

ATD LEVEL III DCM LEVEL III

PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC FINANCE AND TAXATION

WEDNESDAY: 27 November 2019.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question. Show ALL your workings. Any assumptions made must be clearly and concisely stated.

RATES OF TAX (Including wife's employment, self-employment and professional income rates of tax).

Year of income 2018.

Monthly taxable pay	Annual taxabl	e pay	Rate of tax
(Sh.)	(Sh.)		% in each Sh.
1 - 12,298	1 -	147,580	%
12,299 - 23,885	147,581 -	286,623	15%
23,886 - 35,472	286,624 -	425,666	20%
35,473 - 47,0 5 9	425,667 -	564,709	25%
Excess over - 47,059	Excess over -	564,709	30%

Personal relief Sh.1,408 per month (Sh.16,896 per annum).

			Pre	escribed benef	it rates of motor	vehicles provided	by employer
				9x.	14	Monthly rates	Annual rates
				105ll		(Sh.)	(Sh.)
Capital allowance:			(i)	. *	h Backs and Esta	tes	
Wear and tear allow	ance:			Up to	1200 cc	3,600	43,200
Class I	37.5%			1201	1500 cc	4,200	50,400
Class II	30%			37501	1750 cc	5,800	69,600
Class III	25%		771	1751	2000 cc	7,200	86,400
Class IV	12.5%	.0	γ_{O} ,	2001	3000 cc	8,600	103,200
Software	20%	telle		Over	3000 cc	14,400	172,800
Industrial building a Up to 2009	illowance:	2.5% Makerin					
From 1 January 2	2010						
Hotels	.01	10%					
Hostels/Education	n/Film producer						
buildings	رويء	100%					
From 1 January 2 Commercial build							
(Shop, office or s	how room)	25%					
Farm works allowan	ice	100%	(ii)	Pick-ups, Pan	el Vans (unconve	rted)	
Investment deductio	n allowance	100%		Up to	1750 cc	3,600	43,200
				Over	1750 cc	4,200	50,400
Shipping investment	deduction	100%					•
(Ships over 125			(iii)) Land Rovers/	Cruisers	7,200	86,400

Extraction expenditure:

Written off over 5 years (20%)

Commissioner's prescribed benefit rates

		Monthly rates	Annual rates	
Servi	ces	(Sh.)	(Sh.)	
(i)	Electricity (Communal or from a generator)	1,500	18,000	
(ii)	Water (Communal or from a borehole)	500	6,000	
Agric	culture employees: Reduced rates of benefits			
(i)	Water	200	2,400	
(ii)	Electricity	900	10,800	

QUESTION ONE

- (a) Explain the meaning of the following terms as used in public finance management:
 - (i) Contingencies fund.

(2 marks)

(ii) Intergovernmental budget and economic council.

(2 marks)

(iii) Recurrent expenditure.

(2 marks)

- (b) The responsibilities of the National Treasury with respect to the budget process include preparing annual budget policy statement.
 - In light of the above statement, outline three aspects that should be included in the budget policy statement. (6 marks)
- (c) Summarise two similarities based on responsibilities of the following two tiers of government in relation to budget making process:
 - (i) The National Treasury and the County Treasury.

(4 marks)

(ii) The National Assembly and the County Assembly.

(4 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- (a) The internal audit function plays a vital role in public sector governance. In relation to public finance management, evaluate four roles of the internal audit department or such similar agency in your country. (4 marks)
- (b) Explain the following types of tax assessments:

(i) Self-assessment.

(2 marks)

(ii) Default assessment.

(2 marks)

(iii) Advance assessment.

(2 marks)

(c) The following transactions took place during the month of December 2018 in respect to the operations of Blue Ltd., a company registered for value added tax (VAT) purposes:

	Sh. 💥
Sales at standard rate	12,000,000
Sales at zero rate	2,400,000
Exempt sales	,700,000
Purchases at zero rate	1,200,000
Purchases at standard rate	9,600,00
Audit fees	128,000
Legal fees	94,000
Electricity	36,000
Export sales to Zambias	560,000

Additional information:

- 1. The company received credit notes for Sh.40,000 in respect to goods returned to suppliers and debit notes for Sh.28,000 from suppliers.
- 2. Purchases at standard rate included:
 - Catering services for Sh.140,000.
 - Spare parts for director's official car for Sh.160,000.
 - Hire of motor vehicles for Sh.60,000.
- 3. The company issued credit notes to customers worth Sh.140,000 in respect to goods sold at standard rate.
- 4. A debtor of goods valued at Sh.80,000 was declared bankrupt and the commissioner granted bad debt relief in the same month of December 2018.
- 5. Exempt supplies are not identifiable from taxable supplies.

All transactions are exclusive of VAT. The VAT is at the rate of 16% where applicable.

Required:

For the month of December 2018, compute for Blue Ltd:

(i) Input tax. (5 marks)

(ii) Output tax. (3 marks)

(iii) VAT payable or refundable. (2 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION THREE

(a) Discuss four reasons that could cause the differences between "accounting profit" and "taxable profit". (8 marks)

- (b) Kevin Rono works as a production manager of a leading biscuit manufacturing company. He has provided the following information relating to his income for the year ended 31 December 2018:
 - 1. Basic salary of Sh.160,000 per month (PAYE Sh.44,000 per month).
 - 2. He is living in a rented house where he pays a monthly rent of Sh.40,000. The company pays him Sh.50,000 per month as house allowance.
 - During the year, his son was admitted in a private university and the company paid school fees amounting to Sh.240,000. This amount was disallowed for tax purposes in the company's books of accounts.
 - 4. He is a member of a registered pension scheme where he contributes Sh.25,000 per month with the employer contributing an equal amount for him.
 - 5. He was provided with a saloon car of 2,500cc on 1 July 2018 which had cost the company Sh.2,950,000.
 - 6. The company catered for his telephone bills and he was reimbursed Sh.48,500 during the year for the bills.
 - 7. The company has a medical scheme that covers all the senior managers. During the year, the company paid Sh.380,000 as medical bills in respect of his wife's illness.
 - 8. Kevin Rono is a member of a Home ownership saving plan and he contributes Sh.25,000 per month.
 - 9. During the year he was declared the best employee and the company rewarded him with Sh.90,000. He was also entitled to a monthly entertainment allowance of Sh.18,000 with effect from 1 October 2018.
 - 10. Interest on infrastructure bonds that he received during the year was Sh.108,000. In addition to that, he earned an interest of Sh.76,000 (net withholding tax) on fixed deposit from the Bank of Ceylon.
 - 11. He received the following dividend income during the year:

Uwezo Ltd. 75,000 (net)
Zawadi Co-operative Society 750,000 (gross)

12. The employer contributed for him Sh.9,000 per month towards his children's education insurance policy.

Required:

(i) Taxable income of Kevin Rono for the year of income 2018.

(10 marks)

(ii) Tax payable on the computed in (b) (i) above if any.

(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

(a) Kalashaka Ltd., commence manufacturing business on 2 January 2018 after incurring the following expenditure:

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Assets Factory building	Cost (Sh)
Factory building	4,800,000
Processing machinery	3,900,000
Tractors	2,000,000
Computers	800,000
Partitions	400,000
Scanners	300,000
Staff quarters	525,000
Saloon car	1,800,000
Sports pavillion	612,000
Photocopiers	250,000

Additional information:

1. The following assets were acquired during the year:

Date	Asset	Cost (Sh.)
1 March	Computers	400,000
4 May	Saloon cars (two)	2,200,000 (each)
24 July	Trailer	400,000
13 October	Lorry (4 tonnes)	1,200,000
19 November	Curtains and carpets	100,000

2. The following assets were disposed of during the year:

Date	Asset	Original cost (Sh.)	Sales proceeds (Sh.)
2 June	Computer	120,000	80,000
5 August	Saloon car	1,800,000	735,000
9 September	Tractor	700,000	450,000

- 3. Not included in the cost of assets at commencement is import duty on processing machinery and computers amounting to Sh.360,000 and Sh.186,000 respectively.
- 4. A flat-screen colour television was acquired for Sh.195,000 and affixed in the company's waiting lounge.

Required:

Capital allowance due to Kalashaka Ltd. for the year ended 31 December 2018.

(10 marks)

(b) The management of Angaza Ltd. Has presented the following income statement for the year ended 31 December 2018:

•	Sh.	Sh.	
Gross profit		12,800,000	
Import duty refund		4,500,000	
Discount received		200,000	
Foreign exchange gain		342,000	
Insurance compensation		2,500,000	
Gain on sale of motor vehicles		180,000	
		20,522,000	corr
Expenditure		180,000 20,522,000	35.
Stationery and postage	920,000		-200
Amortisation of goodwill	360,000		estipe
Interest on bank overdrafts	130,000		60°
Legal fees	1,580,000	VC.	,
Depreciation	240,000		
Licenses and permits	284,000	il, h	
Loss on sale of financial assets	168,000	nn	
Conveyance fees	348,000	ite	
General expenses	1,980,000	902	
Stamp duty	150,2000		
Rent and rates	280,000	(6,440,200)	
Net profit	Onix:	<u>14,081,800</u>	
·	isla		

Additional information:

1. The insurance compensation relates to the amount received from Haki Insurance Company Ltd. as compensation for the company's stolen motor vehicle.

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2. Rent and rates includes Sh.120,000 for the month of January and February 2019.

3. Legal fees comprised the following:

		SII.
	Drafting a 100 year's lease agreement	420,000
	Facilitating collection of debts from customers	140,000
	Compensation for breach of a contract	280,000
	City County parking fees for the company	82,000
	Preparation of tender documents	550,000
	Drafting of loan agreements with banks	108,000
		<u>1,580,000</u>
4.	General expenses comprised the following:	Sh.
	Office partitions	360,000
	Cost of relocating to the new offices	170,000
	Director's christmas party	480,000
	Repairs on machinery	250,000
	Redundancy payments to employees	300,000
	Compensation to insured employee while on duty	420,000
		<u>1,980,000</u>

Required:

Adjusted taxable profit or loss for Angaza Ltd. for the year ended 31 December 2018.

(10 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

OUESTION FIVE

(a) Summarise four advantages of multiple tax systems over a single tax system.

- (4 marks)
- (b) Explain four circumstances under which duty paid on imports is refundable to an importer.

(4 marks)

(c) Unity Traders is a multi-business partnership of three brothers Abel, Ben and Charles. The partners share the profits and losses equally.

The following is the income statement for the partnership business for the year ended 31 December 2018:

	Sh.	Sh.
Gross profit		14,000,000
Other income:		
Profit on sale of machinery		1,780,000
Discount received		960,000
Interest from Abel on overdue account		620,000
VAT refund		82,000
Interest from bank savings		<u>240,600</u>
· ·		17,682,600
Less expenses:		art
Salaries and wages	2,300,000	ج ب
Sundry expenses	4,200,000	Seles .
Office rent	320,000	**************************************
Medical expenses	1,250,000	nast.
Depreciation	480,000	Leg [®] Y
Donations to a charity walk	620,000	ex Comment
Income tax	96,000	1410
Drawings by Ben	140,600	an
Specific provision for bad debts	280,000	
Interest on capital:	•	Maile
Abel	100,000	Not
Ben	175,000	
Charles	140,000	
Repairs and maintenance	529,000	
Loan repayment	1,200,000	(11,821,600)
Net profit	ilalo,	5,861,000

Additional information:

- 1. The office rent was paid to the partners who owned the building.
- 2. Salaries and wages include salaries paid to partners as follows:

	Sh.
Abel 🞺	650,000
Charles	520,000
Ben	480,000

- 3. Half of medical expenses were incurred for the treatment of the partners and their families.
- 4. Sundry expenses comprised of the following:

	Sh.
Conveyance fee for purchase of land	800,000
Settling customer disputes	720,000
General provision for bad debts	880,000
Drafting tender documents	440,000
Parking fines paid to county authority	220,000
Drafting lease documents (90 years lease)	140,000

5. Capital allowances were agreed with the commissioner of tax at Sh.284,000.

Required;

(i) Adjusted taxable profit or loss for the partnership for the year ended 31 December 2018. (8 marks)

(ii) A schedule showing the allocation of the adjusted profit or loss in (c) (i) above. (4 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

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