

NAME ADM

CLASS..... DATE: SIGN:

101/2
FORM 3
TERM 3 2019
ENGLISH
PAPER 2
TIME 2 ½ HOURS

END OF TERM THREE EXAM-2019
(KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION)

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- a) Write your name admission and class on the spaces provided
- b) Answer all questions
- c) All answers should be written on the spaces provided

Examiner's use

Question	Max score	Candidates score
Comprehension	20	
Excerpt	25	
Poem	20	
Grammar	20	
Total		

This paper consists of 12 printed pages. Candidates should check to ascertain that all pages are printed and that no question is missing.

Q1. Read the passage below and then answer the questions that follow (20mks)

In the eighteenth century, the field of science was virtually closed to women. In France, the countess wrote a highly regarded book about newtonian physical, built its very excellence spoke against her. The manuscript was so good that it was widely assumed that it had been written by the countess's tutor rather than by the countess herself. Sadly enough, the tutor Samuel Konig, did nothing to discourage the rumours about the book's authorship. Instead, he took full credit for the countess efforts. In England, the leading nation in science, the situation was worse. Women were strictly **prohibited** from admission to scientific societies. Indeed, the English denied women access to all forms of scientific study.

Italy, however, was something of an exception to the general European rule, and a number of provincial scientific societies did admit women. It is perhaps not surprising then, that the one woman who crashed the barriers erected against her gender was an Italian, Laura Bassi (1711 – 1778). Bassi actually became a respected scientific figure at a time when women were generally thought to be too intellectually limited for the rigors of scientific study. By all accounts, she thoroughly disapproved the sexist notion that women and the sciences were opposed to one another.

Bassi was one of the lucky women of her era. Her father was an enlightened lawyer in Bologna, Italy, who believed that women should be educated. Thus, young Laura was schooled by the family physician, Gaetano Tacconi. By the age of twenty she was familiar with the scientific concepts of times, particularly Newtonian physics. Because her father encouraged her to display her erudition at social gatherings Bass's reputation as a learned woman grew.

Tested by a group of professors and scholars anxious to prove that a woman could not possibly be so clever, Bassi astonished the skeptics with her intelligence, learning and eloquence. Local scholars were so impressed that in 1731 they invited her to join the Bologna institute of sciences and to study for a degree at the University of Bologna. On May 12, 1732, Bassi became only the second woman ever to gain an academic degree. A few months later, she became the world's first female professor.

But despite her breakthrough, those in charge of the university of Bologna had very rigid ideas about what Bassi could or could not do as a professor. For example, she had no say over her schedule. To the University's leaders, she was an intriguing oddity. They might trot her out for display to curious visiting scholars, but they would not let her lecture on a regular basis. Nor, for

that matter, could she pursue her own studies or research. Still, Bassi was not an easy woman to control, and to a degree, she managed to go her own way.

In 1749, to escape university restrictions, Bassi began offering private lessons in experimental physics. She also began championing Newton's finding about gravity even in the face of widespread intellectual resistance. In addition..., Bassi corresponded with the leading physicist of the day. Thus she kept her country abreast of new scientific theories.

In 1776 when Bassi was sixty-five, the university acknowledged her contributions to scientific thought by bestowing upon her an unheard of honour for a woman: She was appointed chair of experimental physics, and her husband, the father of her eight children was appointed her assistant.

Contrary to expectation, Bassi's achievements did not pave the way for other women. This is because many of her male colleagues had been disturbed by her extraordinary progress and were reluctant to let any other female follow in her footsteps. After Bassi's death in 1778, it took more than a century, and the arrival of Marie Curie, for another woman to find herself at home in the male-dominated world of science.

Adapted from Reading for Results by Laraine Fleming (2008) New York: Houghton Mifflin

a) Why was it widely assumed that the countess's tutor had written the book on Newtonian Physics? (2 mks)

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b) In what way was France better than England in the treatment of women interested in the sciences? (2 mks)

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c) Describe the irony in Paragraphy two (2 mks)

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d) According to the passage, what was a professor expected to do. Write your answer in not more than 20 words (3 mks)

e) For what selfish purpose did the university of Bologna use Bassi? (1 mk)

f) Bassi was not an easy woman to control. Using evidence from the passage, support this statement (3 mks)

g) Why in your opinion, do you think the author mentions the fact that Bassi had eight children? (2 mks)

h) Contrary to her expectations, Bassi's achievements did not pave the way for other women (Replace the underlined words with 'Sadly')

i) . Explain the meaning of the following words and expressions as used in the passage. (4 mks)

i) Prohibited

ii) to a degree

iii)Kept her country abreast

iv)Pave

Q2. Read the excerpt provided and answer the questions that follow.(25 mks)

You are mad! Resian screamed at him. “You are stark mad if you think I am your wife. I can only be your wife over my dead body. Yes, you and my father can kill me and carry my dead body to your palatial home”.

He was stunned by those harsh words. He winced as if he had been struck. The already harsh line of his mouth tightened and he stood tense for a moment. Then he relaxed and watched her mockingly. You can never escape Resian,” he repeated quietly, smiling. The very normality of his voice as he spoke those monstrous words was most shocking and disturbing to her. “Whether you scream your heart out, or jump into the deep sea, Resian you are mine. You are my wife from now henceforth!”

“I want to go now,” Resian announced agrily, shuddering with disgust and terror.

“You want to go?” he asked, the contemptuous quiet of his voice a menace by itself. “Go! You want to be persuaded, coaxed and pampered to marry Oloisudori Loonkiyaa? Sorry I will not do that! if you want to go, please yourself. You may opt to go, but when you are mine, you will do as I please. No one plays games with Oloisudori. Ask your father, he will tell you.”

“Stop it! Stop it!” Resian screamed excruciatingly pained by the disdainful remarks of Oloisudori. Putting her hands over her ears, she made a dash for the door. He made no effort to stop her but she flung it open and turned to glare at him with tearful eyes.

“You are mad!” she screamed again sobbingly. “You are stark mad!You hear me? You are nothing but *Ol-ushushi*,”She walked away and as she did so, she heard his soft laughter behind her.

questions

a) What happens before this excerpt?

(3 mks)

b) How is Oloisudori portrayed in this excerpt?

(4 mks)

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c) Describe the feeling of Resian in the excerpt

(3 mks)

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d) From other areas of the novel, state crimes that are committed by Oloisudori

(3 mks)

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e) Identify two styles evident in the excerpt

(4 mks)

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f) What happens after this excerpt?

(3 mks)

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g) 'You are my wife from now henceforth' Rewrite in reported speech

(1 mk)

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h) Explain the meaning of the following words as used in the excerpt

(4 mks)

i) Pampered

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ii) Disgust

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iii)Mad

iv)Palatial

Q3. Read the following poem and answer the questions that follow (20 mks)

Son, I wish I could wake up and see you standing there.

Then, I would know that it was just a nightmare.

Son, I remember when you were small and how you would hold my hand and as you grew older you became my best friend.

Son, I have 29 years of memories that I will treasure and keep safe in my heart.

We share a bond that time and distance can never break apart.

Son, Oh how my heart aches so

I would love to have you back and never let you go.

Son, Where there was happiness,
now there is sadness.

Son, how I long to hear your voice and see your beautiful smile.
and have you back for just a little while.

Son, until that day I see you again, I will look to the sky and search among the stars for my son
and my best friend.

a) Who is the speaker in the poem above? (3mks)

b) Describe what the poem is about (3 mks)

c) Highlight how the absence of 'son' affects the persona (4 mks)

d) What is poem's mood? Illustrate (2 mks)

e) 'Time heals all wounds'. Do you think this saying is true? Base your argument on the poem. (2 mks)

f) 'Son, where there was happiness now there is sadness' (Rewrite beginning with : Where ----) (1 mk)

g) State and illustrate 2 stylistic devices in the poem. (4mks)

h) Suggest a title for this poem. (1mk)

Q4. Grammar 15 marks

a) Fill the blank spaces in the following sentences with the most appropriate word(s) (3 mks)

- i) If we had gone to bed early last night _____ rested enough.
- ii) Every student now _____ a role to play in keeping the school compound clean.
- iii) If I _____ the recruiting officer, I would not take bribes.

b) Rewrite the following sentences to remove gender bias (3 mks)

- i) A professor should give his students opportunities to develop their skills.

ii) My sister was appointed chairlady of the water project committee

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.....

iii) The firemen took a long time to arrive at the scene of the accident.

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c) Join each of the following pairs of sentences into one using the word given in brackets

(2 mks)

i) a)The woman read a newspaper

b)The man prepared a meal (use.....while....)

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.....
.....

ii) a)Musa met the woman.

b)Musa wanted to marry the woman's daughter (use.....whose.....)

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.....

d) Rewrite the following sentences to correct the errors

(2 mks)

i) He hit a tree as he reversed back the car

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ii) How many people ascended up the mountain?

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e) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each

(3 mks)

i) The patient could not stand without support, she also could not sit straight (Rewrite as one sentence using 'neither--- nor')

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.....

ii) Jomo Kenyatta the first president of Kenya was a great Orator (Punctuate the sentence)

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iii) Someone is following us (Rewrite in passive voice)

f) Use the right form of the words in brackets (2 mks)

i) There are several factors which contribute to a healthy _____ (exist)

ii) Victims of drug abuse become social _____ (fit)

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