

## ATD LEVEL I

## INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

TUESDAY: 26 November 2019.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question. Show ALL your workings.

# **QUESTION ONE**

(a) Explain four limitations of financial statements.

(8 marks)

(b) The following information was extracted from the books of Future Traders for the month of October 2019:

Balance as at 1 October 2019	Sh."000"
Purchases ledger	360,000 (Credit)
Sales ledger	220,000 (Debit)
Transactions during the month of October 2019:	50
Transactions during the month of October 2019:  Purchases: Cash Credit  Sales: Cash Credit  Refunds to cash customers  Contra settlement  Bad debts written off Increase in allowance for doubtful debts  Returns inward  Returns outward  Cash refunds from credit suppliers.	800,000
Credit	4,160,000
Sales: Cash	640,000
Credit	6,800,000
Refunds to cash customers	40,000
Contra settlement	360,000
Bad debts written off	12,000
Increase in allowance for doubtful debts	6,400
Returns inward	80,000
Returns outward	160,000
Cash refunds from credit suppliers.	32,000
Interest on overdue customer debts	8,200
Discounts received from credit suppliers	256,000
Discounts allowed to credit customers	260,000
Total payments to credit suppliers	3,360,000
Total receipts from credit customers	6,100,000

## Required:

(i) Sales ledger control account as at 31 October 2019.

(6 marks)

(ii) Purchases ledger control account as at 31 October 2019.

(6 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

# **QUESTION TWO**

Mavuno Feeds Enterprises is a small scale business that sells animal feeds.

The following information relates to June 2019, its first month of trading:

June 2019:	Particulars
1	Started business with Sh.175,000 in cash
2	Deposited Sh.140,000 of the cash into the bank account
3	Bought goods for cash worth Sh.7,500
4	Bought stationery on credit worth \$h.17,000 from Nathan
5	Bought goods on credit from Eva Sh.18,000, Paul Sh.24,500, Tony Sh.5,500 and Mark Sh.17,000
6	Paid rent balance by Cheque Sh.2,750

	7 8	Sold goods on credit to Nancy Sh.4,500, Otieno Sh.7,500, Mureithi Sh.9,500 and Tam Bought furniture from Juhudi Carpenters on credit Sh.24,000	nasha Sh.8,000
	12	Paid wages in cash for casuals Sh.6,000	
	14	Returned goods worth Sh.3,000 and Sh.2,000 to Tony and Paul respectively	
	15	Bought an old machine by cheque Sh.35,000	
	16	Received a loan from Havvy by cheque Sh.30,000 The following goods were returned to the business; Nancy Sh.1,000 and Mureithi Sh.2	2 000
	17 18	Cash sales Sh.4,500	
	21	Sold goods on credit to Pamela Sh.5,750, Otieno Sh.5,000 and Tamasha Sh.17,000	
	24	Paid the following by cheque; Paul Sh.22,500 and Tony Sh.2,500	
	25	Received a cheque from Pamela Sh.5,750 and Otieno Sh.12,500	•
	28	Received an additional loan from Havvy Sh.10,000 in cash	
	30	Received Sh.25,000 from Tamasha in cash	
Requi	mad.		
(a)		nt ledger accounts.	(12 marks)
(b)	Trial b	HREE examples in each case, describe the following types of accounting errors: Error of original entry. Error of commission. Error of principle. Compensating error.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
OHES	TION T	HREF	
(a)	Using	examples in each case, describe the following types of accounting errors:	
` '	(i)	Error of original entry.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Error of commission.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	Error of principle.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Compensating error	(2 marks)
(b)	debits	exceeding the credits with Sh.75,420. The difference was placed in a suspense account	awaiting investigations.
	The fo	llowing errors were later discovered and when corrected, the suspense account balance	was eliminated:
,	1.	Sales return day book was under cast by Sh.10,000.	
	2.	A creditors balance of Sh.15,400 was omitted from the creditors schedule.	
	3.	A credit sale of Sh.57,000 was entered in the debtor's account as Sh.75,000.	
	4.	Rent received of Sh.21,000 was treated in the account as an expense.	
	5.	An invoice of Sh.36,500 received was not recorded in the books.	and no other record was
	6.	A bad debt recovered of Sh.14,200 was correctly recorded in the debtors account a	and no other record was
	7.	Made in the books. A credit note of \$1.4,560 sent to a debtor was debited in his account as Sh.5,460.	
	Requi	rad.	
	(i)	Journal entries to correct the above errors.	(7 marks)
	(ii)	Suspense account to clear the difference in the trial balance.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUE: (a)	STION F Expla	OUR in the following terms as used in accounting:	
	(i)	Accrual basis of accounting.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Substance over form.	(2 marks)
٠	(iii)	Cost principle.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Monetary unit assumption.	(2 marks)

# (b) The following trial balance was extracted from the books of ABC Enterprises, a sole trader as at 31 October 2019:

	Debit Sh."000"		Credit
Freehold property at cost	120,000	3	sh."000"
Equipment at cost	80,000		
Accumulated depreciation (1 November 2018):	00,000		
Freehold property			20,000
Equipment			38,000
Purchases	250,000		38,000
Sales	230,000	,	102 200
Inventory (1 November 2018)	50,000	4	102,200
Discounts allowed	18,000		
Discounts received	18,000		4 000
Returns outward			4,800
Salaries and wages	50 000		15,000
Bad debts written off	58,800		
Interest on loan	4,600		
Rent	5,100		
	17,700		
Trade payables	40.000	•	36,000
Trade receivables	38,000		4S.
Cash in hand	300	4	el
Bank balance	1,300		X
Allowance for bad debts		Sil	500
Drawings	24,000	20,0	
Long term loan		د جي ا	30,000
Capital		<u>1</u>	<u>21,300</u> ′
	<u>667,800</u>	Heekesepastpar	67 <u>,800</u>

#### Additional information:

- 1. Inventory as at 31 October 2019 amounted to Sh.42,000,000.
- 2. Salaries and wages outstanding as at 31 October 2019 was Sh.800,000.
- 3. Rent paid in advance as at 31 October 2019 amounted to Sh.300,000.
- 4. Allowance for doubtful debts is to be adjusted to 2% of trade receivables.
- 5. Depreciation for non-current assets is to be provided as follows:

Asset	Method	Rate per annum
Freehold property	Straight line 💍	1.5%
Equipment	Reducing balance	25%

#### Required:

Income statement for the year ended 31 October 2019.

(12 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

# **QUESTION FIVE**

Green Gas Ltd., has an authorised capital of 1,000,000 ordinary shares of Sh.10 each. The company's trial balance as at '30 September 2019 was as follows:

	Sh."million"	Sh."million"
Freehold Land	6,200	*
Motor vehicles at cost	5,200	
Fixture and fittings at cost	4,600	
Accumulated depreciation (1 October 2018):	,	
Motor vehicles		. 3,000
Fixtures and fittings		2,500
Retained profit (1 October 2018)		800
General reserves (1 October 2018)		200
Ordinary share capital		7.800
10% debentures		2,040
Trade receivables and Trade payables	1,700	1,400
Purchases and sales	5,718	9,560
Administrative expenses	250	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

	Sh."million"	Sh."million"
Bad debts written off	146	
Inventory (1 October 2018)	650	
Debentures interest paid	102	
	900	
Salaries and wages Directors emoluments	420	•
	60	
Insurance	954	
Bank and cash balance Assets held for investment.	440	40
Investment income	<u>27,340</u>	27,340
		**

# Additional information:

Insurance paid in advance as at 30 September 2019 was Sh.9,000,000.

1. Salaries and wages outstanding as at 30 September 2019 amounted to Sh.51,000,000 2.

Inventory as at 30 September 2019 was valued at Sh.960 million. 3.

Provision for corporation tax for the year ended 30 September 2019 was Sh.300 million. 4.

Depreciation is to be provided as follows: 5.

Asset
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles

#### Rate per annum

10% on straight line basis 20% on reducing balance basis

Directors have proposed for: 6.

· Dividends of 10% for ordinary shares.

Transfer of Sh.60 million to general reserves.

Provision for outstanding debenture interest.

## Required:

(b)

Income statement for the year ended 30 September 2019.

Statement of financial position as at 30 September 2019.

(12 marks)

(8 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)