Name:	Index Number:
Adm. No Class:	Candidate's Signature:
231/2 BIOLOGY Theory Paper 2 March/April 2020	Date:

# MOKASA JOINT EVALUATION EXAMS

#### **MOKASA 1**

231/2 Biology Paper 2 March/April, 2020

#### **Instructions To Candidates**

Time: 2 Hours

- Write your name and Index number in the spaces provided above.
- Sign and write the date of the examination the spaces provided above.
- This paper consists of **two** sections: A and B.
- Answer **ALL** the questions in Section **A** in the spaces provided.
- In section **B** answer questions **6** (compulsory) and either question **7** or **8** in the spaces provided after question **8**.

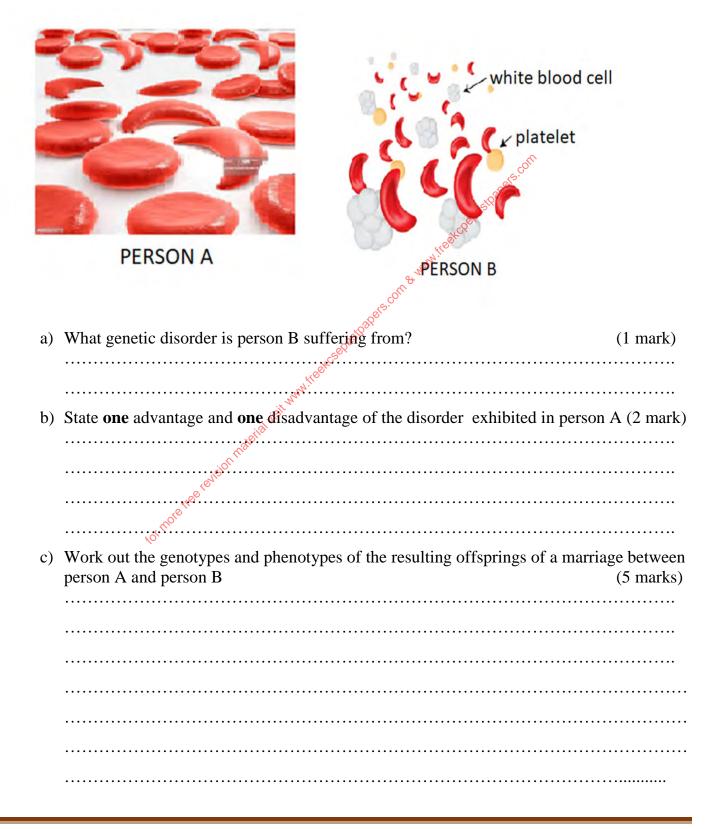
## FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

Section &	<b>Question</b>	Maximum score	Candidate's score
of mon	1		
40.	2		
A	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
В	7	20	
	8	20	
TOTAL SCOR	E	80	

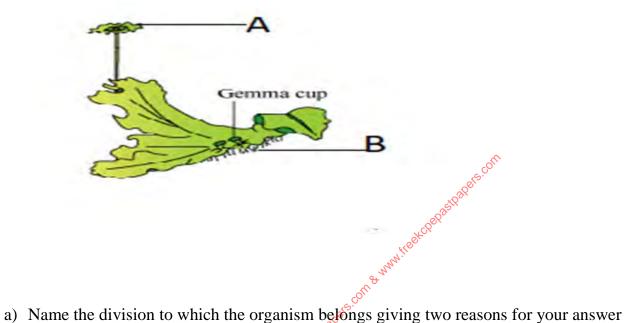
#### **SECTION A: (40 MARKS)**

#### Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1. The diagrams below show samples of blood obtained from two different persons A and B.



2. Study the diagram below and answer the questions that follow.



,	Division:  Reasons.  Name the function of the name lebelled	(3 marks)
	Division:	
	want.	
	Reasons	
	a material	
b)	Name the function of the parts labelled	
	A	(1 mark)
	Name the function of the parts labelled  A	(1 mark)
c)	State <b>three</b> differences between the process of fertilization in the above named and in a flowering plant.	division (3 marks)

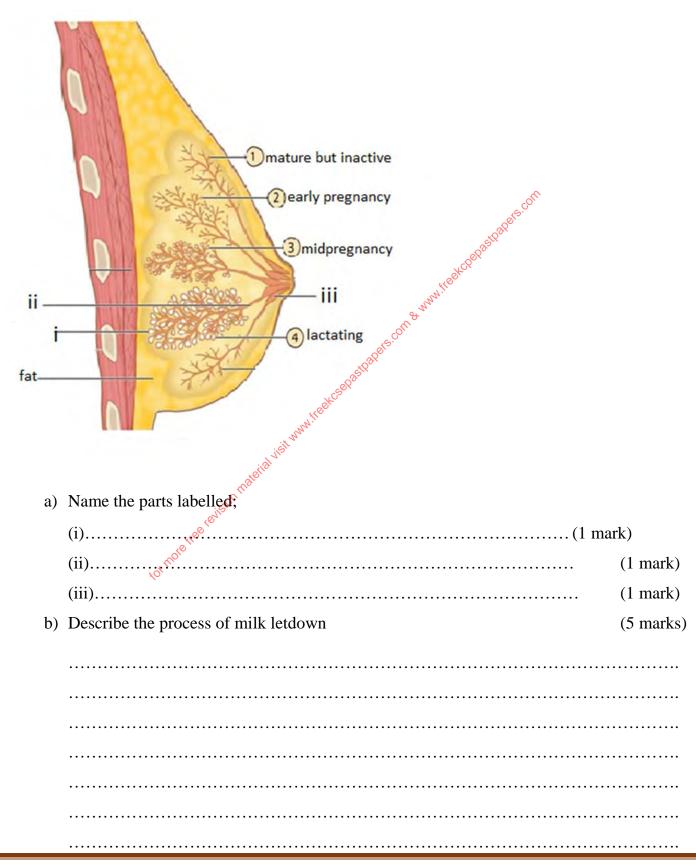
3. A biologist carried out a study to investigate the growth of a certain species of herbivorous fish and the factors influencing plant and animal life in four lakes A, B, C and D. The lakes were located in the same geographical area.

Two of the lakes A and B were found to contain hard water due to the presence of high content of calcium salts. The mean body length of 2 year old fish, amount of plant life and invertebrates biomass in each lake were determined. The data was as shown in the table below.

Lakes	Means of body	Type of	Amount of	Inverteb	rate bior	nas g/cn	$n^3$
	length (cm)	water	plant life	Insects	Snails	Crabs	Worms
A	31.2	Hard	1050	11	300	10	180
В	28.6	Hard	950	72	100	9	90
С	18.4	Soft	1.2	79	0	2	20
D	16.3	Soft	0.5	99	0	1	10

a)	Describe the procedure that may have been used to determine the mean body length of the fish.  (4 marks)	
	og et sping a	
b)	What are the likely reasons for the difference in mean body length of the fish living in	
	lakes A and D? (2 marks	.)
	riest ward	
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	End in the second of the secon	
c)	Explain why primary producers have a higher biomass (2 marks)	
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

4. The diagram below is a section from the mammalian body. Study and use it to answer the questions that follow.



	ne same experiment was repeated using the same amount of food sample B. It was no at it takes 15 minutes for the gaseous product of food sample A to turn calcium hydroxulution white and 50 minutes by gaseous product of food sample B to do the same.
a)	Suggest with a reason, the possible identity of food sample A and B (4 m
	Suggest the possible identity of the gaseous product of food samples A and B. (1 m
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	Suggest the possible identity of the gaseous product of food samples A and B. (1 in
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.  (3 m
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.
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ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.
ii)	Explain how anaerobic respiration has been applied in making of beer and wines.

(i)In an experiment, food sample A was respired by an organism and the gaseous product

5.

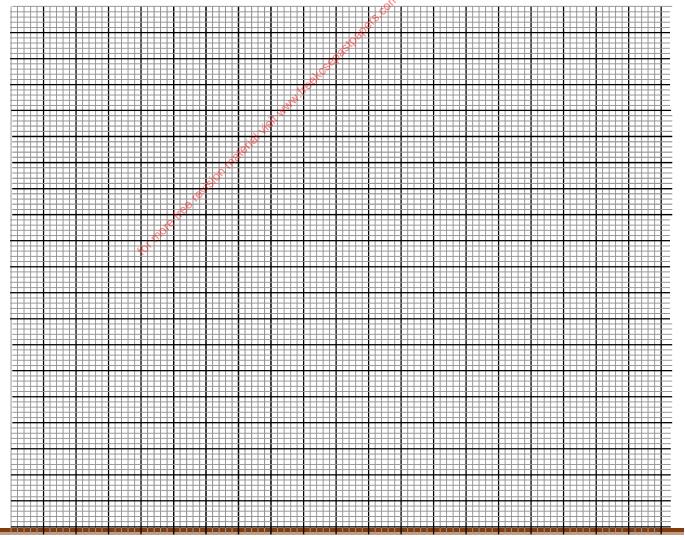
#### **SECTION B: (40 MARKS)**

### Answer question 6 (COMPULSORY) in the spaces provided and either question 7 or 8

6. The table below shows results of an experiment in which small pieces of tradescantia stems were placed in different salt concentrations. After 6 hours they were removed from the solutions, wiped to dry and weighed. The results are as shown below. Study the table and answer the questions that follow.

Salt concentration (mg)	Percentage change in weight
2.5	+11
5.0	+8
7.5	+5
10.0	+3
12.5	+2
15.0	+1
17.5	-2 ke <sup>,co</sup>
20.0	-8 200
22.5	-9.5
25.0	-11

a) i) Draw a graph of the percentage change in weight against salt concentration. (6 marks)



ii)	From the graph determine the salt concentration that is equathe tradescantia cell sap.	(1 mark)
b)	Account for the following changes in the weight.  (i) Percentage positive change	(4marks)
	(ii) Percentage negative change	(3 marks)
	.m.htek <sup>kQek</sup>	
	oets; com sur	
•		
c)	Briefly describe how the above physiological process brings seedlings	s about upright posture in (3 marks)
•		
d)i)	and the second s	(1 mark)
•		
ii)	State any <b>two</b> differences between the physiological process physiological process that root hairs use to absorb mineral s that is hypertonic to their cell saps	

7.	a) b)	Explain the biological importance of abiotic factors in seed germination. Explain the following evidences of organic evolution.	(12 marks)			
	(i)	Comparative anatomy	(5 marks)			
	(ii)	Geographical distribution	(3 marks)			
8.	In terms of homeostatic balance in the body, describe the function of the following systems in regulation of blood sugar level.					
	a)	Digestive system	(20 marks)			
	,					
	b)	Circulatory system				
	c)	Respiratory system				
	d)	Nervous system				
	e)	Hormonal system				
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