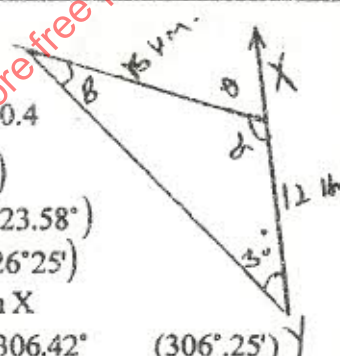


K.C.S.E. MATHEMATICS PAPER 121/1 2000

SOLUTION	MARKS	ALTERNATIVE METHODS
1. $\frac{28+18}{-2} - \frac{15-12}{3}$ $= -23 - 1$ $= -24$	M1 M1 A1 3 marks	Removal of each bracket Removal of denominators
2. $\frac{(3a+b)(a+b)}{(4a-b)(a+b)}$ $= \frac{3a+b}{4a-b}$	M1 M1 A1 3 marks	Numerator factorised Denominator factorised
3. (a) $\angle BAE = \frac{540^\circ}{5} = 108^\circ$ (b) $\angle BED = 108^\circ - 36^\circ = 72^\circ$ (c) $\angle BNM = 90^\circ - 36^\circ = 54^\circ$	B1  B1 B1 3 marks	Award angle seen on diagram
4. (a) Modal class is 150 - 154 (b) Median = $149.5 + \frac{7}{19} \times 5$ $= 151.34$ $= 151\frac{13}{38}$	B1  M1 A1 3 marks	Accept $\frac{25^{\text{th}} - 26^{\text{th}}}{2} = \frac{57}{2}$ 151.475
5. (a) $29 + \frac{28}{2} = 43\text{cm}^3$ (b) 43: 1075 $\times 10^4 \times 10^4$ 1: 25 $\times 10^8$ 1: 5 $10^4 = 1: 50000$	B1  M1 A1 3 marks	Accept 45, 46, 48  a.s.f. follow through l.s.f.
6. $\frac{\sin \beta}{12} = \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{15}$ $\sin \beta = \frac{0.5 \times 12}{15} = 0.4$ $\beta = 23.58^\circ (23^\circ 35')$ $\alpha = 180^\circ - (30^\circ + 23.58^\circ)$ $= 126.42 (126^\circ 25')$ Bearing of Z from X $180^\circ + 126.42^\circ = 306.42^\circ (306^\circ .25')$ N53°25'W	 M1 M1 A1 3 marks	After $\beta$ getting = 23.50 $\theta = 53.58 = (30 + 23.58)$ $\alpha = 360 - 53.58$ $= 306.42$  267.8cm <sup>2</sup> when log used
7. Area of rectangle = $19.5 \times 16.5\text{cm} = 321.75\text{cm}^2$ Area of 4 triangles = $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4.5 \times 4 = 54\text{cm}^2$ Area of octagon = $321.75 - 54 = 267.75\text{cm}^2$	M1 M1  A1 3 marks	accept equivalent methods   267.8cm <sup>2</sup> when log used

<p>8. Volume = <math>\frac{1}{3} \times 12 \times 9 \times 6</math> = <math>216\text{cm}^3</math></p>	<p>M1 A1 2 marks</p>	
<p>9. Korir      Wangari      Hassan <math>\frac{1}{4}x</math>      <math>\frac{2}{5}x - \frac{3}{4}x</math> or <math>\frac{3}{10}x</math>      <math>\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}x</math> or <math>\frac{3}{8}x</math>  Bank <math>x - \left\{ \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{10}x + \frac{3}{8}x \right\}</math> = <math>\frac{3}{40}x</math>  <math>\frac{3}{8}x - \frac{3}{40}x = 60000</math> <math>x = 200000</math></p>	<p>M1  M1  M1 A1 4 marks</p>	<p>He can use number instead of unknown trials and errors accepted Korir who gave = <math>\frac{3}{10}x</math> Hassan = <math>\frac{3}{8}x</math> Bank = <math>\frac{3}{8}x - 60000</math> <math>x = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{8}x + \frac{3}{8}x + \frac{3}{8}x</math> <math>x = \frac{37}{40}x + \frac{3}{8} - 60000</math></p>
<p>10. (a) <math>4p + 6b = 66</math> <math>2p + 5b = 51</math> <math>4p + 6b = 66</math> <math>4p + 10b = 102</math> <math>4b = 36</math> <math>b = 9</math> <math>p = 3</math>  (b) Let the number of pencils be <math>x</math> <math>3x + 9(x + 4) = 228</math> <math>12x = 192</math> <math>x = 16</math></p>	<p>M1  M1 A1  M1  A1 5 marks</p>	
<p>11. Gradient of a <math>\perp</math>(perpendicular) line = 2 Equation of the line <math>\frac{y-1}{x-2} = 2</math> or <math>y = 2x - 3</math></p>	<p>B1  B1  2 marks</p>	
<p>12. Distance covered = <math>75 \times \frac{12}{60}</math> = 15 km Distance covered by taxi = <math>\frac{x-15}{75} = \frac{x}{95}</math> <math>x = \frac{95 \times 15}{20}</math> <math>x = 71.25</math></p>	<p>B1  M1 A1 3 marks</p>	<p><u>Alternative</u> R.V = <math>95 - 75</math> = 20      M1  <math>\frac{15}{20} \times 95</math>      M1 <math>D = 71.25</math>      A1</p>
<p>13. <math>A = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 \sin 120^\circ</math> = <math>\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 \times 0.866</math> = 10.825(10.82)</p>	<p>M1  M1 A1 3 marks</p>	<p><u>Alternative</u> <math>h = 5 \sin 60 = 5 \frac{3}{2}</math> M1 <math>A = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 \frac{3}{2}</math> M1 = <math>\frac{25.3}{4}</math> A1 3rd side = 8.66 then apply Hero's formula</p>

<p>14.</p> $x = \frac{P - \pi r}{2}$ $\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{P - \pi r}{2} \right)^2$ $= \frac{1}{8} (P - \pi r)^2$ $\text{Area of semi circle} = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$ $\text{Total area} = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2 + \frac{1}{8} (P - \pi r)^2$	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>3 marks</p>	<p>All numerical value for <math>\pi</math></p>												
<p>15.</p> $4 - 2x < 4x - 9 \Rightarrow 13 < 6x$ $\Rightarrow \frac{13}{6} < x$ $4x - 9 < x + 11 \Rightarrow 3x < 20x$ $x < \frac{20}{3}$ <p>Integral value of <math>x = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}</math></p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>3 marks</p>													
<p>16.</p> $\text{Equal share} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{12}{100} \times 46800 = 1404$ $\text{Remainder} = \frac{88}{100} \times 46800 = 41184$ <p>Share in the ratio of contributions</p> $= \frac{14}{40} \times 41184$ $= 14414.40$ $\text{Total share} = 1404 + 14414.40$ $= 15818.40$	<p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>3 marks</p>													
<p>17.</p> $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A' & B' & C' \\ -2 & -4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ <p>Co-ordinates of image</p> <p>A'(1, -2), B'(-4, -1), C'(6, -1)</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>3 marks</p>	<p>Accept method of drawing</p>												
<p>18.</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>No</th> <th>Log</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.23</td> <td>0.0899</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.0089</td> <td><math>\bar{3}.9494</math> +</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><u>2.0393</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>\bar{1}.8839</math> -</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><u>4.1554</u> ÷ 3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $\frac{\bar{6} + 2.1554}{3} = \bar{2}.7185$ <p>Expression = 0.0523</p>	No	Log	1.23	0.0899	0.0089	$\bar{3}.9494$ +		<u>2.0393</u>		$\bar{1}.8839$ -		<u>4.1554</u> ÷ 3	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>4 marks</p>	<p>All logs correct</p> <p>correct attempt to add and subtract logs</p> <p>correct attempt to divide by 3</p>
No	Log													
1.23	0.0899													
0.0089	$\bar{3}.9494$ +													
	<u>2.0393</u>													
	$\bar{1}.8839$ -													
	<u>4.1554</u> ÷ 3													

<p>19. Let <math>y = 5^x</math>  <math>y^2 - 6y + 5 = 0</math>  <math>(y - 5)(y - 1)</math>  <math>y = 5</math> or <math>y = 1</math>  <math>5^1 = 5^x</math> and <math>5^0 = 5^x</math>  <math>\Rightarrow x = 1</math> or <math>x = 0</math></p>	<p>M1 A1 M1 A1</p>	<p>correct quadratic for both values At least one form quadratic for both values</p>
4 marks		
<p>21. (a) (i) <math>A = \frac{22}{7} \times 4.2 \times 4.2 = 55.44\text{cm}^2</math></p> <p>(ii) Let slanting length cone be <math>L</math>  <math>\frac{L-8}{L} = \frac{3.5}{4.2}</math>  <math>L = 48\text{cm}</math>  Curved area of frustum  <math>= \frac{22}{7} (4.2 \times 48 - 3.5 \times 40)</math>  <math>= 193.6\text{cm}^2</math></p> <p>(iii) Hemispherical surface area  <math>= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 3.5 \times 3.5</math>  <math>= 77\text{cm}^2</math></p> <p>(b) Ratio of area = 81.51:326.04  1:4  Ratio of lengths = 1:2  Radius of base = <math>\frac{4.2}{2}</math>  <math>= 2.1\text{cm}</math></p>	<p>B1 M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1</p>	<p>3.142 used A = 55.42 cm</p> <p><math>\frac{22}{7} (4 \cos 3.5) 8 = 193.6</math></p> <p><u>Alternative</u>  <math>\frac{H}{36} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 4.2 \times 4.8</math>  <math>= 193.6</math></p> <p><math>2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 3.5 \times 3.5 + 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 4.2</math>  <math>= 77 + 110.00 = 187.88</math>  <math>187.88 + 193.6</math></p>
8 marks		
<p>22. (a) Cost/ton/km = <math>\frac{24000}{28 \times 48}</math></p> <p>Kimani received  <math>\frac{24000}{28 \times 48} \times 96 \times 49</math>  <math>= 84,000</math></p> <p>(b) Profit = <math>84000 - \frac{96}{8} \times 3000</math>  <math>= 48,000</math></p> <p>(c) Achieng received <math>\frac{84}{28} \times 24,000 = 72,000</math></p> <p>Transport cost <math>72,000 \times \frac{100}{144} = 50,000</math></p>	<p>M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 M1, A1</p>	<p><math>\frac{24,000 \times 48 \times 84}{28 \times 48} = 72,000</math></p>
8 marks		

24.

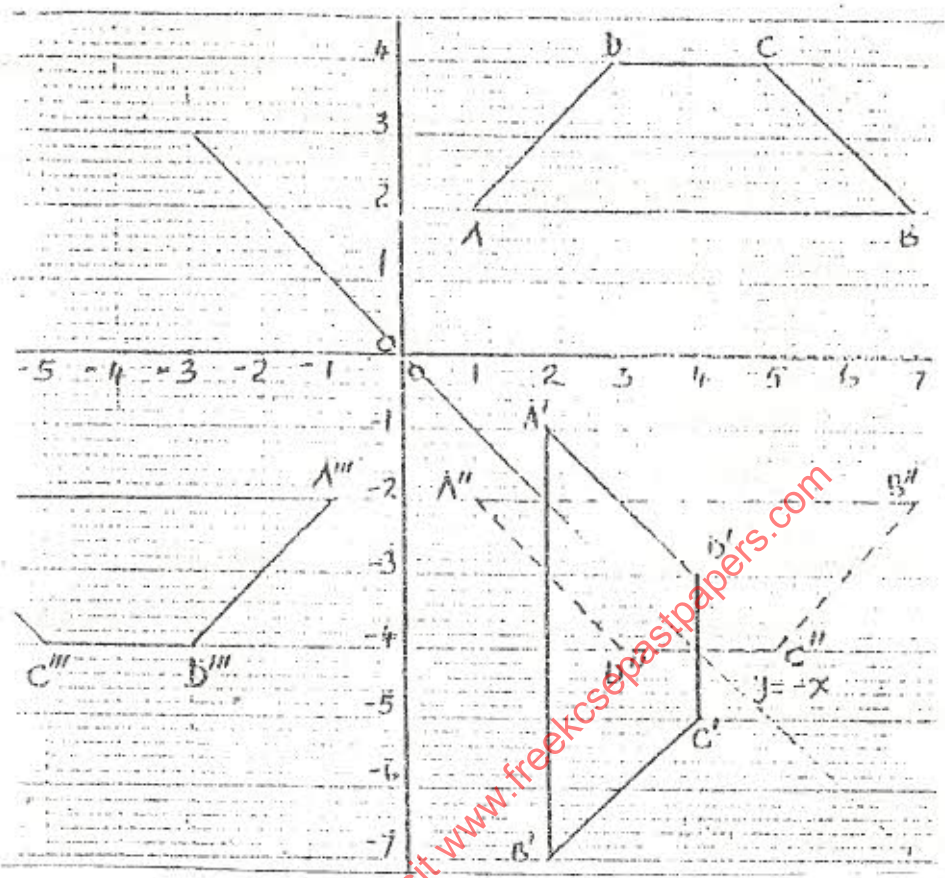


Image A' B' C' D'	B1	May be implied
line $y = -x$ drawn	B1	
Image A'' B'' C'' D''	B1	enlargement sf - 1 centre of enlargement (0, 0)
A'' (1, -2) B'' (7, -2) C'' (-5, -4) D'' (-3, -4)	B1	
Image A''' B''' C''' D'''	B1	
A''' (-1, -2) B''' (-7, -2) C''' (-5, -4) D''' (-3, -4)	B1	
Half turn centre	B1	
(0, 0)	B1	
	8 marks	