SECTION A

Answer all the questions in this section.

h-	(a)	Identify three counties in Kenya where wheat is grown on a large scale.	(3 marks)
	(b)	State three climatic conditions that affect wheat farming.	(3 marks)
2.	Give	the differences between softwood forests in Kenya and Canada.	(4 marks)
3.	(a)	List three traditional methods of fishing.	(3 marks)
	(b)	Give three similarities of fishing in Kenya and Japan.	(3 marks)
4.	State	four disadvantages of solar energy.	(4 marks)
5,-	(a)	Name two types of water transport.	(2 marks)
	(b)	Give three challenges facing railway transport in East Africa.	(3 marks)
		Name two types of water transport. Give three challenges facing railway transport in Eage Africa. Give three challenges facing railway transport in Eage Africa.	

SECTION B

Answer question 6 and any other two questions from this section.

6. The table below shows the number of visitors in '000 to selected national parks in Kenya for the years 2006 to 2008. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

Park/Yr	2006	2007	2008
Nairobi	102	93	92
Amboseli	153	156	82
Tsavo	354	372	182
Lake Nakuru	327	347	138
TOTAL	946	968	497

(a)	(i)	What is the difference in the number of visitors who visited the parks in 2006 and those in 2008.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Calculate the percentage increase in the number of peritors who visited Lake Nakuru National Park between 2006 and 2067.	(2 marks)
(b)	(i)	Draw a compound bar graph to represent the number of visitors to selected national parks in Kenya. Use the scale of 1 cm to represent 100,000 visitors.	(10 marks)
	(ii)	State three advantages of using compound bar graphs to represent geographical data.	(3 marks)
(c)	Expla	in four problems associated with tourism in Kenya.	(8 marks)
(a)	(i)	What is beef farming?	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Identify we factors that favour beef farming in Kenya.	(5 marks)
(b)	State s	ix features of nomadic pastoralism in Kenya.	(ő marks)
(c)	Give r	easons why beef production is higher in Argentina than Kenya.	(6 marks)
(d)	Explai	n the role played by beef farming to the economy of Kenya.	(6 marks)

8.	(a)	Apa	rt from irrigation, give four methods of land reclamation in Kenya.	(4 marks)		
	(b)	Exp	Explain four physical factors which influenced the location of Mwea irrigation			
		acho	scheme.			
	(c)	(i)	Name three crops grown in the polders in Netherlands.	(3 marks		
		(ii)	Describe the stages of reclamation of land from the sea in the Netherla			
				(6 marks)		
	(d)	State	four benefits of land reclamation in the Netherlands.	(4 marks)		
9.	(a)	Expl	ain the following types of settlement patterns			
		. I	Dispersed settlement pattern	(4 marks)		
		• 1	Nucleated settlement pattern	(2 marks)		
	(b)	State	four problems facing the city of Nairobi.	(4 marks)		
	(c)	State	factors which led to the growth of Kisumu as blake Port.	(7 marks)		
	(d)	Expla	ain four ways in which the Port of Monthasa differs from Roterdam Port	. (8 marks)		
10.	(a)	Defin	the term environmental management.	(2 marks)		
	(b)	(i)	Name two areas in Kenya that are prone to lightening.	(2 marks)		
		(ii)	State four problems caused by lightening.	(4 marks)		
		(iii)	Explain these ways in which the menace of pests can be controlled in Kenya.	(6 marks)		
	(c)	Give :	the measures that the government of Kenya has taken to conserve the	(6 marks)		
	(d)	Your	class intends to carry out a field study in the limestone mining areas.			
		(i)	Identify two types of pollution that they may observe.	(2 marks)		
		(ii)	What problems are they likely to encounter during the study?	(3 marks)		