# THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

312/2

# — GEOGRAPHY —

Paper 2



## Nov. 2019 - 23/4 hours



Name	Index Number
Candidate's Signature	Date

### Instructions to candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) This paper has two sections; A and B.
- (d) Answer all the questions in section A.
- (e) Answer question **6** and any other **two** questions from section **B** in the space provided at the end of question 10.
- (f) This paper consists of 20 printed pages.
- (g) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (h) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

### For Examiner's Use Only

Section	Questions	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
Α	1–5	25	
	6	25	3
В	12 3000	25 25	
	Total Score	100	







#### **SECTION A**

Answer all the questions in this section.

1. Name two rivers that supply water to Mwea-Tebere irrigation scheme. (a) (2 marks) (b) State how the government policy influenced the establishment of Mwea-Tebere irrigation scheme. (3 marks) 2. (a) Define the term Fisheries. (2 marks) (b) Name three countries in Southern Africa that are important for marine fish harvesting. (3 marks) 993 3. What is a renewable source of energy? (a) (2 marks) (b) Name three main Hydro Electric Power stations along the river Tana. (3 marks) 4. (a) Define internal trade. (2 marks) (b) Give three ways in which Kenya has benefited from regional trade. (3 marks) 5. (a) Outline three factors that influence development of linear settlement pattern. (3 marks) (b) Give two differences between the ports of Mombasa and Rotterdam. (2 marks)

#### SECTION B

Answer question 6 and any other two questions from this section.

6. Use the table below to answer the following questions:

Kenya's agricultural production in 1000 tonnes between 2008 and 2011.

<b>Items</b> Years	2008	2009	2010	2011
Horticulture	57965	49352	40170	68123
Tea	55383	64684	87960	10045
Coffee	6859	9563	15449	17826
Dairy Products	8363	11496	11346	15548

Apart from comparative line graph, name **four** other methods that can (a) (i) be used to represent the above data.

(4 marks)

Using a vertical scale of 1 cm to represent 20,000 tonnes, draw a (ii) comparative line graph to represent the above data.

(8 marks)

- State three advantages of using line graphs to represent statistical data. (3 marks) (iii)
- Give reasons that may have led to the low production of dairy products (b) between 2010 and 2011.

(6 marks)

Give four physical conditions that favour dairy farming in Kenya (c)

(4 marks)

7. Apart from Ghana, name **two** countries in Africa where cocoa is grown. (a) (i)

(2 marks)

(ii) State five physical conditions that favour cocoa farming in Ghana. (5 marks)

Describe the process of cocoa cultivation in Ghana. (b) (i)

(6 marks)

(ii) Give three uses of cocoa. (3 marks)

Explain three human problems faced by cocoa farming in Ghana. (c) (i)

(6 marks)

Give ways in which cocoa farming has benefited the government of (ii) Ghana.

(3 marks)

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(a) (i) Name the game reserve marked **X**.

(1 mark)

(ii) Name the marine reserve marked Y.

(1 mark)

(iii) Name the national park marked **Z**.

(1 mark)

(b) (i) Apart from establishing national parks, state **four** ways in which the government of Kenya conserves wildlife.

(4 marks)

(ii) State **five** factors influencing the distribution of wildlife in East Africa.

(5 marks)

(c) Outline ways in which the wild animals are significant to the economy of Kenya.

(7 marks)

(d) Discuss each of the following factors that favour tourism in Switzerland:

(i) Central location

(2 marks)

(ii) Climate

(2 marks)

(iii) Political neutrality

(2 marks)



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in Africa.

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(6 marks)



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