Name	Index Number
	Student's Signature

231/1 BIOLOGY JUNE, 2017 FORM 4 2 HOURS

MOI HIGH SCHOOL - KABARAK

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education BIOLOGY

Paper 1

Instructions to candidates

• Answer *ALL* the questions in the spaces provided.

For Examiner's Use Only

QUESTIONS	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
1 - 27		

1. State the meaning of the following terms as used in biology.	(2 mark)
(a) Embryology	
(b) Ornithology	
2. (a) Name two systems of classification of living things common to Biologists	s. (2 marks)
2000	
(b) A banana plant was classified as <i>Musa parasidiaca</i> by a taxonomist. Identif	y the
taxonomic units represented by the following words.	(2 marks)
Musaparasidiaca	
3. (a) The cell is the basic structural and functional unit of a cell. State three possible cell membrane in a living cell.	(3 marks)
(0)	
(b) State two major functions of centriole in animal cells.	(2 marks)

	w and nlaced
4. A strip of a herbaceous Tradescantia was cut longitudinally as shown belo in solution X. After one hour, the strips appeared as shown below.	
Solution X Tradescatia strip Start Start End	Epedermis
Tradescatia strip Start End (a) What was the nature of solution X?	(1 mark)
(b) What physiological process was being investigated?	(1 mark)
(c) Account for the results at the end of experiment after one hour.	(3 marks)
101 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
5. State two raw materials required to produce energy in cells for the proces transport.	s of active (2 marks)

6. The pelvic girdle of a mammal is shown below. Study it and answer the questions that follow. (a) (i) Name the part labelled Y. (1 mark) (ii) State the three functions of part Y named in (a) (i) above. (1 mark) (3 marks) 7. (a) Name **two** elements required by plants for the synthesis of chlorophyll pigment. (2 marks) (b) What name is given to plants whose leaves turn yellow due to lack sunlight and the two elements above? (1 mark) 8. Name **two** types of curves obtained during measurement of growth in living things. (2 marks)

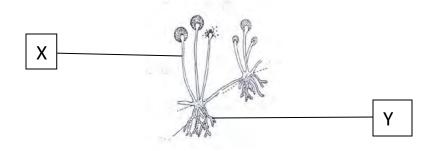
9. State three adaptations of xylem vessels to transportation of water.	
10. The structure below is the phloem tissue.	
10. The structure below is the phloem tissue.	
(a) Name the two main components of the tissue.	(2 marks)
(b) Name the part labelled $oldsymbol{Y}$ and state its function.	(2 marks)
Function:	
11. State and explain the role of Heparin in the blood.	(2 marks)

12. State the adaptations of a respiratory surface in terrestrial animals.	(3 marks)
13. The diagram below illustrates gaseous exchange in animals.	
Flask K Potassium Lime Cockroaches hydroxide water	
(i) Why was air passed through potassium hydroxide in flask K?	(1 mark)
(ii) Explain the observations made in Flask N .	(2 marks)
, (C	
to the	
(iii) Why is there no oxygen gas in the air exiting flask N?	(2 marks)

14. (a) Name three gaseous exchange surfaces in plants.	(3 marks)
(b) Name the gas released by plants to the atmosphere at night?	(1 mark)
(c) What is the effect of dust on gaseous exchange in terrestrial plants?	
15. Name the major physiological process of respiration that take place; (a) At the cytoplasm of the mitochondrion.	(1 mark)
(b) At the matrix of the mitochondrion.	(1 mark)
16. (a) State two significance of R.Q values to a biologist.	(2 marks)
jejt.	
(b) The equation below is a respiratory reaction of a certain substrate. Study determine its R.Q value.	(2 marks)
$C_{20} H_{40} O_{20} + 20 G_2 + 20 H_2 O + Energy $	ergy
17. (a) State two types of variations in the study of genetics.	(2 marks)

(b) Which of the two types of variations mentioned above is influenced by the	genotype of
an individual only?	(1 mark)
(c) What is a gene locus in genetics?	(1 mark)
18. (a) Explain the biological reasons behind large volume of urine produced large in Lake Victoria.	by fresh water (2 marks)
i de la companya de l	
(b) Why do insects and birds produce uric acid and not urea as in man?	(2 marks)
i sit.	
and the second s	(2 marks)
20. State using root structures only how you can identify and group a plant as dicotyledonae or monocotyledonae using both morphological and anatomical	either a

21. The organism below is found in kingdom Fungi.



(a) Using structures X and Y only, why does the organism not	
	4. S.
	A 1000
(b) What division does the moss and liverwort belong to in ki	ngdom plantae? (1 mark)
22. Name two branches of Ecology.	(2 marks)
is.	
23. What is a receptor?	(1 mark)
is it is a second of the secon	
24. State two adaptations of each of the following structures t	o reproduction in animals.
(a) Ovuduct	(2 marks)
(b) Epididymis	(2 marks)

ne following cells in the testes.	(2 marks)
nat are sexually transmitted as infections.	(2 marks)
els.	
in plants that;	(3 marks)
with the same of t	
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