311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

TIME: 2½ hours

**FORM 4**

***Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)***

**Instructions to Candidates**

1. *This paper consists of* ***three*** *sections* ***A, B*** *and* ***C.***
2. *Answer* ***all*** *questions in section* ***A, three*** *from Section* ***B*** *and* ***two*** *from Section* ***C.***
3. *Answers to all the questions must be written legibly in the answer booklet provided.*

***This paper consists of 2 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.***

 **Section A: (25 marks)**

***Answer all questions in this section in the answer booklet provided***

**1.** Give **two** examples of Audio Visual sources of information in History and Government.

 **(2 marks)**

**2.**  State **two** characteristics of Homo erectus. **(2 marks)**

**3.** Give **one** main reason why early agriculture developed in Egypt.  **(1 mark)**

**4.** Why was silent trade practiced by Trans-Saharan traders? **(1 mark)**

**5.** State **two** ways in which poor transport system have contributed to food shortages in Africa.

 **(2 marks)**

**6.** What are the contributions of Galileo Gaalilei in the area of science. **(1 mark)**

**7.** Give two ways in which the industrial revolution contributed to European expansion to Africa.

 **(2 marks)**

**8.** Identify the main factor that led to the growth of the ancient town of Meroe. **(1 mark)**

**9.** Name **two** officials who assisted the ruler of the Shona to administer the Kingdom. **(2 marks)**

**10.** What is the difference between the scramble and partition of Africa in the 19th century?

 **(2 marks)**

**11.** Name the chartered company that administered Zimbabwe during the process of colonization.

 **(1 mark)**

**12.** State two ways in which the treaty of Versailles signed in 1919 affected Germany. **(2 marks)**

**13.** Name the organ of the United Nations that promote justice in the world. **(1 mark)**

**14.** Name **one** English speaking member country of Economic Community of West Africa (ECOWAS). **(1 mark)**

**15.** Give the main political challenge that the Democratic Republic of Congo has faced since independence. **(1 mark)**

**16.** State the main reason why the African movement was formed at the beginning of the 20th century. **(1 mark)**

**17.** Give **two** duties of the United Nations Secretariat. **(2 marks)**

**Section B: (45 marks)**

***Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided***

**18. a)** State **three** factors that facilitated the development of agriculture in United States of America

before 1800 AD. **(3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** effects of the Agrarian Revolution in the United States of America. **(12 marks)**

**19. a)** Identify **three** ways in which water was used in industries during the 18th Century. **(3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** social effects of the industrial revolution in Europe during the 18th century.

 **(12 marks)**

**20. a)** Give t**hree** reasons why Lobengula was defeated by the British in 1893. **(3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** results of the British-Ndebele war of 1893. **(12 marks)**

**21. a)** State **three** reasons why the United States of America was reluctant to join the First World

War**. (3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** political effects the Second World War. **(12 marks)**

**Section C: (30 marks)**

***Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided***

**22. a)** Give **three** reasons why British used direct rule in Zimbabwe. **(3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** effects of the British rule in Zimbabwe. **(12 marks)**

**23. a)** State **three** aims of the Organization of African Unity. **(3 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **six** differences between the Organization of African Unity and African Union.

 **(12 marks)**

**24. a)** State **five** aims of Non-Aligned Movement. **(5 marks)**

 **b)** Explain **five** achievements of the non-aligned movement (NAM) since its formation.

 **(10 marks)**