ENGLISH 101 NAMEADMNO:ADMNO				
INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:				
Write your name and your admission number in the spaces provided above.				
Answer all questions in the spaces provided				
A) FUNCTIONAL WRITING (20MKS)				
Imagine you are one of the passengers in Easy Coach Bus going to Kisumu. You alight in Nakuru and later realize that you picked another passenger's luggage by mistake. Write a letter of apology to the manager, Easy coach company Kisumu office. Direct him to pick the luggage at the Nakuru office and request him to drop yours at the same office. Remember to thank him for being kind.				
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B) CLOZE TE	ST (10MKS)		
FILL IN THE B	LANKS WITH THE MOST APPI	ROPRIATE WORI)
I 1	I was treated less kindly when I	arrived. The host of	did not look directly 2
	et I had thought that my visit would		
were six people	in that small room and all continue	ed to direct their 4	towards the
television set. It	was news time. I was 5	on time for a	a great disappointment 6
	encouraged myself, "not again, not		
When I a	asked why I was given such a hosti	le 7	, I got evasive answer.
	supposed to be a goodwill messeng		
Department 8	six gentlemen sitting	,000	the tiny table were
meant to be wait	ting with bated breath and apprecia	ation for my news.	Well, I decided they could
	longer.	200	· •
		cs \	
~	COLEDDEVINION	10	

C. **COMPREHENSION**

1. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow:

BAKING soda or bicarbonate or edible soda (ENO), as it is also called, is sodium bicarbonate in chemistry books. It is different from washing soda or soda ash, which is sodium carbonate. Soda bicarbonate was called 'saleratus' in earlier days.

In the human body, it is the main mildly alkaline substance. The human body makes it out of carbon dioxide breathed in sodium obtained from the salt in the diet. it helps to maintain the delicate balance between acidity and alkalinity that is necessary for the normal chemical activity in the body. It helps transport carbon dioxide to the lungs, neutralizes stomach acids as a component of saliva, helps cut down on tooth decay. The blood of a healthy human being is slightly alkaline. When the amount of sodium bicarbonate in the blood is insufficient, we suffer from acidosis. The digestive juices from the liver and pancreas are alkaline. The gastric juice in the stomach is decidedly acidic and it contains hydrochloric acid.

To most people, baking or edible soda in tablet form or a powder is a <u>comforting</u> medicine to sooth acidity. A teaspoon dissolved in a glass of water is a popular and effective <u>remedy</u> for indigestion. A cupful dissolved in bathwater along with two cupfuls of starch helps relieve the itching of allergic reactions.

When mixed with water to form paste, it helps alleviate the pain of minor burns and a paste of soda bicarbonate and water or cold cream, relieves the discomfort of insects bites. For fungus on your feet, especially between your toes, apply a soda bicarbonate paste. For foot odour soak your feet in a solution of soda bicarbonate in water. Take soda bicarbonate and mix it with a little bit of water, and apply it with your fingers along the gum-line in your teeth. Brush your teeth after this. It will help you stop all sorts of gum diseases. Mixed with a little common salt, soda bicarbonate makes an excellent tooth powder. Most toothpaste contains a little soda bicarbonate.

As a formidable plaque <u>deterrent</u> soda bicarbonate was recognized as an efficient dental cleaner in 1931 only. Soda bicarbonate is now a major component of best selling toothpastes. There is exclusive soda bicarbonate toothpaste. From the home medical cabinet, soda bicarbonate has now moved to the industry. Today, it is used to curb acid emissions from chimneys and to help prevent acid rain, to keep toxic materials like lead and copper out of drinking water, to help in biodegradation of sewage and to remove contamination from soil. It may turn out to be world's 'greenest' natural chemical. It has more than 300j applications in industry and more and more uses are still being discovered. Soda bicarbonate is also added to cattle feed. Cattle raised for meat industry are fed a high energy, low-fibre diet to maximize weight gain, are given supplementary soda bicarbonate to speed up their digestion process. Dairy cows which are given a similar diet, also have soda (bicarbonate mixed with their feed).it (increases their milk production). Use of soda bicarbonate in baking was an instant success as a time-saver.

Yeast breads needing a rising time of two to three hours where quickly joined by quickrising baking soda batters, breads and biscuits.

When soda bicarbonate is combined with an acid like vinegar (acetic acid), butter-milk containing lactic acid, carbon dioxide is released to create an instant cleaning agent.

Scour tarnished brass and copper pots with a paste of soda bicarbonate and lemon juice. They will shine once again. Flush one cup of soda bicarbonate down the toilet every week. It helps clean clogged septic tanks. For food stuck or burnt into pots and pans, cover the burned food generously with soda bicarbonate. Add enough hot water and let it soak for a few minutes. Wash thoroughly.

1. a) How does the human body absorb soda bicarbonate?(2mks

b) In note form, what is the importance of soda bicarbonate in the human body?(4mks

c) The digestive juices from liver and pancrease are alkaline.(Begin: Both)(1mk

d) In a paragraph of not more than 40 words, summarize the uses of edible soda at home(8mks ROUGH COPY

FAIR COPY

e) Soda bicarbonate is used to curb acid emission from chimneys and to help prevent acid rain. (Begin: Not only)(2mks

- f) Give the meanings of the following words and phrases as used in the passage (1mk
 - i) Comforting medicine to soothe acidity (1mk
 - ii) Remedy (1mk
 - iii) Greenest natural chemical (1mk
 - iv) Deterrent (1mk
 - (f) Rewrite the following sentence in reported speech:

"There are many people who can help you if you are really serious about financial success", he said, "so seek them out and ask for help".(1mk)

(g) What does the writer say is the truth about loans? (2mks)

(h) Explain the meaning of the follow (4mks)	ring words and phrases as used in the passage:
(i) Back to the drawing board	
(ii) To gauge our financial health	ers.coll
(iii) Seek	200°
(iv) Premiums	kreekcsepastk
C) ORAL SKILLS (30MKS)	" thee

a) Oral Poem

Read the following oral poem and answer questions that follow (8 marks)

One hand cannot manage work
A threshing stick cannot thresh millet with
One hand
Some hands breed hatred at eating time
Nobody hates being assisted

Let millet be threshed Let it be threshed, let it be threshed

Cut a threshing stick for me
A lazy wife
Is taken back to her parents
When the rain fails
It blames the wind
And a lazy woman
Blames the threshing stick
Cut a threshing stick for me-ii
My co-wife, cut me a threshing stick

You woman, owner of this occasion Remember that work is the stomach Take care not to starve us The threshing sticks are sounding Let the millet leave the threshing ground

(Adapted from Oral Literature of the Embu and Mbeere by CiarunjiChesaina)

Questions

1.	Identify and illustrate two mnemonic effects (sound devices) in the poem. (2 marks)	
••••	, co'	••••
••••		•••••
••••	, cs	
2.	You've been asked to perform the above poem. Explain how you will prepare for	it.
	marks) (2	
		· • • • • •
	er ^c	
••••	., e [®]	
3.	What non-verbal aspects would you use in the performance of the poem and where (2 marks)	€?

4.			pove poem you notice that members of the aud the problem be?	dience are (2
•				
b)	Give	another word v	with the same pronunciation as the word given	(3 marks)
	(i)	Born		
	(ii)	Heard		
	(iii)	Gamble		
	(iv)	Core		
	(v)	Some	2003	
	(vi)	Aisle	N. C.	
c) ma	Identification (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi)	psychology Debut know Tomb Lesson Subtle	tter in the following words	(3
d)			giving ceremony in your school. Mention four dents are attentive as the chief guest speeches. (4 marks)	things that will
••••	••••••			••••••
••••	•••••	•••••		
••••	•••••	•••••		•••••
••••	•••••			

	e)	The unwhat e	Briefly explain (3 marks)		
		(i)	Tom visited Mary yesterday		
		(ii)	Tom <u>visited</u> Mary yesterday		
			com		
		(iii)	Tom visited Mary <u>yesterday</u>		
			as w	•••••	
			PHONE CONVERSATION your uncle, John calls you and wants to send you to your grayow. Fill in the blank spaces so as to complete the conversary		
	_				
	f)	TELEI	PHONE CONVERSATION (O		
	Imagin	e that y	our uncle, John calls you and wants to send you to your gra		
			ow. Fill in the blank spaces so as to complete the conversa	tion that took	
	** 1	place	11 x 1 m 1 x 1 x 1 x 1		
		John: he	ello Jack. This is Uncle John. How are you?		
	You:	Iohn, I	am happy that you are fine. Please, do me a favour. I brou	ight sama itams	
	Officie .		arr grandma and she needs them urgently.		
	You: to		w? (1mk	(1111K	
			What plans?		
	You:		(1mk		
	Uncle .	John:	could you reschedule the visit? Joseph will you understand		
	You:		(2mks		
	Uncle John: I see your point. You cannot cancel the visit for a second time?				
	You:(2mks				
	Uncle .	John: S	sure! I'll try Patrick (1mk)- you he will be of help (1mk)		
	Uncle John: oh! I didn't know he enjoys travelling. Thank you for that suggestion.				
	You: thank you for being understanding.bye.				
SECT	ION E	: GRA	MMAR (20 MARKS)		
			with simple present form of the verbs in brackets.(5 Ma	rks)	
	i.		i the capital of Kenya. (be)	,	

		ii.	The posts	_ very heavy. (be)	
		iii.	She and her sister	very hard.(work)	
		iv.	They	to work by bus. (come)	
		v.		a fortune. (cost)	
1	Λr	ranao		brackets in the correct orde	r in the space provided
л.			n, or an where necessal		t in the space provided.
	150	сррсу с	i, or an witter incoesses.	y, (onnes)	
	1.	She v	was wearing a	dress. (Japan	nese, silk, green)
	2	I hov	ea just road (a/an)		naval (navy avaiting
	۷.		obean)		_ novel. (new, exerting,
		Carre	ocan)		COX.
					, S.
	3.	The 1	meeting took place in a		hall. (conference,
		dilap	idated)	N. Committee of the Com	50.
	4	TT1	. 1, 1	unch a LESE PAST	1:1 / 6 1: 11:
	4.		company is proud to lau	inch a	drink. (refreshing, sparkling,
		new)		J. Heek	
				in	
	5.	His c	ear was a	model. (French.	, reliable, twenty-year old)
				<u></u>	
(a)	Cor	<u>mplete</u>	each of the following s	sentences with one of the wor	ds in brackets.
			(3mks)	11.	
				animals in the park than they	
	(11)		eam. (little, a little).	meters, they were lucky to g	et water from the
	(jiji)			other person there is	space left. (little, a little)
b)			ght form of the words i		space icit. (iitile, a little)
()		(3mks	- (<u> </u>	
	(i)			has many	forms of communication
			(sophistication).	-	
				ich contribute to a healthy	(exist).
			ms of drug abuse becor		(fit).
C):			_	owing statements(4mrks)	
			dn't come to school,		
			e not seen her,arely sleeps in class,		
			a smart ladv		