THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

232/3

- PHYSICS -

Paper 3



845

(PRACTICAL) Nov. 2019 - 2½ hours



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Candidate's Signat	ure .		••••••		Dat	e		
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(b) Sign and write the	e date	of ex	xamin	ation i	n the	space	s prov	vided above.
(c) Answer all the qu	estioi	ns in t	the sp	aces p	rovia	led in t	he qu	estion paper. ()
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Maximum Score	1	1	7	4	3	3	1	Total
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You are provided with the following:

- A stirrer
- A stand, a boss and a clamp
- A thermometer
- An ammeter
- A voltmeter
- A beaker
- A source of boiling water
- Two dry cells in a cell holder
- A switch
- Seven connecting wires
- A component labelled X

Proceed as follows:

(a) Set up the circuit as shown in figure 1.

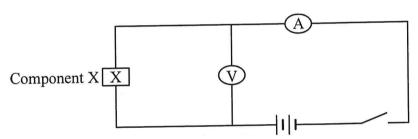


Figure 1

(i) Close the switch, read and record the current I through component X and the potential difference V across it. (1 mark)

I =

V =

Open the switch.

(ii) Determine the resistance R of component X given that: $R = \frac{V}{I}$ (1 mark)

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(b) Pour hot water into the beaker and set up the apparatus as in **figure 2**, so that component X and the thermometer bulb are fully immersed.

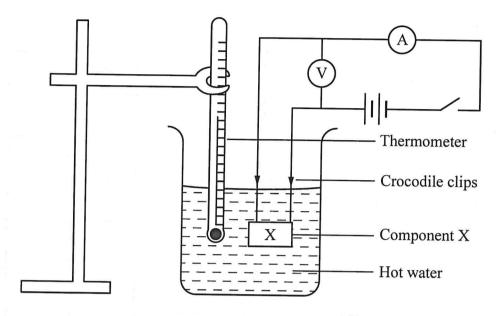


Figure 2

(c) Stir the water from time to time, when the temperature falls to 80°, switch on the circuit, read and record the current I and the potential difference V in table 1. Then open the switch.

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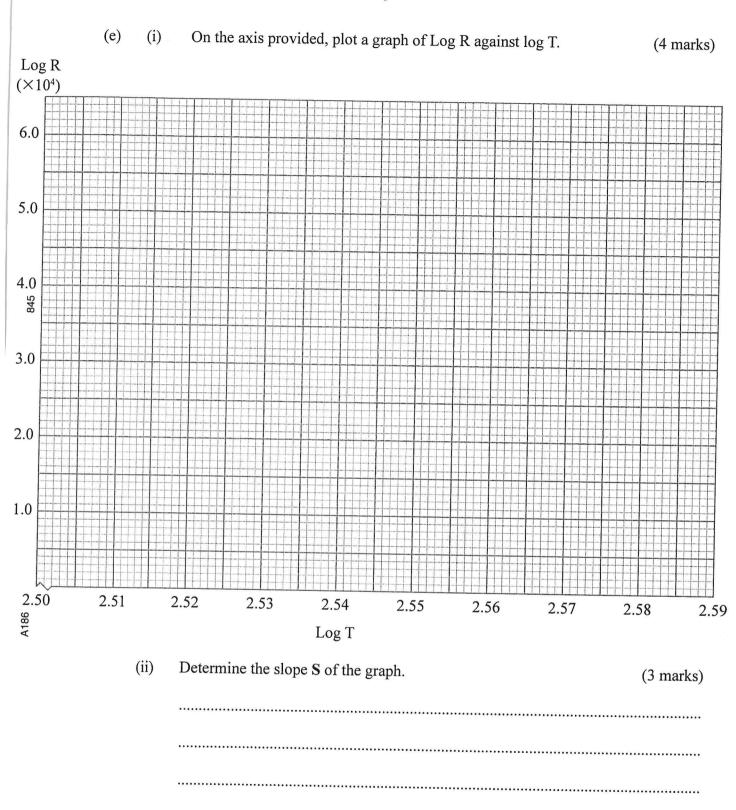


(d) Repeat (c) as the temperature falls to the other values shown in **table 1**. Complete the table.

Table 1

(8 marks)

Temperature of hot water (°)	80	75	70	65	60	55
T (K)			,			
Current I (A)		*				
Potential difference V (V)						
Resistance $R = \frac{V}{I} (\Omega)$						
Log R (3 decimal places)						
Log T (3 decimal places)						





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(f)

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Given that R and T are related by the equation Log R = Log K + n Log T, determine the

You are provided with the following:

- A metre rule
- A stand, boss and clamp
- A piece of string
- A 20 g mass
- A 50 g mass
- A measuring cylinder containing water
- A concave mirror
- A screen
- A candle
- Pieces of sewing threads
- A mirror holder (Lens holder)

Proceed as follows:

PART A

Using a string, suspend the metre rule on the stand so that it balances horizontally at its (a) center of gravity. Record the centimetre mark at which the metre rule balances.

Centimetre mark = cm

(1 mark)

With the metre rule balanced at its centre of gravity, suspend a 20 g mass at a distance of (b) 30 cm from the centre of gravity. Suspend the 50 g mass on the other side of the centre of gravity and adjust its position until the rule is balanced. See figure 3.

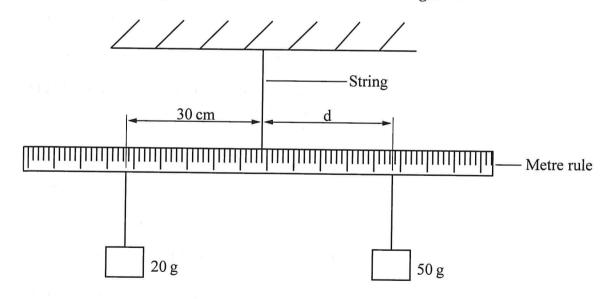


Figure 3



Reco	rd the d	listance d of the 50 g mass from the centre of gravity.	
	d = .	cm	
	d = .	m	(1 mark)
(c)	(i)	Record the volume of the water in the measuring cylinder provided.	
		V =	(1 mark)
	(ii)	Immerse the 20 g mass fully into the water and adjust the position of the mass so that the rule balances horizontally. Record the volume V_1 of the water plus 20 g mass and the distance d_1 of mass from the centre of gravity.	
		V ₁ =	(1 mark)
		$d_1 = \dots$	(1 mark)
	(iii)	(I) Determine the volume of the water displaced	(1 mark)
		(II) Determine the weight of the water displaced. $(density \ of \ water = 1 \ gcm^{-3})$	(3 marks)
(d)	(i)	Use the principle of moments to determine the apparent weight of the 2 when fully immersed in water. $(g = 10 \text{ Nkg}^{-1})$	0g mass (2 marks)
	(ii)	Calculate the weight of the 20 g mass in air $(g = 10 \text{ Nkg}^{-1})$	(1 mark)
			•••••••

(iii)	Determine the apparent loss in weight of the 20 g mass.	(1 mark)
		••••••

PART B

(e) Light the candle and place it at distance u = 20 cm in front of the concave mirror. Adjust the position of the screen until a sharp image of the candle flame is obtained. See figure 4.

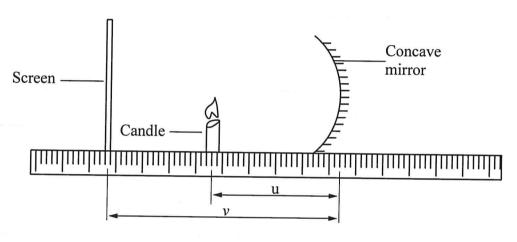


Figure 4

(i) Read and record the distance v between the screen and the mirror.

$$v = \dots$$
 (1 mark)

(ii) Determine:

I.	the magnification m of the mirror given that: $m = \frac{v}{u}$,	(1 mark)
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II. the value
$$f_1$$
 given that: $f_1 = \frac{mu}{m+1}$ (1 mark)

.....

	(f)	Repea	Repeat part (e) for distance $u_1 = 18 \mathrm{cm}$				
		(i)	Read and record the distance v_1 between the screen and the mirror.				
			$v_1 = \dots$	(1 mark)			
		(ii)	Determine the magnification m ₁ of the mirror.	(1 mark)			
		(iii)	Hence determine f_2 .	(1 mark)			
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	(g)	Deter	mine the average value of f.	(1 mark)			

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