# **KASNEB**

### **CICT PART II SECTION 3**

#### STRUCTURED PROGRAMMING

THURSDAY: 26 November 2015. Time Allowed: 3 hours. Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question. ALL programs written should be in C programming language. **QUESTION ONE** Highlight two advantages of high level languages. (2 marks) (b) Giving an example in each case, differentiate between a "syntax error" and a "logical error" as used in structured programming. (4 marks) Write a C language program that prompts a user to input two numbers, divide their product by 2 and then display the . ():

. ed:

"mine:

The function of the keyword "break" that appears within the for.....loop.

The output of the program segment.

VO

ree types of operators used in C programming langur

following functions as used in C programming langur

().

(). (c) (6 marks) (d) Identify three places where variables could be declared in C programming language. (3 marks) (e) Study the program segment given below: for  $(i = 1; i \le 10; i + +)$ if(i = 6)} Required: Determine: (i) (2 marks) (ii) (3 marks) (Total: 20 marks) **OUESTION TWO** Outline three types of operators used in C programming language. (3 marks) (b) Explain the following functions as used in C programming language: (i) (2 marks) (ii) (2 marks) (iii) Rand (). (2 marks) (c) Differentiate between the following terms in relation to structured programming: (i) "Source code" and "object code". (4 marks) (ii) "Testing" and "debugging". (4 marks) (d) Using a suitable declaration, describe the use of linked lists in C programming. (3 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

> CT33 Page 1 Out of 3

#### **QUESTION THREE**

- (a) Citing an example in each case, explain the purpose of the following directives as used in C programming:
  - (i) #include.

(3 marks)

(ii) #define.

(3 marks)

(b) Distinguish between "homogenous" and "heterogenous" arrays.

(4 marks)

(c) Study the C program extract given below:

/\*program in C language \*/

#include<stdio.h>

```
Main ( ) {
    int i = 0, x = 0;
    while (i < 20) {
        if (i % 5 = 0) {
            x + = i;
        printf("%d", x);
      }
      ++i;
    }
    Printf("\nx = %d", x);
}
```

## Required:

(i) Identify unexecutable code in the above extract.

(2 marks)

(ii) Explain why ++i executes faster than i+1 in the above program.

(2 marks)

(iii) Write the output of the program.

(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

# **QUESTION FOUR**

(a) Using an example, describe a user defined type declaration.

(4 marks)

- (b) Using program statements distinguish between "symbolic" and "literal" constants as used in structured programming.

  (4 marks)
- (c) ABC Academy wishes to keep 100 records of its students. Construct a typical structure declaration called studentDetails that would be used to capture the records. The structure should have members' fname; idno and feePaid. (4 marks)
- (d) A computer lecturer created a file named "C:/marks.txt" for storing a student's number (integer), student's name (a string) and the mark obtained by the student in an examination (float).

## Required:

Write a C program to perform the following tasks:

(i) Open the file for writing into.

(1 mark)

(ii) Write the following record: 1, "Peterson", 65.0

(1 mark)

(iii) Open the file, read and display all records from the file.

(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

CT33 Page 2 Out of 3

QUI (a)	ESTION FIVE  Highlight four qualities of a good technical manual.	(4 marks)
(b)	Outline four challenges facing mobile application development.	(4 marks)
(c)	Write a C language program to display the following output:	
	1 2	
	1 2 3	
	1 2 3 4	
	1 2 3 4 5	(6 marks)
(d)	The C program below checks whether a number is negative, positive or zero using nested ifelse statement:	
	#include <stdio.h> int main (); {     float num; printf("Enter a number:"); scanf("%f',#); if (num&lt;0) /*check whether num is less than 0     printf("%.2f is negative.", num); else if (num&gt;0)     printf("%.2f is positive.", num); else     printf("you entered zero."); return 0; }  Required: (i) Explain the function of %.2f as used in the program.</stdio.h>	
	Required:  i) Explain the function of %.2f as used in the program.	(2 marks)
(		(4 marks) <b>20 marks)</b>
	(Total:	