

4.0 THE YEAR 2022 KCSE EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPERS

4.1 HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT (311)

4.1.1 History and Government Paper 1 (311/1)

SECTION A (25 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Identify **two** groups which belong to Highland Bantus in Kenya. (2 marks)
2. Give the origin of the Southern Cushites who settled in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. (1 mark)
3. State **two** functions of the Oloibon among the Maasai in the 19th Century. (2 marks)
4. State the **main** purpose of the Bill of Rights in Kenya. (1 mark)
5. State **two** ways in which the use of Kiswahili promotes unity in Kenya. (2 marks)
6. Name the **first** African to be appointed a Government Minister in Kenya during the colonial period. (1 mark)
7. Identify **one** House of Parliament created by the Independence Constitution of Kenya. (1 mark)
8. State **two** rights of a child contained in the Constitution of Kenya. (2 marks)
9. Highlight **two** methods which were used by the British to establish colonial rule in Kenya. (2 marks)
10. Identify **two** roles played by medicine men among the Kenyan communities during the pre-colonial period. (2 marks)
11. Identify **one** feature of the education provided by the missionaries in Kenya during the colonial period. (1 mark)
12. Highlight **two** similar demands of the Ukamba Members Association and the Taita Hills Association to the colonial government. (2 marks)
13. Give **one** reason why African trade unions were not in existence in Kenya before 1914. (1 mark)
14. Highlight the **main** contribution of Wangari Maathai to the development of Kenya. (1 mark)
15. Identify the political party that was formed by Oginga Odinga in 1966. (1 mark)

16. Give **two** categories of members of the National Assembly in Kenya. (2 marks)
17. Name the institution that makes laws at the county level in Kenya. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 marks)

*Answer any **three** questions from this section in the space provided after question 24.*

18. (a) Identify **five** sub-groups of the Mijikenda in Kenya. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** economic activities of the Mijikenda during the 19th century. (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **five** levels of colonial administration in Kenya. (5 marks)
- (b) Discuss **five** problems faced by workers during the construction of the Uganda Railway. (10 marks)
20. (a) Give **five** achievements of the early political associations in Kenya up to 1939. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe **five** factors responsible for the Mau Mau uprising in Kenya. (10 marks)
21. (a) Outline **five** factors which enabled the Nandi to resist the British invasion for a long period. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** results of the collaboration between the British and the Wanga during the colonial period. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 marks)

*Answer any **two** questions from this section in the space provided after question 24.*

22. (a) Identify **five** elective positions in a general election in Kenya. (5 marks)
- (b) Discuss **five** limitations of parliamentary supremacy in Kenya. (10 marks)
23. (a) State **three** circumstances which may cause the office of the County Governor to become vacant in Kenya. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** functions of the President of the Republic of Kenya. (12 marks)
24. (a) Identify **three** funds into which the Government of Kenya deposits its revenue. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **six** indirect taxes levied by the National Government of Kenya. (12 marks)

4.1.2 History and Government Paper 2 (311/2)**SECTION A (25 marks)**

Answer all questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Give the meaning of 'economic history'. (1 mark)
2. State **two** theories on the origin of the early humans. (2 marks)
3. Identify **two** inventions that promoted Agrarian Revolution in Britain. (2 marks)
4. Give the **main** reason for the coming of the early visitors to the East African Coast up to 1500 AD. (1 mark)
5. Identify **two** types of trade. (2 marks)
6. Name the invention that was made by the Wright brothers. (1 mark)
7. Highlight **one** early form of communication. (1 mark)
8. State **two** uses of electricity during the Industrial Revolution in Europe. (2 marks)
9. Name the people who founded the ancient city of Meroe. (1 mark)
10. Give **two** economic activities of the early humans during the Middle Stone Age. (2 marks)
11. Name **one** type of constitution. (1 mark)
12. State **two** ways through which direct democracy is exercised in society. (2 marks)
13. Give **two** countries in West Africa which were colonised by the French. (2 marks)
14. Name **one** type of spirit among the Shona (1 mark)
15. Identify the political party which led Ghana to independence from Britain. (1 mark)
16. State **two** roles which were played by the Council of Ministers in the Organisation of African Unity (O.A.U). (2 marks)
17. Name the headquarters of the United Nations. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any **three** questions from this section in the space provided after question 24.

18. (a) Identify **five** forms of written sources of information on History and Government. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** disadvantages of electronic sources of information on History and Government. (10 marks)
19. (a) State **five** uses of domestic animals during the ancient period. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe **five** effects of the early agriculture on people's way of life. (10 marks)
20. (a) Highlight **five** factors which promoted the growth of nationalism in Ghana. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** methods which were used by African nationalists in the struggle for independence. (10 marks)
21. (a) Give **five** disadvantages of using animal transport. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** ways in which television is important as a means of communication. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer **two** questions from this section in the space provided after question 24.

22. (a) Identify **three** political parties in India. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **six** functions of the President of India. (12 marks)
23. (a) Identify **three** categories of persons who are not allowed to contest for a parliamentary seat in Britain. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** functions of the Congress in the United States of America (USA). (12 marks)
24. (a) Give **three** characteristics of human rights. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **six** reasons why the United Nations Charter on Human Rights is important. (12 marks)