnetic spectrum in order of decreasing wavelength.

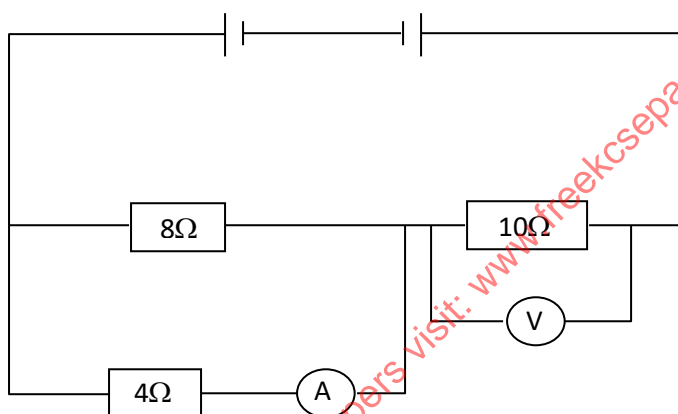
A	B	Infrared radiation	Visible light	C	D
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- (a) How are waves **C** produced? (1 mark)

- (b) State **one** use of the wave **D**. (1 mark)

SECTION B: (55 MARKS)

12. (a) The figure **below** shows a circuit with ammeter reading 1.5A.

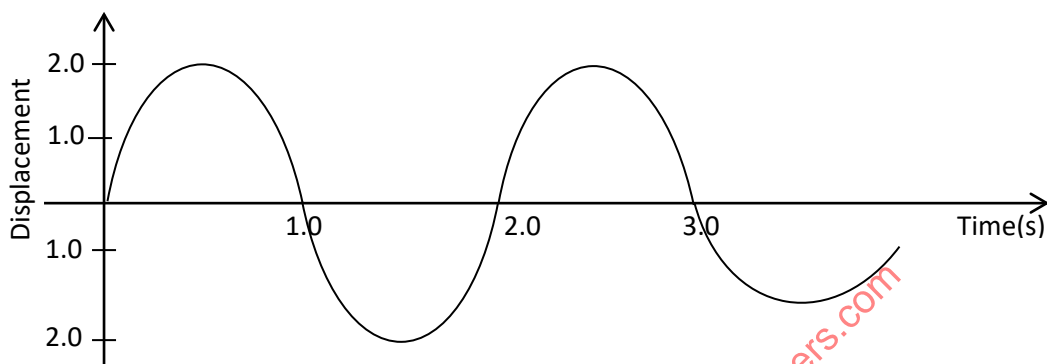


- Determine the voltmeter reading. (3 marks)

- (b) Determine how many bulbs each rated 75W, 240V can be safely used in a main's supply of 240V fitted with a fuse 13A fuse. (3 marks)

- (c) State **two** factors that affect the heating effect of an electric current. (2 marks)

13.



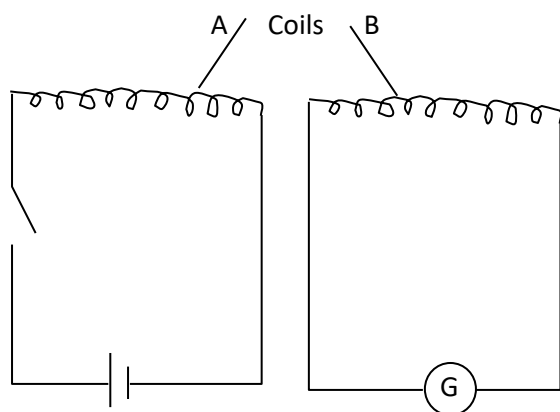
- (i) The figure **above** represents an oscillation taking place at a particular point when a sound wave in a gas passes the point. The vertical axis represents displacement.
- (i) Explain what is meant by displacement in this context. (1 mark)

- (ii) From the graph, determine.
- (a) Period _____ (1 mark)
- (b) Frequency _____ (2 marks)

- (iii) Calculate the wavelength of the sound wave in the figure above. (Speed of sound in gas is 340m/s). (3 marks)

- (iv) State **two** factors that increases the speed of sound in solids. (2 marks)

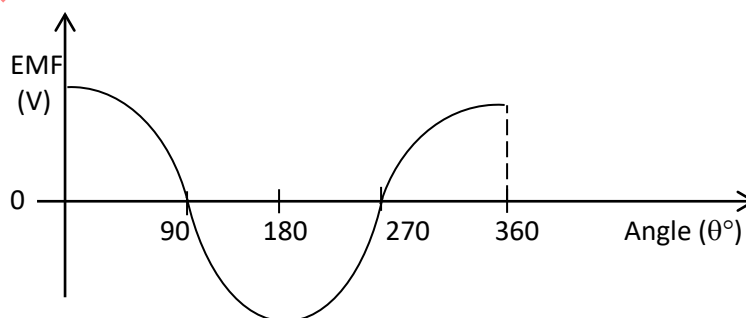
14. The circuits in the figure shown **below** are close to each other.



- (a) When the switch is closed, the galvanometer shows a reading and then returns to zero. When the switch is then opened the galvanometer shows a reading in the opposite direction and then returns to zero. Explain these observations. (3 marks)

- (b) Energy losses in a transformer are reduced by having a laminated soft iron core. State and explain two other ways of reducing energy losses in a transformer. (4 marks)

- (c) The e.m.f generated as the coil of an alternating generator rotates is represented in the graph **below**.



- (i) Give reasons for the changes in e.m.f as the coil rotates from 0° to 90° and 90° to 180° (2 marks)

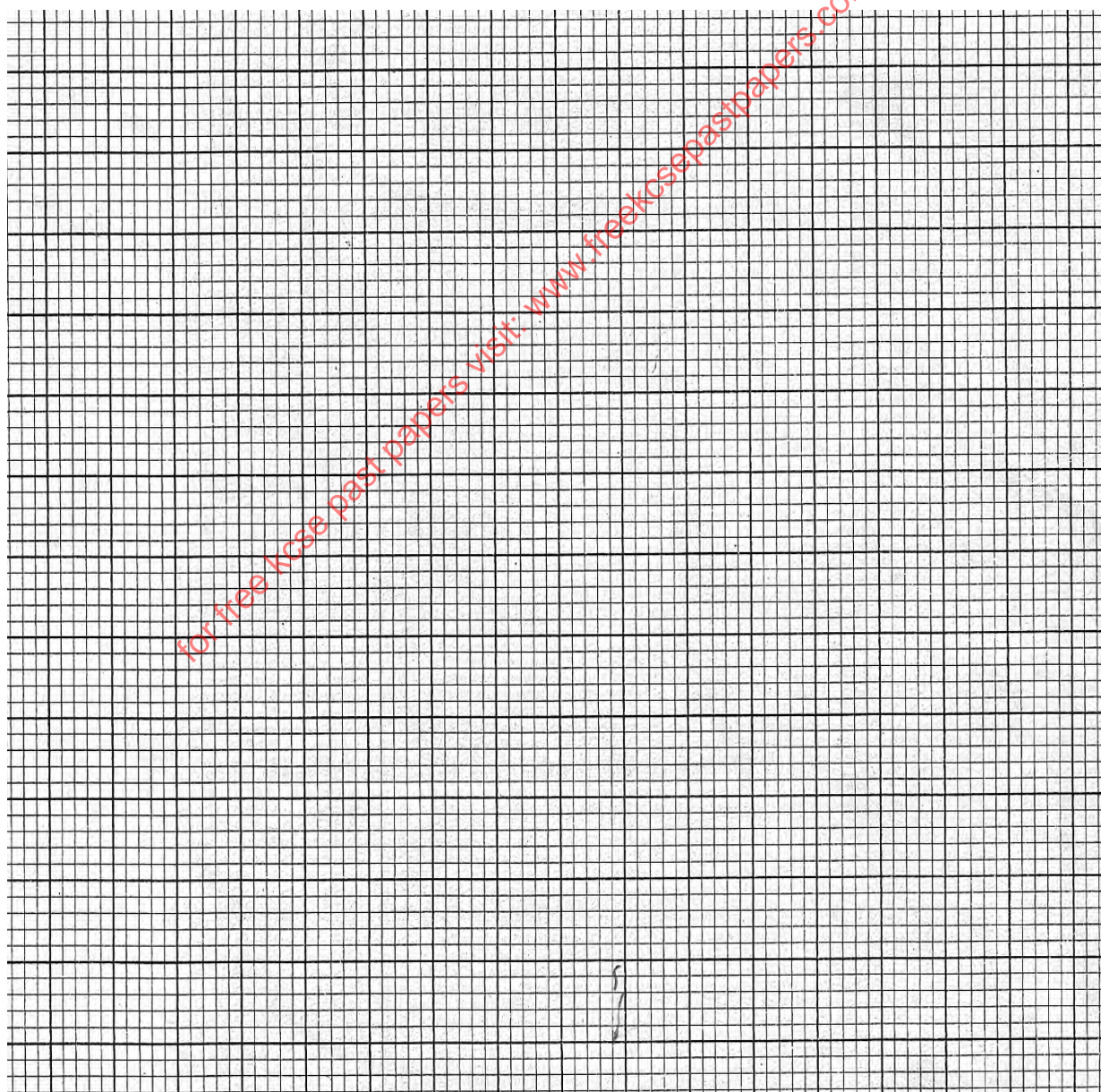
- (ii) Sketch on the same diagram a similar graph if the generator was a direct current one. (2 marks)

15. (a) Define work function. (1 mark)

- (b) In an experiment to find the relationship between frequency of radiation and kinetic energy of a photoelectron in photoelectric device, the following result were obtained.

Frequency ($f \times 10^{-14} \text{Hz}$)	7.5	6.7	6.0	5.2	4.8
Stopping potential, V(V)	1.8	1.5	1.25	0.9	0.75

- (i) On the grid draw the graph of stopping potential (V) against frequency. (5 marks)



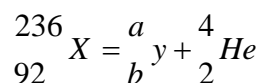
- (ii) From the graph find:
- (a) The threshold frequency. (1 mark)
- (b) Plank's constant. (Charge on an electron is $1.6 \times 10^{-19}\text{C}$). (3 marks)
- (c) The work function of the metal in joules using the planks constant. Calculated in (b) above. (2 marks)
16. (a) The following is a list of particles: protons, neutrons, electrons, alpha particles, beta particles. State which **two** of the particles.
- (i) Are positively charged. (1 mark)

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(ii) Are found in the nucleus. (1 mark)

(iii) Occurs in equal numbers in all neutral atom. (1 mark)

(b) An element X decays by giving off an alpha particle. Complete the equation below showing the values of a and b.



a = _____ (1 mark)

b = _____ (1 mark)

(c) (i) What do you understand by the term background radiation. (1 mark)

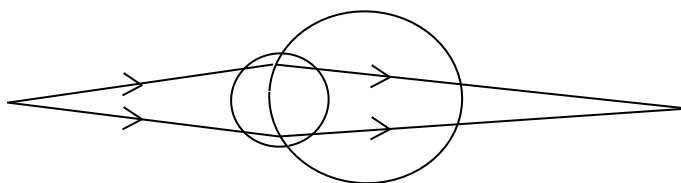
(ii) State any **two** source of background radiation. (2 marks)

(iii) State **one** application of radioactivity. (1 mark)

17. (a) State **one** similarity between a diverging lens and convex mirror. (1 mark)

A lens forms an image on a screen whose size is thrice that of the object. State with a reason the lens used. (2 marks)

- (c) (i) The figure **below** shows an eye defect.



State the defect.

(1 mark)

- (ii) Use a ray diagram to show how the defect above could be corrected. (1 mark)

- (d) A convex lens forms an image three times the size of the object on the screen. If the distance between the object and the screen is 72cm, determine the object distance. (2 marks)