

121/2

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2

ALT A

Nov. 2019 – 2½ hours



Name Index Number

Candidate's Signature Date

Instructions to candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) This paper consists of **two** sections: **Section I** and **Section II**.
- (d) Answer **all** the questions in **Section I** and any **five** questions from **Section II**.
- (e) **Show all the steps in your calculations, giving your answers at each stage in the spaces provided below each question.**
- (f) Marks may be given for correct working even if the answer is wrong.
- (g) **Non-programmable** silent electronic calculators and KNEC Mathematical tables may be used, except where stated otherwise.
- (h) **This paper consists of 20 printed pages.**
- (i) **Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**
- (j) **Candidates should answer the questions in English.**

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Section I

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total

Section II

17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Total

Grand Total

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SECTION I (50 marks)

Answer **all** the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Simplify $\frac{\sqrt{5}+3}{\sqrt{5}-2}$. Give the answer in the form $a + b\sqrt{c}$ where a, b and c are integers. (2 marks)

2. Two types of flour, X and Y, cost Ksh 60 and Ksh 72 per kilogram respectively. The two types are mixed such that the cost of a kilogram of the mixture is Ksh 70. Calculate the ratio X:Y of the mixture. (3 marks)

3. A quantity P varies inversely as the square of another quantity L. When $P = 0.625$, $L = 4$.
Determine P when $L = 0.2$. (3 marks)

An arc of a circle subtends an angle of 150° at the circumference of the circle. Calculate the angle subtended by the same arc at the centre of the circle. (2 marks)

Solve the equations:

$$x + 3y = 13$$

$$x^2 + 3y^2 = 43$$

(4 marks)

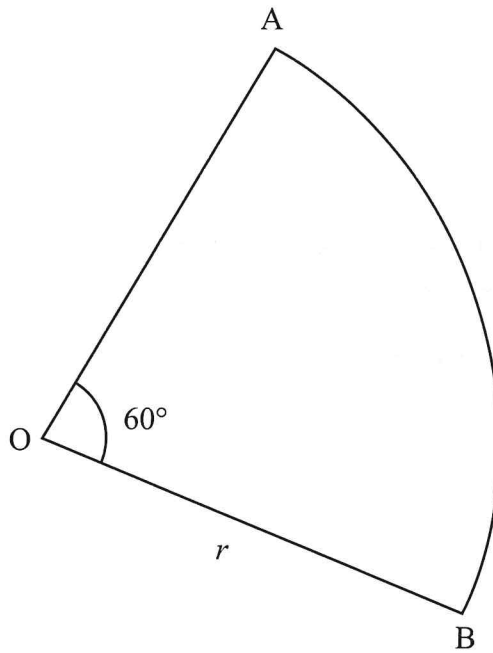
A bag contains 6 red counters and 4 blue counters. Two counters are picked from the bag at random, without replacement.

(a) Represent the events using a tree diagram. (1 mark)

(b) Find the probability that the two counters picked are of the same colour. (2 marks)

7. Find the coordinates of the turning point of the curve $y = x^2 - 14x + 10$. (3 marks)

8. OAB is a sector of a circle of radius r cm. Angle $AOB = 60^\circ$. Find, in its simplest form, an expression in terms of r and π for the perimeter of the sector. (2 marks)



9. In a mathematics test, the scores obtained by 30 students were recorded as shown in the table below.

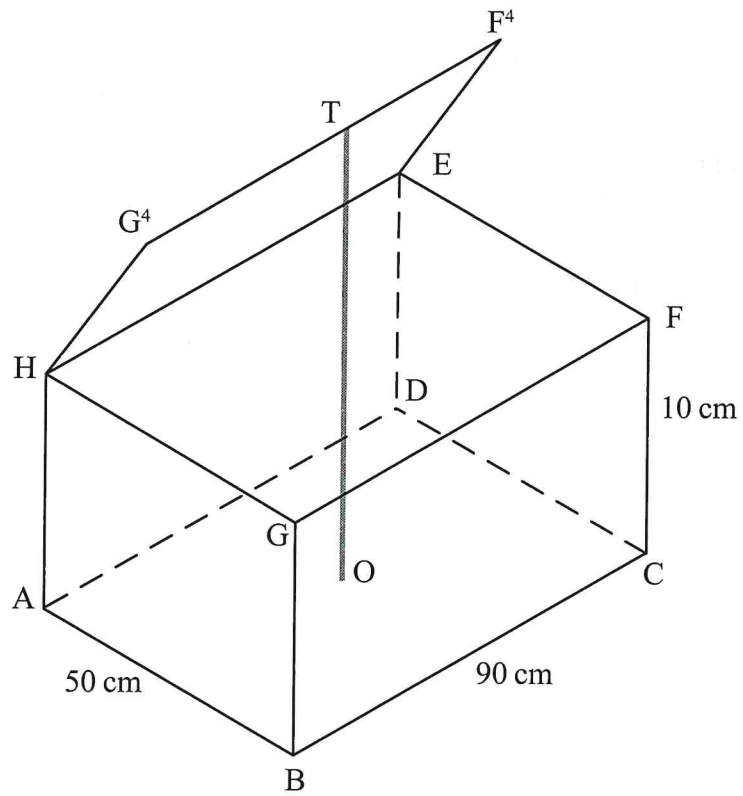
Score (x)	59	61	65	K	71	72	73	75
No. of students	2	3	5	6	7	4	2	1

The score K with a frequency of 6 is not given. Given that $\frac{\sum fd}{\sum f} = -1.2$

where $d = x - 69$, and using an assumed mean of 69, determine score K. (4 marks)

10. Determine the amplitude and the period of the function $y = 3 \sin(2x + 40^\circ)$. (2 marks)

11. The figure ABCDEFGH represents a box.



The top lid of the box is opened such that the height OT is 35 cm. Calculate the:

- (a) angle the top lid makes with the plane $FGHE$; (2 marks)
- (b) length BE , correct to 2 decimal places. (2 marks)

12. The table below shows income tax rates in a certain year.

Monthly income in Ksh.	Tax rate in each shilling (%)
0 – 10 164	10
10 165 – 19 740	15
19 741 – 29 316	20
29 317 – 38 892	25
38 893 and above	30

In that year, Mawira earned a salary of Ksh 41 000 per month. Calculate Mawira's income tax per month given that a monthly tax relief of Ksh 1 162 was allowed. (3 marks)

13. The position vectors of points A, B and C are $\mathbf{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Show that A, B and C are collinear.

(3 marks)

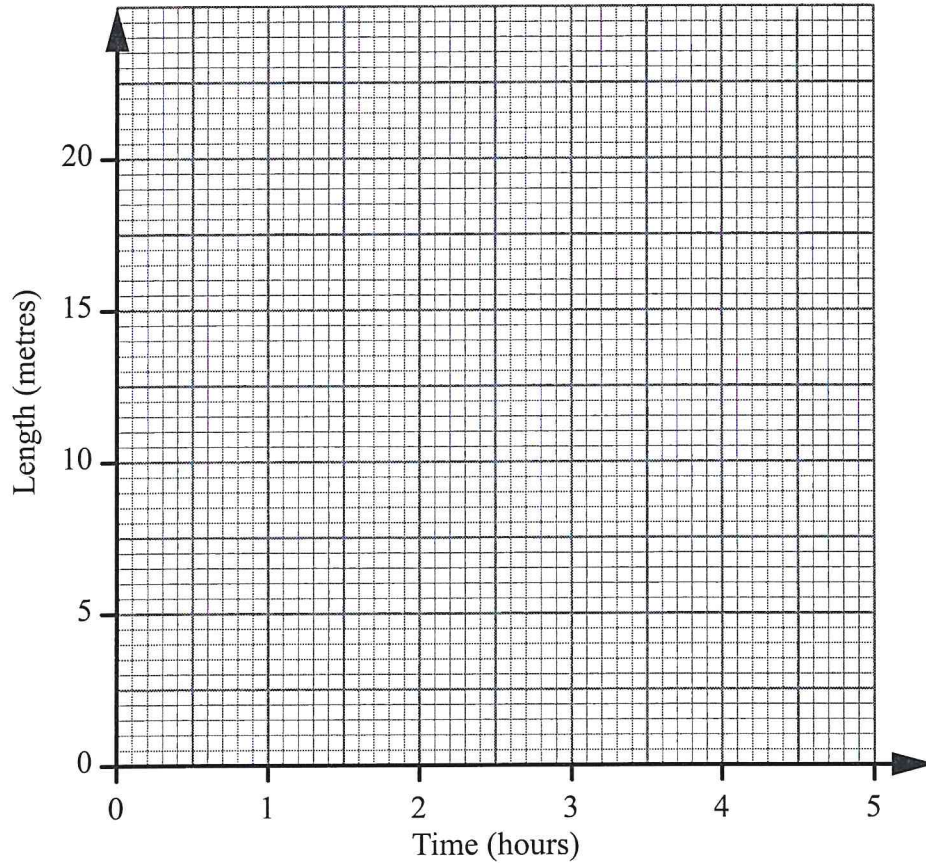
14. The vertices of a triangle PQR are $P(-3, 2)$, $Q(0, -1)$ and $R(2, -1)$. A transformation matrix M , maps triangle PQR onto triangle $P'Q'R'$ whose vertices are $P'(-7, 2)$, $Q'(2, -1)$ and $R'(4, -1)$. Find M^{-1} , the transformation that maps $P'Q'R'$ onto PQR. (4 marks)

15. Solve for x in $\log(7x-3) + 2 \log 5 = 2 + \log(x+3)$. (4 marks)

5. The length of a shadow of a mast was measured at intervals of 1 hour and recorded as shown in the table below.

Time (h)	0	1	2	3	4	5
Length (m)	18.7	8.7	5.0	2.9	1.3	0

- (a) On the grid provided, draw the graph of length against time. (2 marks)



- (b) Determine the rate of change of the shadow length at $t = 2$. (2 marks)

SECTION II (50 marks)

Answer any five questions from this section in the spaces provided.

17. The first term of an Arithmetic Progression (AP) is equal to the first term of a Geometric Progression (GP). The second term of the AP is equal to the fourth term of the GP while the tenth term of the AP is equal to the seventh term of the GP.
- (a) Given that a is the first term and d is the common difference of the AP while r is the common ratio of the GP, write the two equations connecting the AP and the GP. (2 marks)
- (b) Find the value of r that satisfies the progressions. (4 marks)
- (c) Given that the tenth term of the GP is 5120, find the values of a and d . (2 marks)
- (d) Calculate the sum of the first 20 terms of the AP. (2 marks)

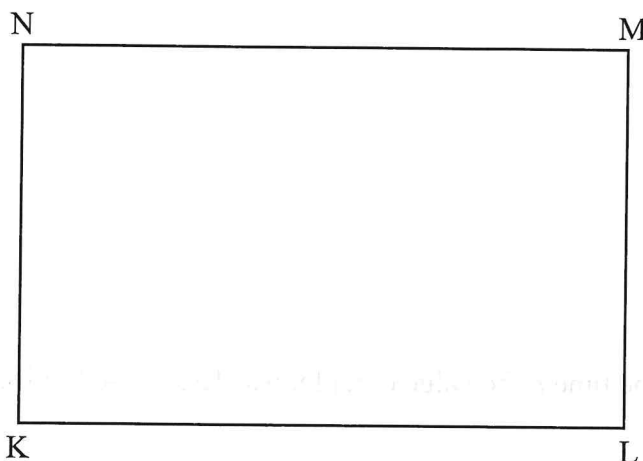
18. Mbaka bought some plots at Ksh 400 000 each. The value of each plot appreciated at the rate of 10% per annum.

(a) Calculate the value of a plot after 2 years. (2 marks)

(b) After some time t , the value of a plot was Ksh 558 400. Find t , to the nearest month. (4 marks)

(c) Mbaka sold all the plots he had bought after 4 years for Ksh 2 928 200. Find the percentage profit Mbaka made, correct to 2 decimal places. (4 marks)

19. The figure KLMN below is a scale drawing of a rectangular piece of land of length $KL = 80$ m.



- (a) On the figure, construct:
- (i) the locus of a point P which is both equidistant from points L and M and from lines KL and LM. (3 marks)
 - (ii) the locus of a point Q such that $\angle KQL = 90^\circ$. (3 marks)
- (b) (i) Shade the region R bounded by the locus of Q and the Locus of points equidistant from KL and LM. (1 mark)
- (ii) Find the area of the region R in m^2 . (Take $\pi = 3.142$) (3 marks)



20. A ship left point P(10°S , 40°E) and sailed due East for 90 hours at an average speed of 24 knots to a point R.
(Take 1 nautical mile (nm) to be 1.853 km and radius of the earth to be 6370 km)

(a) Calculate the distance between P and R in:

(i) nm; (1 mark)

(ii) km. (1 mark)

(b) Determine the position of point R. (5 marks)

(c) Find the local time, to the nearest minute, at point R when the time at P is 11:00 a.m. (3 marks)

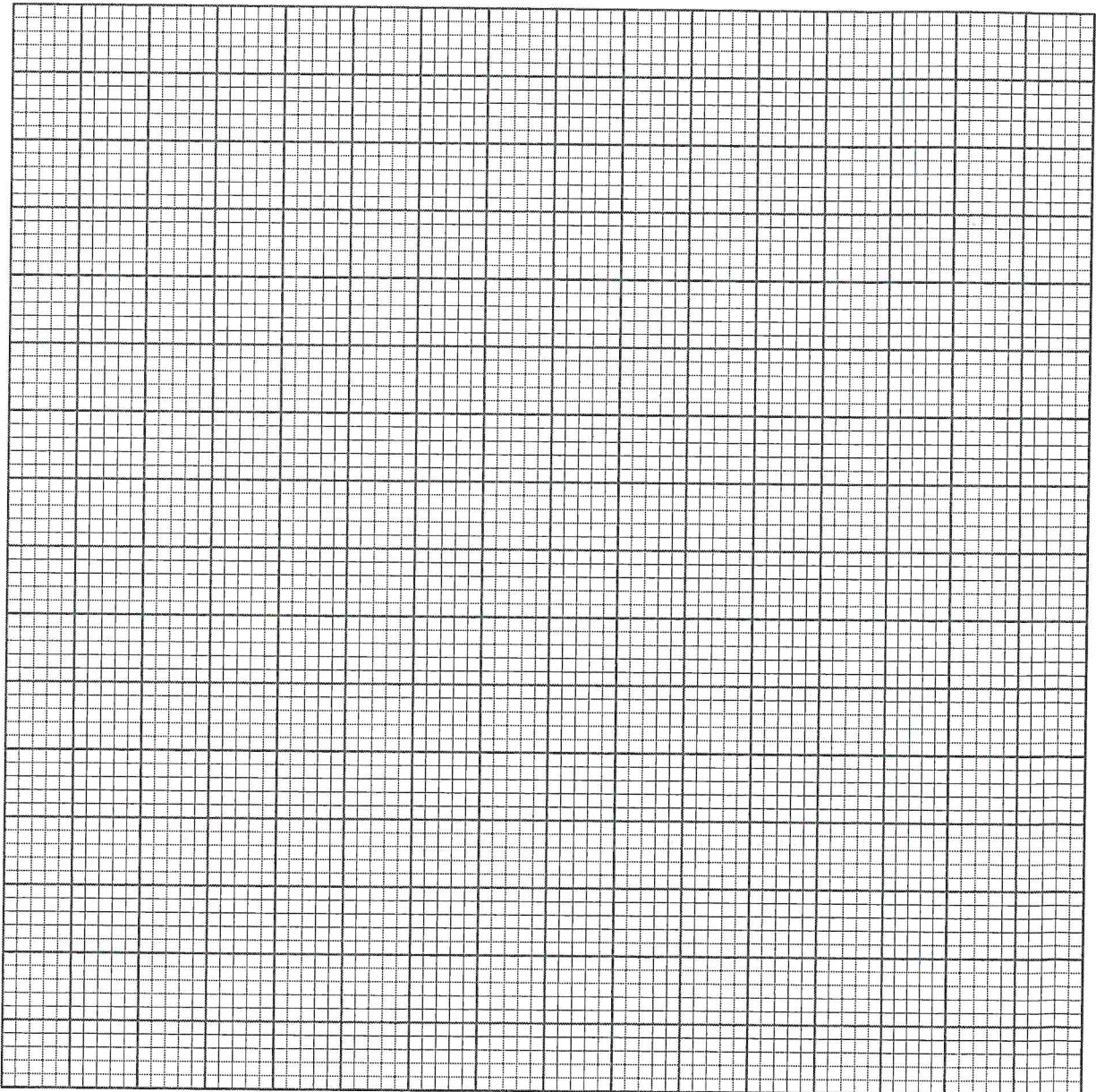
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21. A workshop makes cupboards and tables using two artisans A and B. Every cupboard made requires 3 days of work by artisan A and 2 days of work by artisan B. Every table made requires 2 days of work by artisan A and 2 days of work by artisan B. In one month artisan A worked for less than 24 days while artisan B worked for not more than 18 days. The workshop made x cupboards and y tables in that month.

(a) Write all the inequalities which must be satisfied by x and y . (3 marks)

(b) Represent the inequalities in (a) on the grid provided. (3 marks)

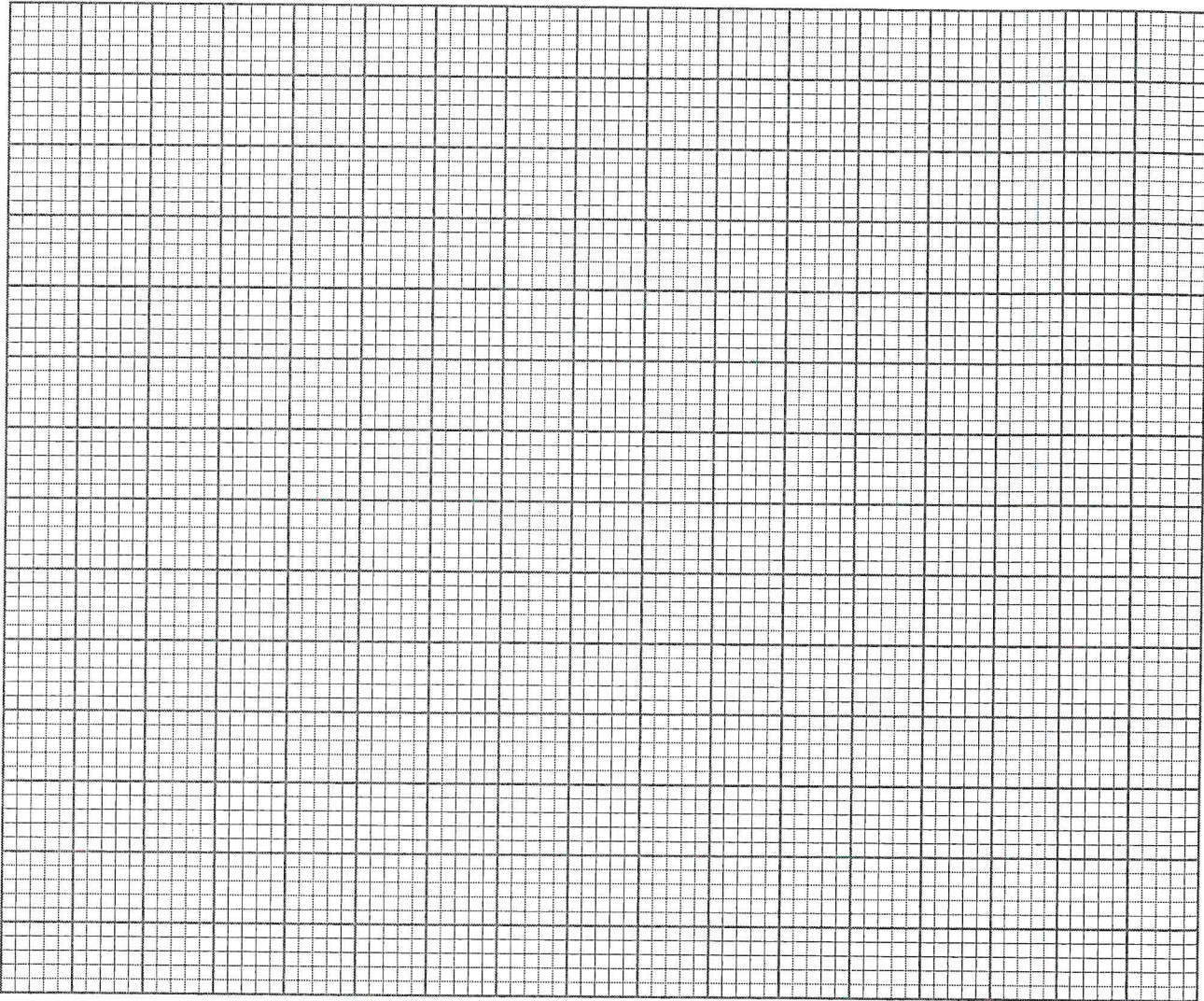


- (c) The workshop makes a profit of Ksh 6 000 on each cupboard and Ksh 4 000 on each table. Find the number of cupboards and the number of tables that must be made for maximum profit and hence determine the maximum profit. (4 marks)

22. The amount of money contributed by a group of students during a fundraising for a needy student was as shown in the table below.

Amount (Ksh)	301–400	401–500	501–600	601–700	701–800	801–900	901–1000
Number of students	2	10	12	14	7	3	2

- (a) On the grid provided, draw an ogive to represent the data. (4 marks)



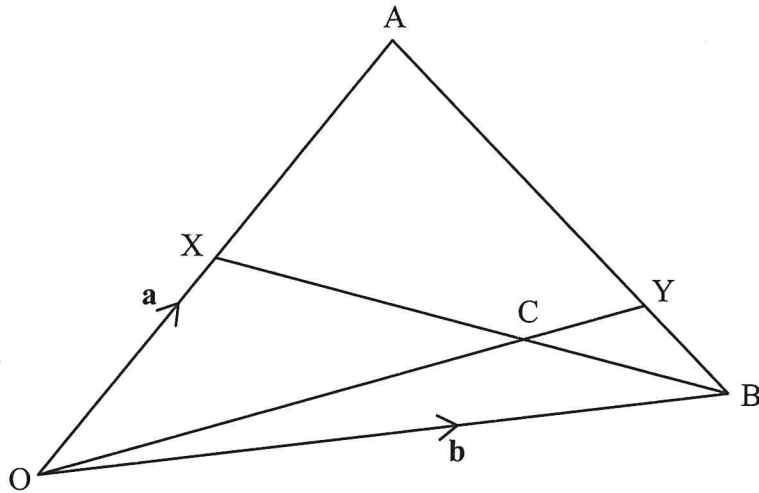
(b) Use the graph to estimate:

(i) the median; (1 mark)

(ii) the quartile deviation; (3 marks)

(iii) the percentage number of students who contributed at least Ksh 750.50. (2 marks)

23. In the figure below, $\mathbf{OA} = \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{OB} = \mathbf{b}$ and \mathbf{BX} meets \mathbf{OY} at \mathbf{C} . $\mathbf{OX}:\mathbf{OA} = 1:2$ and $\mathbf{BY}:\mathbf{YA} = 1:3$.

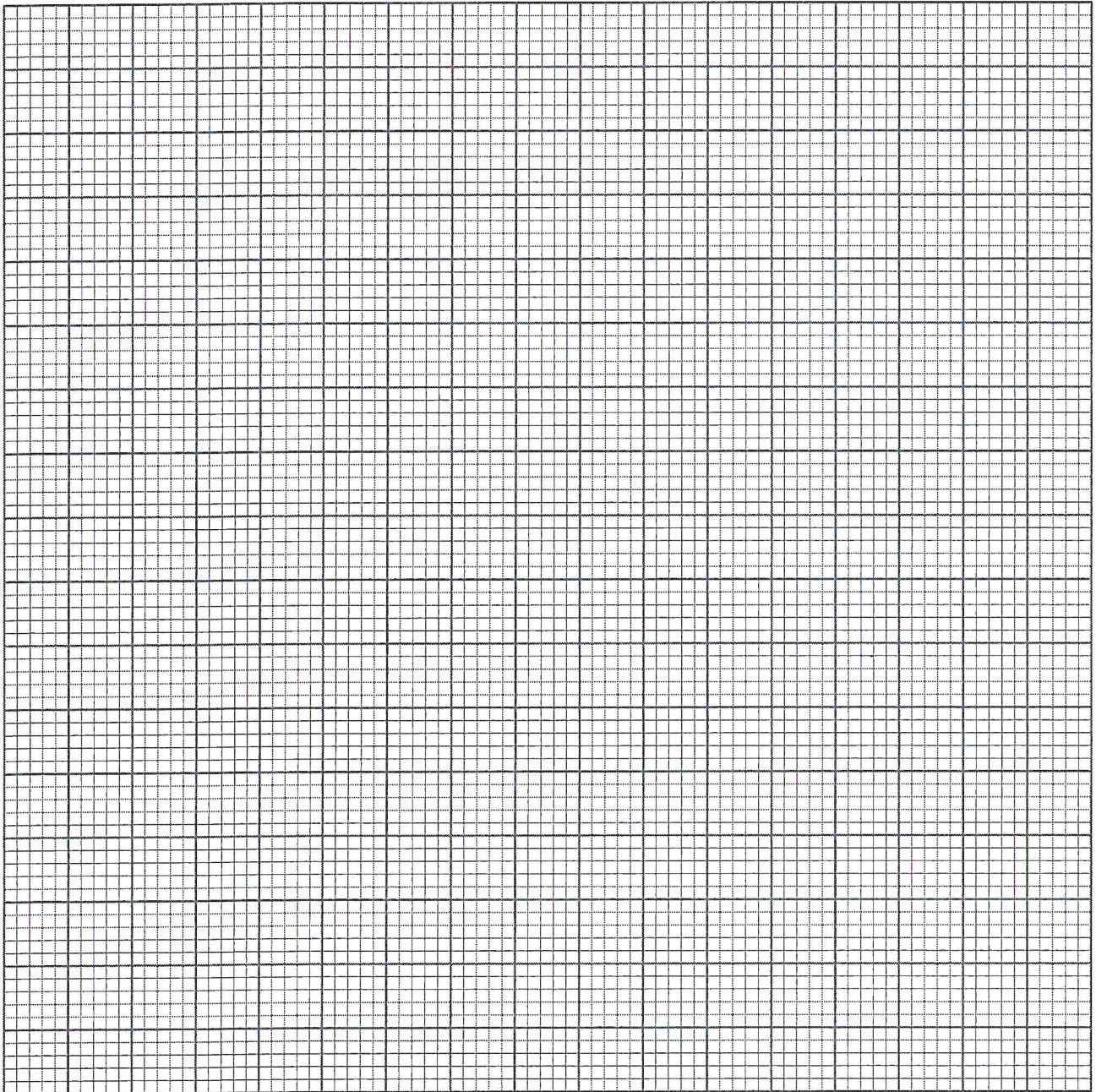


- (a) Express in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} :
- (i) \mathbf{BA} ; (1 mark)
- (ii) \mathbf{OY} ; (2 marks)
- (iii) \mathbf{BX} . (1 mark)
- (b) Given that $\mathbf{OC} = h\mathbf{OY}$ and $\mathbf{BC} = k\mathbf{BX}$, determine the values of h and k . (6 marks)

24. A trapezium PQRS with vertices P(2, 2), Q(6, 2), R(6, 4) and S(2, 8) is mapped onto P'Q'R'S' by a transformation matrix $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

(a) Find the coordinates of P'Q'R'S'. (2 marks)

(b) On the grid provided draw PQRS and its image P'Q'R'S'. (2 marks)



- (c) (i) Find $P''Q''R''S''$, the image of $P'Q'R'S'$ under the transformation matrix,

$$\mathbf{N} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

(1 mark)

- (ii) On the same grid draw $P''Q''R''S''$.

(1 mark)

- (d) (i) Find a single matrix that maps $P''Q''R''S''$ onto $P'Q'R'S'$.

(2 marks)

- (ii) Describe fully the transformation that maps $P''Q''R''S''$ onto $P'Q'R'S'$.

(2 marks)

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