

ATD LEVEL III

PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

	TAINER BEST ECONOMICS	
MOND	AY: 26 November 2018.	Time Allowed: 3 hours.
Answer any FIVE questions.		ALL questions carry equal marks.
QUEST (a)	CION ONE Argue six cases in favour of specialisation of trade.	(6 marks)
(b)	Highlight five characteristics of a free market system in an economy.	(6 marks) (5 marks)
(c)	Citing relevant examples, distinguish between "substitutes" and "compliments" a	
(d)	Identify five factors that might lead to a rightward shift in the supply curve	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUEST (a)	TION TWO The quantity supplied of a commodity is 60 units when the prevailing price is 45 rises to 50 Shillings, the quantity supplied of the commodity increases to 75 units	
	Required: (i) The price elasticity of supply.	(3 marks)
	(ii) Interpret your results in (a)(i) above.	(2 marks)
(b)	Outline five demerits of fixing a maximum price of a commodity in an economy.	(5 marks)
(c)	Distinguish between the "real sector" and the "monetary sector" of an economy.	(4 marks)
(d)	Summarise six roles of commercial banks in an economy.	(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUEST (a)	FION THREE Identify four factors that determine wages of workers in an economy.	(4 marks)
(b)	Differentiate between "isocost line" and "isoquant" as applied in the theory of pr	roduction. (4 marks)
(c)	Discuss four types of mobility of labour as a factor of production.	(8 marks)
(d)	Explain four measures that could be adopted in an economy to control against a contr	deflationary gap. (4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES	TION FOUR	
(a)	Explain the concept of multiplier as used in economics.	(2 marks)
(b)	Analyse four roles of the multiplier in an economy.	(8 marks)
(c)	With the aid of a diagram, explain a firm's expansion path.	(6 marks)
(d)	Illustrate the concept of consumer surplus as applied in the theory of consumer b	cehaviour. (4 marks) (Total: 20 marks) AD31 Page 1 Out of 2

QU	ESTI	ON	FIVE
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(a) Explain the term "quasi rent" as applied in the theory of production.

(2 marks)

(b) Highlight eight factors that limit economic growth and development in developing countries.

(8 marks)

(c) Enumerate six causes of unemployment in an economy.

(6 marks)

(d) With the aid of a well labelled diagram, explain the long run equilibrium of a firm operating under perfect competition. (4 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION SIX

(a) Summarise four benefits of international trade to developing countries.

(4 marks)

(b) Suggest five challenges facing economic integration in developing countries.

(5 marks)

(c) Outline six economic effects of inflation to an economy.

(6 marks)

(d) Identify five measures that might be adopted in an economy to overcome the challenges of development planning.

(5 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION SEVEN

(a) The consumption function of a hypothetical economy is given as follows:

$$C = 50 + 0.75Y^d$$

Where: Y^d is the disposable income.

Required:

(i) The marginal propensity to save.

(2 marks)

(ii) The level of consumption assuming income of 500 Shillings and a tax rate of 25%.

(3 marks)

(b) Describe five methods employed by the government to influence allocation of resources in an economy.

(5 marks)

(c) Explain five factors that might limit consumer sovereignty.

(5 marks)

(d) Outline five characteristics of a market operating under duopoly market structure.

(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)