MOKASA 1 EVALUATION EXAMINATION

231/1 - **BIOLOGY**

- Paper 1

November - 2020 - 2 Hours

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a) Write your name and admission number in the spaces provided above. b) Sign and write the date of the examination in the spaces provided. c) Answer ALL the questions in this question paper. d) Answers must be written in the spaces provided e) This paper consists of 10 printed pages. f) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing. g) Candidates should answer all the questions in English. FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY.																		
QUESTI	ON	1	l	2	.8	Sal I		4	!	5	6	5	7	7		8	9	
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Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.	
1. State two characteristics of organisms that are easily observed in both ani	mals and plants. (2 marks)
2. Fingerlings of fish were introduced to two different ponds. Those fingerlin	gs in bond one all died
within four days but the fingerlings in pond two survived.	
Suggest the likely reasons why the fingerlings in pond one died.	(3 marks)
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	×
3. A student observing a specimen through a microscope viewed a blurred in	nage of the specimen.
Suggest two possible reasons for this observation.	(2 marks)
in the state of th	
4. State two processes that take place during anaphase of mitosis.	(2 marks)
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C. Distinguish hat was a server and divergent and divergen	/1\
5. Distinguish between convergent and divergent evolution.	(1 mark)

6. (a) Terrestrial insects such as locusts were captured and their blood was analys	
the blood does not have blood pigments such as haemoglobin. Explain.	(2 marks)
(b) State how the tracheal system in insects is adapted to gaseous exchange.	(3 marks)
, compared to the compared to	2,
7. State two functions of a diastema in herbivores.	(2 marks)
white white	
. The control of th	
8. The diagram below shows part of a starch molecule.	
(a) Identify what the circles and the lines joining them represents.	(2 marks)
Circles	, ,
.0	
Lines	
(b) Draw how the structure will appear after the enzyme amylase has acted on the	ie starch molecule and
name the products.	(2 marks)
Drawing:	
Products	
riouucis	

9. Explain two ways in which the chloroplast is adapted to photosynthesis.	(2 marks)
10. The diagram shown below represent cells from a certain type of epithelial tissues i	n mammals.
800000 Mitochardrien.	
(a) Name the part labeled V.	(1 marks)
, what is	••••••
(b) Identify the region of the mammalian body where the epithelial tissue maybe foun	d. (1 mark)
(c) What is the role of the numerous mitochondria in the epithelial cells as shown about	ve. (2 marks)
in the state of th	
Zageid vie.	
11. Explain what would happen to red blood cells if blood glucose concentration incre	ased due failure
of the secretion of insuling	(3 marks)
of the secretion of insuling the secretion o	

12. State three biotic factors that could affect an antelope living in Masai Mara.	(3 marks)
13. A drop of a person's blood shows clumping in serum of blood group B but not in se group A.	rum of blood
(a) Identify the blood group of this person.	(1 mark)
(b) Name the antibodies found in blood of the following groups. (i) Blood group A	(2 marks)
- St.	
(ii) Blood group AB	(3 marks)
15. Name three organelles that would be abundantly present in secretory cells.	(3 marks)
16. Give three ways in which the red blood cell is adapted to transport oxygen?	

17. Describe how the leaves of submerged plants are adapted to gaseous exchange.	(3 marks)
18. Name the part of the seed whose growth brings about epigeal germination.	(1 mark)
10. Name the part of the seed whose growth brings about epigear germination.	(I mark)
19. State three aspects of light that affect the rate of photosynthesis.	(3 marks)
	•••••
Many.	
20. (a) Identify the class with organisms that have three body parts and three pairs of	legs. (1 mark)
(b) Suggest three reasons why members of the class named in (a) above are adapted t	
habitats.	(3 marks)
and the state of t	
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21. (a) List three types of gene mutation.	(3 marks)
(b) (i) What are sex-linked genes?	(1 mark)

(ii) Name two conditions that are sex-linked.	(2 marks)
22. (a) State any two rules of binomial nomenclature.	(2 marks)
(b) Define the term species.	(2 marks)
23. (a) Name two digestive enzymes produced in their inactive form.	(2 marks)
(b) Explain why the enzymes named in (a) above are produced in inactive form.	(2 marks)
n'n'	
24. (a) Define immunity.	(1 mark)
(b) Giving an example in each case, give two main types of immunity.	,

25. Identify three methods that cause fruit dispersal.	
26. State three factors that increase the rate of traspiration.	(3 marks)
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